THIRD GENERAL REPORT

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

OF THE

OF THE

Department of Public Parks

FOR THE

PERIOD OF TWENTY MONTHS,

From May 1st, 1872, to December 3/st, 1873.

NEW YORK: WILLIAM C. BRYANT & CO. 1875.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS.

1872.

FREDERICK E. CHURCH, ANDREW H. GREEN, THOMAS C. FIELDS. Resigned 28th May. HENRY G. STEBBINS, Re-appointed 23d October.

Resigned 23d October. Appointed 28th May. FREDK. LAW OLMSTED,

ROBERT J. DILLON, . . Died 26th November. RICHARD M. BLATCHFORD, Appointed 3d December.

1873.

FREDK. E. CHURCH, ANDREW H. GREEN, HENRY G. STEBBINS. RICHD. M. BLATCHFORD, THOMAS C. FIELDS, . Removed from the State. SALEM H. WALES, . Appointed 13th January.

The terms of office of the above named Commissioners expired on 1st May, under the provisions of Chapter 335, Laws of 1873.

Continued in office by Chap. 335. HENRY G. STEBBINS, .

Re-appointed 22d May, for 2 years, SALEM H. WALES,

ending May 1st, 1875.

Appointed 22d May, for 4 years, ending May 1st, 1877. PHILIP BISSINGER,

Appointed 12th June, for 3 years, DAVID B. WILLIAMSON, ending May 1st, 1876.

Appointed 19th June, for 1 year, SAMUEL HALL, M.D., ending May 1st, 1874.

PRGANIZATION.

1872.

President.

HENRY G. STEBBINS, . To 28th May. FREDK. LAW OLMSTED, From 29th May to 23d October. HENRY G. STEBBINS, . From 24th October.

Vice-President.

ANDREW H. GREEN, . . From 15th May.

Treasurer.

HENRY G. STEBBINS, . To 28th May. FREDK. LAW OLMSTED, From 29th May to 24th October. FREDK. W. WHITTEMORE, From 24th October.

Clerk to the Board.

E. P. BARKER, To 26th June. FREDK. W. WHITTEMORE, From 26th June to 10th July.

Secretary.

FREDK. W. WHITTEMORE, From 10th July.

1873.

President.

HENRY G. STEBBINS, . . To 31st July. SALEM H. WALES, . . . From 29th August.

Vice-President.

ANDREW H. GREEN, . . To 1st May. HENRY G. STEBBINS, . From 29th August.

Treasurer.

FREDK. W. WHITTEMORE, To 4th June. DAVID B. WILLIAMSON, From 29th August.

Secretary.

FREDK. W. WHITTEMORE, To 4th June. WILLIAM IRWIN, . . . From 16th July.

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Steph Fathings

REPORT.

CITY OF NEW YORK,

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS,

36 Union Square.

To the Honorable Wm. F. Havemeyer,

Mayor of the City of New York:

A history of the affairs of the Board of Commissioners of the Central Park from the date of its organization, April 20th, 1857, is given in its thirteen annual reports, by successive periods, each ending with the year. The period from January 1st to April 20th, 1870, is covered by their fourteenth report. The first annual report of the Department of Public Parks brings the history of some divisions of its affairs down to January 1st; of others, and most, to April 20th, 1871. Its second annual report extends the history of its business, in some parts, one year from the above dates; of others, to June 15th, 1872, when they were transferred to the Department of Public Works.

The present report is designed to make its record complete in all parts to the end of the year 1873.

ORGANIZATION.

On the 28th May, 1872, the President of the Board, Mr. Henry G. Stebbins, having occasion to temporarily leave the country, resigned from the Commission. His place was filled by Mr. Frederick Law Olmsted, who was elected President of the Board. On the 23d October, 1872, Mr. Olmsted resigned, and Mr. Stebbins was reappointed as Commissioner and re-elected as President of the Board. On the 26th of November, 1872, occurred the death of Commissioner Robert J. Dillon. Mr. Richard M. Blatchford was afterwards appointed to fill the vacancy. On the 13th January, 1873, the seat of Commissioner Thomas C. Fields was declared vacant by the Mayor, and filled by the appointment of Mr. Salem H. Wales. On the 30th April following the law known as the Charter of 1873 came into effect, under which the Commission was to be reconstituted by nomination of the Mayor and confirmation by the Board of Aldermen. The new Board was not, however, made complete until the 19th June. It was composed as follows:

HENRY G. STEBBINS, continued in office by Charter.

SALEM H. WALES, reappointed 22d May, 1873—2 years.

PHILIP BISSINGER, appointed 22d May, 1873—4 years.

DAVID B. WILLIAMSON, appointed 12th June, 1873—3 years.

SAMUEL HALL, M.D., appointed 19th June, 1873—1 year.

On the 27th June, 1873, Mr. Henry G. Stebbins was elected President. On the 31st July Mr. Stebbins resigned,

and Mr. Salem H. Wales was elected President on the 29th August. On the same day Mr. David B. Williamson was elected Treasurer, and Mr. Henry G. Stebbins Vice-President.

FINANCES.

The financial statement of the Second Annual Report of the Department extended to May, 1872, but did not give the full detail of the expenditures of the last four months. The statement hereto appended applies, therefore, to the period from 1st January, 1872, to 1st January, 1874.

The amount received by the Department, together with the amount of bills, pay-rolls, &c., transmitted to the Comptroller of the City for payment, during the two years, has been \$3,967,681.33. Of this sum \$19,559.58, received since 1st May, 1873, for licenses, sales, &c., has been deposited with the Chamberlain of the City, and \$2,418.38 is still unexpended.

The remainder has been disbursed as follows:

	1872.	1873.
For overdraft at Bank, 31st December, 1871	\$71,717 44	
For Construction, Central Park	828,519 43	\$625,653 67
For other Construction purposes	1,205,667 99	255,399 05
For Maintenance, Central Park	319,532 69	329,796 36
For other Maintenance purposes	156,003 97	153,412 77

The distribution of these sums among the various undertakings of the Department is shown in Appendix A.

THE RIVERSIDE AND MORNINGSIDE PARKS.

The most important action of the Department to be recorded is that with reference to the new Riverside and Morningside Parks.

Upon the first no work has been done, but the Department has adopted the conclusion that Riverside Avenue and Riverside Park should be laid out as one undertaking, and that the plans for both should, if possible, be prepared without regard to the present line of division between them. An Act of the Legislature, designed to facilitate this purpose, has been obtained, but further amendment of the existing laws is thought to be expedient before the proposed arrangement can be definitely adopted.

A plan for Morningside Park, of which an engraving and description is appended, has been adopted, and its construction is now in progress, having begun in October, 1873.

THE CENTRAL PARK.

The principal part of the expenditure on the Central Park during the period covered by this report has been in completing, or advancing toward completion, a variety of undertakings previously begun and heretofore described. A general account of all will be found in the subjoined report of the Superintendent, and a more exact account of the work of various kinds done on each in the tabular statement hereto appended.

With the exception of the fountain presently to be de-

scribed, the most notable of these works which have been in progress is that of the enclosing wall on Eighth avenue, of which 7,700 lineal feet of retaining wall has been built, and 2,800 feet of the parapet wall.

No work of note has been begun which was not previously contemplated, planned and prepared for. The following undertakings have, however, been put under construction on plans previously adopted:

- (1.) A system of walks and archways in the southeast part of the Park, a general description of which, and of the grounds on which it was ordered, is given in Appendix J.
- (2.) An enlargement of the accommodations near the music-stand of the Mall, made necessary by the increasing numbers of visitors at concerts and the destruction of turf caused by the crowd.
- (3.) The construction of a boat-house at the east end of the lake, made necessary by the enlargement of the boating business and the insufficiency of the existing arrangements at the esplanade of the Terrace. The outlay thus far on these works has been:

On	the	system of wal	lks.		•••••	\$27,852	65
On	the	enlargement	of	concert	accommodations	7,144	99
On	the	boat-house				2,360	02

THE BETHESDA FOUNTAIN.

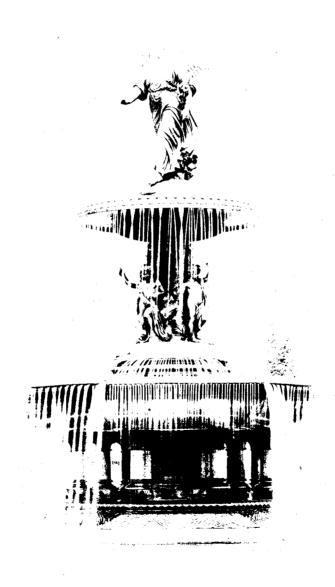
This important work—originally ordered by the Commissioners of the Park in 1863, as the central ornament of its central feature, the esplanade of the Terrace—was finally

set in its place in the Spring of 1873, being first publicly displayed on the 31st May. No ceremony was used on the occasion, but a large band gave appropriate music, and a great multitude of people manifested cordial enjoyment and warm appreciation of the work.

The idea of the fountain was suggested by the well-known passage from the Gospel according to St. John, chap. v, vers. 2, 3 and 4.

- "Now there is at Jerusalem by the sheep market a pool, which is called in the Hebrew tongue Bethesda, having five porches."
- "In these lay a great multitude of impotent folk, of blind, halt, withered, waiting for the moving of the water."
- "For an angel went down at a certain season into the pool and troubled the water; whosoever then first after the troubling of the water stepped in, was made whole of whatever disease he had."
- "An angel descending to bless the water for healing," says the designer, "seems not inappropriate in connection with a fountain; for, although we have not the sad groups of blind, halt and withered waiting to be healed by the miraculous advent of the angel, we have no less healing, comfort and purification, freely sent to us through the blessed gift of pure, wholesome water, which to all the countless homes of this great city, comes like an angel visitant, not at stated seasons only, but day by day."
- "Every day an angel descends for us, and to remind us of this, the golden bronze angel of the fountain stands for ever blessing the waters, which rise and move at her presence. She bears in her left hand a bunch of lilies, emblems of purity, and wears across her breast the crossed bands of the messenger-angel. She seems to hover over, as if just alighting on a mass of rock, from which the water gushes in a natural manner, falling over the edge of the upper basin, slightly veiling, but not concealing, four smaller figures, emblematic of the blessings of Temperance, Purity, Health and Peace."

The model for the figure of the angel, 8 feet in height, the upper bronze basin 10 feet in diameter, and the group of four figures below, 4 feet in height, were designed



and executed in Rome by Miss Emma Stebbins, of New York, during the winter of 1864–66 and 67. The models were then sent to Munich and cast in bronze, under the direction of Ferdinand Von Muller, director of the Royal Bronze Foundry in that city. The substructure of granite and bronze was designed and erected by the Architects of the Department.

THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATORY.

Mr. Draper has been able to still further enlarge and improve the admirable self-registering apparatus of the Observatory, and the results of the constant reports which have been secured will be found appended in the usual tabular form. A highly interesting report of original investigation by Mr. Draper, in regard to the progress of storms between the American and European coasts, is also presented herewith, the conclusions of which promise an addition to our knowledge of great practical value.

THE ZOOLOGICAL COLLECTION.

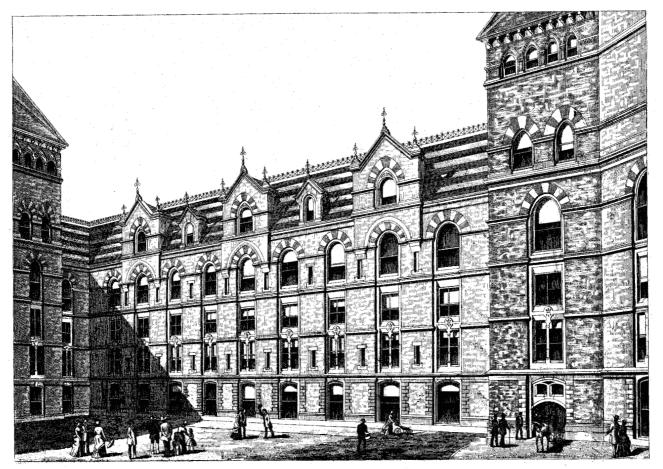
The collection of living animals under the care of the Department has increased in number and interest, as will be seen by the report of the Director, which is hereto appended. The number of visitors is estimated to be not less than seven thousand daily on an average.

It is a question of much concern what shall be done with this collection. It is at present housed in temporary structures, inadequate to its proper accommodation, and

occupying a situation in which it would be much better no buildings should stand. The Department is reluctant to adopt the plan recommended by its Landscape Architect, in a report appended, of dividing the collection between several localities. There are two alternatives: one is to appropriate to it one of the two meadow grounds of the Central Park, which was the plan adopted in 1871. This involves the sacrifice of the most beautiful, characteristic and useful feature of the Park, and is to be condemned, as it has been, by the enlightened public opinion of the City, on the strongest grounds of taste and true economy. It has, consequently, been rejected, and the construction which had been commenced under the plan of 1871 has been demolished and the ground restored, at considerable expense, to its original condition. The other is to select and acquire a piece of ground especially for and well adapted to the purpose. This could now only be found in the western district of the City, and besides involving a large expenditure for land, would place the collection at an undesirable distance from the centre of population.

THE AMERICAN MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY.

A building is now under construction for this institution, on the south side of Manhattan square. The plans for it have been prepared by Mr. Calvert Vaux, Architect, approved by the Trustees of the Museum, and adopted by the Board. It will be a fire-proof structure, two hundred feet long and sixty-four feet wide, three stories in height, besides attic, basement and cellar.



AMERICAN MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY

CENTRAL PARK 8th Ave. and 77th Street.

The walls, of blue stone laid in cement, are now complete to the basement floor. The upper walls are to be of brick and granite, the floors of iron and brick arches, and the roof of iron and slate.

The mason work is under contract at \$127,894; the granite work at \$123,305; the iron work at \$168,134. The total cost of the building is to be \$500,000.

The Society is in a highly flourishing and satisfactory condition, its resources increasing, its collections enlarging, and their great value, as a means of public education, constantly growing more apparent. It has, since our last report, obtained nearly five hundred new subscribers; voluntary contributions of money have been received, to the amount of \$26,000, besides gifts to the collections, altogether of great value, from two hundred persons.

THE METROPOLITAN MUSEUM OF ART.

Plans of a building for the Museum of Art, to be situated east of the old reservoir, on territory originally appropriated to the Park, have been prepared by Mr. Vaux, approved by the Trustees of the Museum, and adopted by the Board. A large sewer has been laid with reference to it, and the excavation for the cellar is about one-third made. The foundations will rest on a ledge of rock. Work upon the walls will be begun in the spring. The cost is to be \$500,000.

The collections of the Museum have, since the last report of the Department, been removed from the building in Fifth avenue to that known as the Douglass Mansion, in Fourteenth street, which affords four times as much space available for their exhibition, and is in all respects more convenient and serviceable. The large, clear space about it lessens the danger of loss by fire, and safety is still further assured by a constant patrol, day and night, and by abundant extinguishing apparatus and other well-considered precautions.

The works of art which are the property of the Museum are increasing in number, and are now of the value of about two hundred thousand dollars. Besides these, an exhibition is made of works which are private property, but loaned for the purpose, of nearly equal value. Many precious works of art are thus made available for the instruction of the community. One of the most interesting features of the exhibition is the wonderful collection of archaic art made by General di Cesnola in the island of Cyprus, and which is the property of the President of the Museum, John Taylor Johnston, Esq.

Changes constantly occur through the addition and withdrawal of particular contributions, but the exhibition on the whole remains of undiminished interest, and it is probable that the resources to be drawn upon are so large, constantly increasing as they are, that a loan collection as rich, varied and instructive, may be supported for an indefinite period.

A small admission fee is ordinarily collected from all who are not subscribers, to aid in defraying the large ex-

pense of the Museum, but on one day of each week the doors are open without charge. The average number of visitors on free days has been a little short of one thousand, on other days about seventy.

The affairs of the Museum are managed with much enterprise, care and economy; the Trustees personally performing much arduous labor and well earning the hearty gratitude of the community.

PROPOSED APPROPRIATIONS OF GROUND FOR BUILDINGS,
STATUES AND OTHER OBJECTS.

The value of the Central Park lies chiefly in the opportunity which it is expected to afford of a quiet rural retreat from the city, which shall still be near at hand to most of its inhabitants when their number shall be much larger than at present. Its important elements in this respect are the spaces of open turf ground, the trees bordering them, and the subordination of artificial objects to general rural effects in its landscapes.

There is a constant demand from persons who do not appreciate the value of the Park in this respect, or who do not realize the conditions on which it is dependent, for the introduction of objects upon it or the appropriation of small portions of its territory for what are deemed to be, and in most cases justly, desirable public purposes, but of which the effect would be an injury in greater or less degree with reference to its paramount purpose. Objects have already been admitted which, in the judgment of the

present Board, would have better been excluded, and it has invariably declined, and is disposed to persistently decline, to appropriate any part of the ground to purposes not already provided for. A limited number of really choice works of art may be introduced, if caution and good judgment is used in placing them, but should they be generally scattered through the Park, or occupy prominent positions in its general landscapes, there can be no doubt that they would greatly detract from its value as a place of rural recreation.

In view of the increasingly numerous propositions place sculptural works on the Park, and of applications in advance for an assignment of special sites for them, the Board, early in the spring of 1873, gave full consideration to the subject, the result of which was the adoption of a series of rules governing the question of the acceptance and disposition of statues which may hereafter be offered These rules were established with the purpose of guarding against the acceptance of works of inferior quality and also to secure the subordination of such as should be accepted to the motives of the general design. The rules adopted provide, accordingly, that every statue shall have the judgment, as to its merit as a work of art, of the respective Presidents of the National Academy of Design, the Metropolitan Museum of Art and the New York Chapof the American Institute of Architects; that the site of a statue shall not be determined before its acceptthat portrait or commemorative statues shall be

placed only along the Mall and near the entrances, sculptured works of art of dramatic or poetic interest being allowed at other points where they will not interfere with the views on the Park, and that no statue commemorative of any person shall be accepted until after a period of five years from the death of such person.

THE COST OF THE CENTRAL PARK.

At the close of the year 1873 the Central Park had cost the City \$13,902,515.60, of which \$5,028,844.10 was for the land and \$8,873,671.50 for its improvement. The expenditures for construction since the date of the financial statement of the last report (May 1, 1872), a period of twenty months, having been \$1,453,892.10.

The successive annual valuations, since 1856, of the real estate in the three wards adjoining the Park, made by the Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments, are shown in the following table:

The growth of the city would occasion a natural increase of valuation in these three wards, equal perhaps to the average increase in the other wards of the City, which may be roundly stated as 100 per cent. in the period (1856 to 1873). At this rate these three wards would now have a valuation of about \$53,000,000; but their valuation for 1873, as appears from the table, is \$236,000,000. The great increase thus shown (\$183,000,000) is the immediate result of the expenditures which have been made upon the Central Park, some proportion, since

the year 1868, however, being due to the construction of the Boulevards and other improvements in the upper wards of the city.

1856.	1857.	1858.	1859.	1860.	1861.
\$8,149,360	\$8,134,013	\$8,476,890	\$10,062,725	\$11,857,114	\$12,454,375
8,041,183	8,558,624	10,971,775	12,621,894	16,830,472	16,986,152
10,239,022	10,489,454	11,563,506	13,261,025	14,775,440	17,666,866
\$26,429,565	\$27,182,091	\$31,012,171	\$35,945,644	\$43,463,026	\$47,107,393
1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
\$13,100,385	\$14,134,825	\$15,493,575	\$18,134,805	\$18,381,650	\$24,940,737
17,903,137	19,003,452	20,462,607	23,070,890	37,636,050	46 249,340
18,041,857	18,281,222	18,756,276	19,824,265	24,052,715	30,915,240
\$49,045,379	\$51,419,499	\$54,712,458	\$61,029,960	\$80,070,415	\$102,105,317
1868,	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872	1873.
\$28,143,005	\$42,648,865	\$48,869,700	\$50,362,925	\$54,368,885	\$62,457,680
	1		77,771,930	91,283,545	110,519,305
53,608,040	59,912,633	71,319,420	1/1//2,930	92,203,343	,
53,608,040 36,175,185	59,912,633	71,319,420 53,146,920	57,666,340	60,185,820	63,104,530
	\$8,149,360 8,041,183 10,239,022 \$26,429,565 1862. \$13,100,385 17,903,137 18,041,857 \$49,045,379	\$8,149,360 \$8,134,013 8,041,183 8,558,624 10,239,022 10,489,454 \$26,429,565 \$27,182,091 1862. 1863. \$13,100,385 \$14,134,825 17,903,137 19,003,452 18,041,857 18,281,222 \$49,045,379 \$31,419,499 1868. 1869.	\$8,149,360 \$8,134,013 \$8,476,890 8,041,183 8,558,624 10,971,775 10,239,022 10,489,454 11,563,506 \$26,429,565 \$27,182,091 \$31,012,171 1862. 1863. 1864. \$13,100,385 \$14,134,825 \$15,493,575 17,903,137 19,003,452 20,462,607 18,041,857 18,281,222 18,736,276 \$49,045,379 \$51,419,499 \$54,712,458 1868. 1869. 1870.	\$8,149,360 \$8,134,013 \$8,476,890 \$10,062,725 8,041,183 8,558,624 10,971,775 12,621,894 10,239,022 10,489,454 11,563,506 13,261,025 \$26,429,565 \$27,182,091 \$31,012,171 \$35,945,644 1862. 1863. 1864. 1865. \$13,100,385 \$14,134,825 \$15,493,575 \$18,134,805 17,903,137 19,003,452 20,462,607 23,070,890 18,041,857 18,281,222 18,756,276 19,824,265 \$49,045,379 \$51,419,499 \$54,712,458 \$61,029,960	\$8,149,360 \$8,134,013 \$8,476,890 \$10,062,725 \$11,857,114 8,041,183 8,558,624 10,971,775 12,621,894 16,830,472 10,239,022 10,489,454 11,563,506 13,261,025 14,775,440 \$26,429,565 \$27,182,091 \$31,012,171 \$35,945,644 \$43,463,026 \$13,100,385 \$14,134,825 \$15,493,575 \$18,134,805 \$18,381,650 17,903,137 19,003,452 20,462,607 23,070,890 37,636,050 18,041,857 18,281,222 18,736,276 19,824,265 24,052,715 \$49,045,379 \$51,419,499 \$54,712,458 \$61,029,960 \$80,070,415

The rate of tax for the year 1873 is 2.50, yielding on the increase of valuation as above stated, an increase of tax amounting to \$5,241,298.75.

50
10
06
75
94 —
81
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THE SMALL PARKS.

Besides the Central, Riverside and Morningside Parks and the Parade-ground, there are on the island of New York, and under the charge of the Department, twenty-six smaller grounds, mostly designated parks; they are named, the location of each indicated, and its area stated in Appendix L.

Of the expenditure on the small parks, nearly all has been given to the carrying forward of work begun under the administration of 1871, except that for drinking-fountains and that applied to the improvement of Union square.

Drinking-fountains of an original design have been placed as follows: four on the City Hall park, one on Washington square, two on Union square, and two on Madison square.

A stone drinking-trough has also been set north of the Worth Monument, between Broadway and Fifth avenue.

Changes in the plan of Union square, which have since

been carried out, were described in the last report, except that which has resulted in the place called

THE MUSTER-GROUND.

The object of this ground is to meet the public requirement of mass-meetings, which had previously led to the frequent erection of temporary stagings, booths, tents, flags, staffs and lighting apparatus, of a character inconvenient, unseemly and dangerous, on the southeast part of the square. The crowds attending these meetings were liable to cause a complete interruption of the most important lines of public communication through the city, and when this was avoided, the movement of vehicles in the rear and in the flanks of the assemblage, was a source of much disturbance and turbulence.

Twenty thousand persons can stand in the new ground without interrupting or being incommoded by the street cars and omnibuses. Walls of solid stone support the platform, and guard the Park and adjoining wooden constructions from injury through any excited pressure of a crowd toward them. The whole space may be fully illuminated by substantial fixtures. The arrangements are adapted to allow a military column or other procession passing the platform to be reviewed from it by any guest of the city, or other personage to be honored. In such cases, as abundant opportunities will have been given the spectators to view the procession elsewhere on the line of march, it will be unnecessary that large special accommodations for them shall.

be provided on the square. The lack of space for the execution of manœuvres in the Muster-ground itself and for large bodies of spectators on its borders, renders it unfit to be used as a parade or military exercise ground, for which, consequently, the arrangements are not designed.

PARADE-GROUND.

Under the requirements of an Act of the Legislature of 1871, a plot of ground, 81 acres in extent, has been selected for a Parade-ground by the Commissioners of the Department, acting in connection with the Major-General commanding the First Division, National Guard.

The need of an open space of ground for the exercise of the Militia and the massing of troops at the City of New York, or for other purposes requiring the assembling of great numbers of people and for which the streets are not suitable, has been long recognized.

As early as 1807, a field of 250 acres was selected for the purpose, and legislation was had with a view to its purchase. Since then, few years have passed without some act of the Common Council or the Legislature looking to the same end, and six several pieces of ground have been actually designated as the parade-ground of the City. Strong and effective opposition has been developed, however, to each project, and each in its turn has eventually been defeated, unless the little dreary waste of Tompkins square, which still remains under military control, is to be considered an exception. The opposition has been based

in each case on the objection in behalf of the tax-paying interest, that too valuable ground was to be taken; or, on behalf of some members of the military force, that the ground selected was too far away from them; or lastly, on behalf of property holders in the neighborhood of the ground, who, after it had been acquired by the City wished to have it improved as a park instead of a paradeground.

The ground now selected was, at the time it was chosen, understood by the Commissioners responsible in the matter, to be of less value in the market than any other which could be taken, and to be so situated that its use, as proposed, would greatly increase the taxable valuation of adjoining property, and ultimately add little or nothing to the weight of general taxation upon the City. It was accessible by steam railroads on two sides, and by steamboats from both the North and East rivers. No ground, therefore, in their judgment, could be more conveniently reached from all parts of the City, and none could be found materially nearer to the centre of population, the market value of which did not place it out of question.

THE TOMPKINS PARADE-GROUND.

The City undertook, through the Street Department, under Mr. Tweed's administration, to cover all of this ground, except a narrow border, with a bituminous concrete pavement. About two-thirds of it was covered with

a worthless composition for the purpose, which has since been gradually disintegrating and scaling up. The remainder was left bare. The whole is now in disorder, and the ground is unfit for any desirable purpose. The Commission has not been willing to immediately undertake its general improvement, which could only be accomplished at a considerable cost, but has ordered a replanting of the border strips with a view to relieve in some degree its forlorn appearance, and to make it of some little use for the recreation of the adjoining dense population.

THE STREET SYSTEM OF THE NORTH END OF THE ISLAND.

Plans have been perfected and adopted and maps filed for two and a quarter miles of additional streets, generally eighty feet in width, and surveys have been made for others on application of property holders. The work remaining to be done is not large in amount, all contemplated improvements having been surveyed or so nearly developed as to determine their extent. Its completion has been delayed by the exhaustion of funds applicable to the purpose.

THE IMPROVEMENT OF HARLEM RIVER.

The surveys in progress on the Harlem river were suspended early in the last year for want of funds, the

law requiring that these should be obtained by concurrent action of the authorities of Westchester county with the Department, which was not effected. Under the Act of Annexation, taking effect January 1st, 1874, the work becomes a purely municipal one. The Board is strongly impressed with its importance and is disposed to complete the surveys and plans of improvement as soon as funds shall be provided. It is especially desirable that the proposed tunnel under the river, on the line of Seventh avenue, should be speedily undertaken, as otherwise the reconstruction of the McComb's Dam Bridge may become necessary before it can be finished.

The general character of the proposed improvements of the river and of the communications which will be needed between the two parts of the city which it separates, by means of bridges and tunnels, is indicated in the Report of the Engineer in charge, which is appended. Statistics are also presented which illustrate the importance of the subject.

THE SURVEY AND LAYING OUT OF THE WESTCHESTER DISTRICT.

The topographical survey of the Westchester district, which was commenced in 1869, has been completed. This survey is the basis of the work of laying out a system of streets, avenues, and other improvements in that territory,

in accordance with the several acts of the Legislature which have been passed upon the subject. The expense of the work has been defrayed, except a balance yet unliquidated, by the several towns in Westchester county included in the survey.

Besides the topographical survey, a large amount of work has been done in preparing plans for laying out streets and avenues, and four and a half miles of streets and avenues have been adopted by the Board and the maps thereof filed.

The Annexation Act, by which this large and valuable territory will become a part of the City and County of New York, changes the relations hitherto existing of the Department towards it, and all future proceedings, with regard to its improvement and development, will be taken under municipal laws and at the general expense of the city.

Owing to the provisions of the law heretofore existing, the laying out and opening of streets and roads by the local authorities have not been permitted during the progress of the surveys, except such as were provided for by special laws, and this has checked improvements which were needed and which would otherwise have been prosecuted; it seems, therefore, incumbent upon the municipal government to advance the work hereafter as fast as can be prudently done, and to manifest a liberal policy towards its new citizens, who have surrendered their local privileges by an-

nexation and merged their future interests into those of the metropolis.

A complete topographical map of the Westchester district of the city is appended.

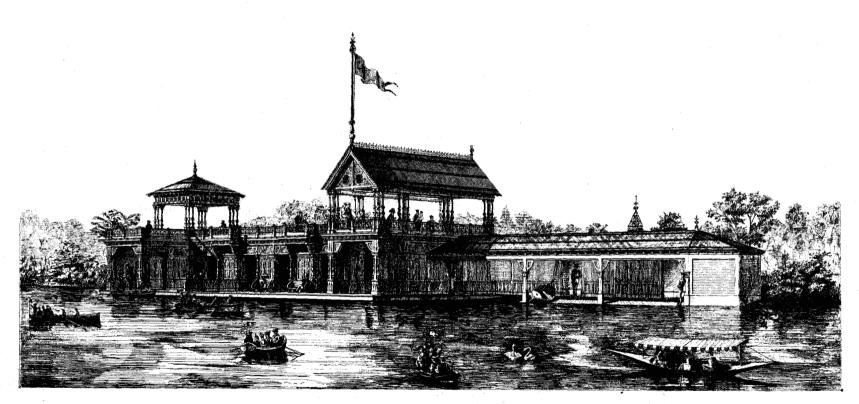
Respectfully,

SALEM H. WALES,

President, D. P. P.

WM. IRWIN,

Secretary, D. P. P.



THE BOAT HOUSE

APPENDIX A.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

I. For 1872.

II. For 1873.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

I.

STATEMENT

Showing Receipts and Expenditures during the year 1872.

SUMMARY.

The total receipts for the year ending December 31st, 1872, were
To balance, December 31st, 1871 (overdraft on Tenth National Bank) \$71,717 44 The total expenditures for the year ending December 31st, 1872,
were 2,509,724 08
Balance December 31st, 1872

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

CENTRAL PARK CONSTRUCTION ACCOUNT.		
The total receipts for the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows:		
From the issue of stock by the City of New York	\$950,000	OO.
From the Scott Monument Association for labor furnished	300 (oc
	\$950,300 0	00
		_

To balance, December 31st, 1871	,	\$94,141 85
Salaries of officers, clerks, engineers, &c	\$42,130	30
Labor paid—Foremen, laborers, mechanics, carts, &c	454,588	
	323,671	
Materials of construction, tools, contract work, &c	2,893	-
Stationery, printing and drawing materials		· .
Incidental expenses	5,235	
		828,519 43.
Balance, December 31st, 1872		27,638 72
		\$950,300 00
The total receipts on this account from May 1st, 1857, to December 31st, 1872, were as follows:		
From the issue of stock by the City of New York\$	8,227,297	48
From other sources		
Tions officer sources		-\$8,275,956 55
		7,5755 33
The total expenditures on this account, from May. 1st, 1857, to		
	8 248 217	81
December 31st, 1872, were		
Balance, December 31st, 1872		
••• ·		\$8,275,956 55

MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT, 1872.		
The receipts on this account during the year 1872 were as		
follows:		
	A	
Received from the City of New York, for maintenance account		
from needed to self refreshments	6,600	-
from accase to fun boats,	1,000	
" from license to run park carriages	500	
" from license to run Novelty carriages	56	45
" from license to keep bath-house at Battery		-
	300	00
" from license to sell photographs	91	00 26
from license to sell photographsfrom license to run Carrousel	91 1,456	00 26 85
 from license to sell photographs from license to run Carrousel from sale of grass 	91	00 26 85
from license to sell photographsfrom license to run Carrousel	91 1,456	00 26 85 00
 from license to sell photographs from license to run Carrousel from sale of grass 	91 1,456 3,082	oo 26 85 co 75
from license to sell photographs from license to run Carrousel from sale of grass from pound on Central Park	91 1,456 3,082 231	oo 26 85 co 75 54
from license to sell photographs from license to run Carrousel from sale of grass from pound on Central Park from sale of old material	91 1,456 3,082 231 2,863	oo 26 85 co 75 54 86
from license to sell photographs from license to run Carrousel from sale of grass from pound on Central Park from sale of old material from interest on deposits	91 1,456 3,082 231 2,863 414	oo 26 85 co 75 54 86
from license to sell photographs from license to run Carrousel from sale of grass from pound on Central Park from sale of old material from interest on deposits sale of sheep and sheep-skins. sale of animals	91 1,456 3,082 231 2,863 414 1,492	oo 26 85 co 75 54 86 34 62
from license to sell photographs from license to run Carrousel from sale of grass from pound on Central Park from sale of old material from interest on deposits sale of sheep and sheep-skins. sale of animals for gas used at Mt. St. Vincent building	91 1,456 3,082 231 2,863 414 1,492 100 429	oo 26 85 co 75 54 86 34 62 90
from license to sell photographs from license to run Carrousel from sale of grass from pound on Central Park from sale of old material from interest on deposits sale of sheep and sheep-skins. sale of animals for gas used at Mt. St. Vincent building for removing broken vehicles.	91 1,456 3,082 231 2,863 414 1,492 100 429 26	oo 26 85 co 75 54 86 34 62 90
from license to sell photographs from license to run Carrousel from sale of grass from pound on Central Park from sale of old material from interest on deposits sale of sheep and sheep-skins. sale of animals for gas used at Mt. St. Vincent building	91 1,456 3,082 231 2,863 414 1,492 100 429	oo 26 85 co 75 54 86 34 62 90

The expenditures on this account, during the year 1872, were as follows:

CENTRAL PARK MAINTENANCE.

	Labor.	MATERIALS.	TOTALS.	
Roads—Cleaning	\$34,420 75	\$1,244 18	\$35,664 93	
Roads—Repairing	5,291 81	10,187 73	15,479 54	
Bridle roads—Cleaning	2,175 98	6 30	2,182 28	
Bridle roads—Repairing	210 44	43 40	253 84	
Walks—Cleaning	15,857 33	737 27	16,594 60	
Walks—Repairing	5,752 50	1,355 00	7,107 50	
Plantations Turf	14,510 33 19,734 18	1,867 70 1,363 02	16,378 03 21,097 20	
Water	980 49	854 27	1,834 76	
Ice	17,051 82	2,690 90	19,742 72	
Irrigation	1,307 75	48 77	1,356 52	
Transverse roads	696 45	75 25	771 70	
Masonry and bridges	274 72	93 12	367 84	
Tools	6,158 42	302 21 64 80	6,460 63	
Surface drainage	338 41 20,292 56	4,528 79	403 21 24,821 35	
Lighting Park	20,292 30	2,219 79	2,247 22	
Manure	2,175 67		2,175 67	
uniforms	241,657 22	29,325 42	270,982 64	
Special park-keepers	5,876 57		5,876 57	
Music	6,083 00		6,083 00	
Stationery and printing		763 20	763 20	
Seats, signs, &c		791 79	2,191 39	
Earth closets		13 25 6,362 22	13 25 15,757 05	
Incidental expenses	9,394 03	4,865 59	4,865 59	
Proportion of salaries			13,000 00	
•	\$277,411 22	\$42,121 47		\$319,532 6
MAINTENANCE, MUS	EUM AND OBS	ERVATORY.		
Museum			. \$12,853 52	
Gallery of Art			. 1,464 92	
Meteorological Department			. 3,265 15	
Care and keep of animals				
Purchase of animals				
Salaries, stationery, printing, &c				
Balaries, stationery, printing, de			-,337 73	\$51,300 3
CITY PARKS AND P	TACES MAINS	TENANCE		
			. \$46,560 78	
Laborpaid foremen, laborers, garden				
Tools and materials			0. • ·	
Proportion of salaries				
Park-keepers' wages and uniforms				
Music				
MusicIncidental expenses			634 88	80,926 0

Brought forward		\$451,759 03
ROADS AND AVENUES, MAINTENANCE.		
Labor—paid foremen, laborers, carts, &c \$16,879	48	
Proportion of salaries, &c	59	
Materials 705		•
· Made and a second and	\$20,551.07	
MAINTENANCE OF BRIDGES.		
Labor—paid foremen, laborers, &c	31	grand and
Materials		the same
Salaries of officers, clerks, &c 516	48	
Keeper of draw, McComb's Draw Bridge	-	
Keepers of draw, Harlem Bridge		
	3,226 56	\$475,536 66
	i	. 1, 5, 55
CONSTRUCTION OF MUSEUM AND OBSERVATORY.		
To balance December 31st, 1871	\$14,470 77	
The expenditures on this account during the year 1871 were	as	
follows:		
Incidental expenses, pay of officers, &c	878 50	
Animal buildings, cages, &c	3,003 08 24 69	
Meteorological Observatory	24 09	\$18,377 04
		1
To balance, December 31st, 1872		\$18,377 04
MAINTENANCE CENTER AT DARK TORK		
MAINTENANCE, CENTRAL PARK, 1871.		
To balance, December 31st, 1871.		
Received from the city of New York during the year ending Deceber 31st, 1872, for account maintenance 1871		
gran, ref =, tot weedent maintenance rof1		\$186,817 42
To balance December 31st, 1872		\$186,817 42
MAINTENANCE PARKS AND PLACES, 1871.		
To balance, December 31st, 1871		\$106.276 54
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	#,-,-,-
MAINTENANCE MUSEUM AND OBSERVATORY.		
To balance, December 31st, 1871		#12.860 =1
To balance, December 31st, 10/1		\$43,869 74
	_	-
MAINTENANCE ROADS AND AVENUES.		
To balance, December 31st, 1871		\$24 766 06

ERRATUM.

In place of the 24th line on page 29, read:

The second secon			
	LABOR.	MATERIALS.	TOTALS.
BURNESS THE RESERVE AND THE PARTY OF THE PAR			
Park and Gate-keepers' wages and uniforms	\$94,400 18	\$1,642 92	\$96,043 10

\$64,549 59	
450,000 00	\$514,549 59
Ē	*5 1,517 37
\$4,112 53	
3,334 40	
54 75	
8,500 00	
6 25	616 00T 00
	\$16,007 93
\$1 801 22	
3,237 00	
26,820 00	
161 50	
	95,295 94
#2 0-	
1,213 62	
35,053 00	
4,446 86	
712 50	48,146 20
	40,140 20
¢ 0.	
14 60	
	4,964 62
\$25,474 08	
5,313 97	
•	
	42,971 13
	\$4,112 53 3,334 40 54 75 8,500 00 6 25 \$1,891 32 7,494 83 645 41 55,045 88 3,237 00 26,820 00 161 50 \$3,177 85 1,461 43 1,863 19 217 75 1,213 62 35,053 00 4,446 86 712 50 \$4449 82 295 20 4,205 00 14 60 \$25,474 08 5,313 97 3,184 18

Brought forward	\$2	207,385 82
Reservoir Square.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$249 65 3,106 37	
Surveys, engineers, &c	373 78	
Urinal	1,550 00	
Paving walks	1,949 96	
Tree guards	437 00	7,666 76
Tompkins Square.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$98 30	
Materials of construction and tools	2,257 00	
Surveys, engineers, &c	11 51	
		2,366 81
Mt. Morris Square.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$13,340 57	
Materials of construction and tools	1,051 16	
Surveys, engineers, &c	685 74	
Trees and plants.	475 35 21,689 94	
Paving walks		37,242 76
Washington Square.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$4,713 20	
Materials of construction and tools.	7,560 55	
Surveys, engineers, &c.	661 08	
Paving walks, &c	4,606 04	
Cottage and tool-house	6,161 30	23,702 17
Canal Street Park.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$13 68	
Materials of construction and tools	10 00	
		23 68
Riverside Park.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	-	
Materials of construction and tools	72 95	
Surveys, engineers, &c	4,234 52	4,310 63
Circle, Fifty-ninth Street and Eighth Avenue.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$196 10	
Materials of construction and tools	754 61	
		950 71
Plaza, Fifty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$2,874 55	
Materials of construction and tools	805 60	
Lamps	63 25	2,874 45
Carried forward		\$286,523 79

Brought forward		\$286,523	79
Worth Monument.			
Materials of construction and tools	\$688 12 169 04		
Curb	1,056 11 2,447 13	4,360	40
Fort Washington Park.			
Materials of construction		19	01
Cooper Park.			
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$33 32 17 30	50	62
Abingdon Square.		3	
Materials of construction		14	00
		·	
Christopher Street Park.			
Materials		14	00
Jackson Square.			
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$276 88 500 00		
Railing	43 50	820	38
Grand Street Park.			
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$14 31 541 47		
materials, &c		555	78
High Bridge Park.			
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	\$4 00 2,544 61	2,548	61
Morningside Park.			
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$6 72		
Materials and tools	21 10		
Surveys, engineers, &c	40 36	68	18
Stuyvesant Square.	*		
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$6,687 60		
Materials and tools	526 33 6 94	7,220	87
Carried forward		\$302,195	64

Brought forward		\$302,195 64
Sixth Avenue Farks.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, &c	\$33 I2 63 I9	96 3 ₽
Duane Street Park.		90 32
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$22 75 7 50	30-25;
Beach Street Park.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	\$21 47 5 00	26 47 [.]
Bowling Green.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	\$15 63 26 05	41 68
Five Points Park.		
Surveys, engineers, &c		54 24
Sixty-third Street Park.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	\$215 96 141 00	356 96
Sixty-sixth Street Park.		220 90
Surveys, engineers, &c		23 52
Miscellaneous .		
Proportion of salaries	\$22,000 00	
Incidental expenses	3,097 33	25,097 33
Balance, December 31st, 1872.		\$186,627 19
•	_	\$514,549 59
ISLAND ABOVE 155TH STREET.		
Balance, December 31st, 1871 By balance, December 31st, 1872	\$2,737 29 3,807 II	\$6,544 40
The expenditures on this account, from January 1st to December	31st, 1872,	
were as follows: Surveys, engineers, &c	\$6,314 64	.*
Materials	147 61 82 15	\$6,544 40

WEST SIDE IMPROVEMENT.

WEST SIDE IMPROVEMENT.				
Balance, December 31st, 1871				
EAST SIDE IMPROVEMENT.				
To balance, December 31st, 1871 The expenditures on this account, from January 1st have been as follows: Surveys, engineers, &c	to Decembe	er 31st, 1872,	\$4,097 29	
To balance, December 31st, 1872			\$4,136 88	
NINTH AVENUE.				
Balance, December 31st, 1871			\$10,000 00	
BROADWAY WIDENING, FROM 34TH TO 59T	H STREET.			
Balance, December 31st, 1871			\$1,218 œ	
ADAPTING WEST LINE OF PARK TO NEW GRADE	OF 8TH AV	ENUE.		
Balance, December 31st, 1871	. <i>,</i>		\$2,165 47	
HARLEM RIVER, SPUYTEN DUYVIL IMPRO	VEMENT.			
The receipts on this account, during the year ending 31st, 1872, were as follows: From sales of old timber, Kingsbridge		\$10 00		
By balance, December 31st, 1872		29,673 52		
			\$29,683 52	
To balance, December 31st, 1871 The expenditures on this account, from January 1st to 31st, 1872, were as follows:	December	\$10,216 81		
Surveys, soundings, &c				
Materials, tools, &c	77 48			
Incidental expenses and stationery	188 74			
Proportion of salaries	1,250 00	8,358 94		
		755 71		
McComb's Dam Bridge.				
Pay of foremen, laborers, mechanics, &c	\$1,543 76			
Materials, tools, &c	1,362 11			
Lamps	23 00			
Incidental expenses	230 47	3,159 34		
T t Dt t		<i>5,</i> 3, 5.		
Harlem Bridge.	# O			
Pay of foremen, laborers, mechanics, &c	\$248 59			
Materials, &c.	3,031 76 1,100 00			
Painting bridge.	8 40			
Incidental expenses		4,388 79		
	_			
Brought forward		\$26,123 88		
3				

Carried forward		\$26,123	88
Fordham Bridge.		-	
Materials, &c	. 	390	00
King's Bridge.			
Pay of foremen, mechanics, &c	\$1 68		
Materials, &c	4 64		
		6 ;	32
Tunnel.			
Surveys, soundings, &c	\$1,478 40		
Incidental expenses	21 91		
-		1,500	31
Suspension Bridge.			
Surveys, soundings, &c			
Materials, &c			
Incidental expenses	8 08	1,663	OI.
			- \$29,683 52
BOULEVARD, FROM 59TH STREET TO 155TH STRE	rer		
By balance, December 31st, 1871		\$65,886	10
The receipts on this account, during the year ending		ψο <u></u> j,σοσ .	
31st, 1872, were as follows:			
From the City of New York		125,000 6	00
From sale of old tree		2 (00
By balance, December 31st, 1872		68,892	
			- \$259,780 33
The expenditures on this account, during the year e	ending De-		
cember 31st, 1872, were as follows:	•		
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c		\$148,866	34
Tools, materials of construction, &c		49,130 2	24
Surveys, engineers, &c		1,308 2	•
Stone-breakers gangs		17,140	
Curb, flagging, &c.		32,626	
Lamps		819 8 1,387 8	. *
Proportion of salaries		8,000 (
Stationery and printing		500 (
			\$259,780 33
SIXTH AVENUE, FROM CENTRAL PARK TO HARLE	M RIVER.		
Balance, December 31st, 1871			\$42,512 89
24			#1-,3 9
The expenditures on this account, during the year e	nding De-		
cember 31st, 1872, were as follows:		A	
Surveys, engineers, &c		\$2,121 3	
Lamp-posts		1,475 6 630 6	
Materials Salaries, incidental expenses, &c		145 (
Balance, December 31st, 1872.		38,141	
		J - 7 - 1	- \$42,512 89

SEVENTH AVENUE, FROM CENTRAL PARK TO HARLEM RIVER.

From the City of New York	The receipts on this account, during the year ending December		
To balance, December 31st, 1871.	31st, 1872, were as follows:	***** 000 ·	20
S175,054 36			
To balance, December 31st, 1871	From the sale of old roller wheels	54 .	
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 25,457 51 Materials of construction and tools 46,182 25 Surveys, engineers, &c. 1,626 61 J. H. Sullivan, contractor. 71,370 50 Stationery and printing. 300 00 Proportion of salaries. 4,500 00 Incidental expenses. 650 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872. 24,925 02 AVENUE ST. NICHOLAS. By balance, December 31st, 1871. \$96,399 46 The receipts on this account, from January 1st to December 31st, 1872, were as follows: From the City of New York. 135,000 00 From filling excavated, and used on other works. 39,562 50 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. \$17,722 74 Materials of construction and tools 16,881 38 Surveys, engineers, &c. 2,341 81 J. P. Cumming, Jr., contractor, grading 21,528 40 Curb and flagging 22,060 86 Proportion of salaries. 2,500 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872. 187,26 77 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871. \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials. 250			#-737-3+ 3+
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 25,457 51 Materials of construction and tools 46,182 25 Surveys, engineers, &c. 1,626 61 J. H. Sullivan, contractor. 71,370 50 Stationery and printing. 300 00 Proportion of salaries. 4,500 00 Incidental expenses. 650 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872. 24,925 02 AVENUE ST. NICHOLAS. By balance, December 31st, 1871. \$96,399 46 The receipts on this account, from January 1st to December 31st, 1872, were as follows: From the City of New York. 135,000 00 From filling excavated, and used on other works. 39,562 50 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. \$17,722 74 Materials of construction and tools 16,881 38 Surveys, engineers, &c. 2,341 81 J. P. Cumming, Jr., contractor, grading 21,528 40 Curb and flagging 22,060 86 Proportion of salaries. 2,500 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872. 187,26 77 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871. \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials. 250	To balance, December 31st, 1871	\$42	17
Cember 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 25,457 51 Materials of construction and tools 46,182 25 Surveys, engineers, &c. 1,626 61 J. H. Sullivan, contractor 71,370 50 Stationery and printing 300 00 Proportion of salaries 4,500 00 Incidental expenses 650 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872 24,925 02 AVENUE ST. NICHOLAS. 896,399 46 The receipts on this account, from January 1st to December 31st, 1872, were as follows: From the City of New York 135,000 00 From filling excavated, and used on other works 39,562 50 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. \$17,722 74 Materials of construction and tools 16,881 38 Surveys, engineers, &c. 2,341 81 J. P. Cumming, Jr., contractor, grading 21,528 40 Curb and flagging 22,060 86 Proportion of salaries 2,500 00 Incidental expenses and printing 500 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872 187,426 77 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871 \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials 25,000 Grading 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. Pay balance, December 31st, 1871 \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials 25,000 Materials 25,000 Materials 25,000 Materials 25,000 The sependitures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials 25,000 Materials 25,000 Materials 25,000 Materials 25,000 Materials 25,000 Materials 25,000 Materials			
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 25,457 51 Materials of construction and tools 46,182 25 Surveys, engineers, &c. 1,626 61 J. H. Sullivan, contractor. 71,370 50 Stationery and printing 300 00 Proportion of salaries 4,500 00 Incidental expenses 650 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872. 24,925 02 AVENUE ST. NICHOLAS. By balance, December 31st, 1871. \$96,399 46 The receipts on this account, from January 1st to December 31st, 1872, were as follows: From the City of New York 135,000 00 From filling excavated, and used on other works 39,562 50 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. \$17,722 74 Materials of construction and tools 16,881 38 Surveys, engineers, &c. 2,341 81 J. P. Cumming, Jr., contractor, grading 21,528 40 Curb and flagging 22,060 86 Proportion of salaries 2,500 00 Incidental expenses and printing 500 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872. 187,426 77 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871 \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials 250	·		
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Surveys, engineers, &c. 1,626 61 J. H. Sullivan, contractor. 71,370 50 Stationery and printing. 300 00 Proportion of salaries. 4,500 00 Incidental expenses. 650 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872. 24,925 02	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
J. H. Sullivan, contractor.			•
Stationery and printing 300 00			
Proportion of salaries			-
Incidental expenses	• • •	Ū	
AVENUE ST. NICHOLAS. By balance, December 31st, 1871	•		
AVENUE ST. NICHOLAS. By balance, December 31st, 1871. \$96,399 46 The receipts on this account, from January 1st to December 31st, 1872, were as follows: From the City of New York 135,000 00 From filling excavated, and used on other works 39,562 50 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c \$17,722 74 Materials of construction and tools 16,881 38 Surveys, engineers, &c 2,341 81 J. P. Cumming, Jr., contractor, grading 21,528 40 Curb and flagging 22,060 86 Proportion of salaries 22,500 00 Incidental expenses and printing 500 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872. 1874. \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c 22,775 36 Materials 250			
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The receipts on this account, from January 1st to December 31st, 1872, were as follows: From the City of New York. 135,000 00 From filling excavated, and used on other works. 39,562 50 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. \$17,722 74 Materials of construction and tools. 16,881 38 Surveys, engineers, &c. 2,341 81 J. P. Cumming, Jr., contractor, grading 21,528 40 Curb and flagging. 22,060 86 Proportion of salaries. 2,500 00 Incidental expenses and printing. 500 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872. 187,426 77 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871. \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials. 2 50		\$06.200	46
1872, were as follows: From the City of New York		\$90,399	1 0
From the City of New York.			
### From filling excavated, and used on other works. 39,562 50 \$270,961 96	· · ·	125 000	00
#270,961 96 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. \$17,722 74 Materials of construction and tools 16,881 38 Surveys, engineers, &c. 2,341 81 J. P. Cumming, Jr., contractor, grading 21,528 40 Curb and flagging 22,060 86 Proportion of salaries 2,500 00 Incidental expenses and printing 500 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872 187,426 77 \$270,961 96 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871 \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials 250			
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. \$17,722 74 Materials of construction and tools 16,881 38 Surveys, engineers, &c. 2,341 81 J. P. Cumming, Jr., contractor, grading 21,528 40 Curb and flagging 22,060 86 Proportion of salaries 2,500 00 Incidental expenses and printing 500 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872 187,426 77 \$270,961 96 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871 \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials 250	2 Tom ming excurated, and used on other works	39,502	
ber 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. \$17,722 74 Materials of construction and tools 16,881 38 Surveys, engineers, &c. 2,341 81 J. P. Cumming, Jr., contractor, grading 21,528 40 Curb and flagging 22,060 86 Proportion of salaries 2,500 00 Incidental expenses and printing 500 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872 187,426 77 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871 \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials 250			
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Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. \$17,722 74 Materials of construction and tools 16,881 38 Surveys, engineers, &c. 2,341 81 J. P. Cumming, Jr., contractor, grading 21,528 40 Curb and flagging 22,060 86 Proportion of salaries 2,500 00 Incidental expenses and printing 500 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872 187,426 77 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871 \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials 250			
Materials of construction and tools 16,881 38 Surveys, engineers, &c. 2,341 81 J. P. Cumming, Jr., contractor, grading 21,528 40 Curb and flagging 22,060 86 Proportion of salaries 2,500 ∞ Incidental expenses and printing 500 ∞ Balance, December 31st, 1872 187,426 77 \$270,961 96 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871 \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: 22,775 36 Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials 2 50	• • • •	\$17.722	74
Surveys, engineers, &c. 2,341 81 J. P. Cumming, Jr., contractor, grading 21,528 40 Curb and flagging 22,060 86 Proportion of salaries 2,500 00 Incidental expenses and printing 500 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872 187,426 77 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871 \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials 250			
J. P. Cumming, Jr., contractor, grading 21,528 40 Curb and flagging 22,060 86 Proportion of salaries 2,500 00 Incidental expenses and printing 500 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872 187,426 77 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871 \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials 250			
Curb and flagging			
Proportion of salaries. 2,500 00 Incidental expenses and printing. 500 00 Balance, December 31st, 1872. 1874. 26 77 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871. \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials. 2 50		,	
Incidental expenses and printing. Balance, December 31st, 1872. GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871. The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials. 2 50			
Balance, December 31st, 1872. 187,426 77 GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STREET. By balance, December 31st, 1871. \$122,106 31 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials. 2 50			
GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 8IST STREET. By balance, December 3ISt, 1871. \$122,106 3I The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 3ISt, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c. 22,775 36 Materials. 250			
By balance, December 31st, 1871			— \$270,961 96
By balance, December 31st, 1871			
By balance, December 31st, 1871	GRADING 8TH AVENUE, FROM 77TH STREET TO 81ST STRE	EET.	
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c			
cember 31st, 1872, were as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c		\$122,106	31
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c			
Materials			
			•
	Pay of engineers, officers, clerks, &c., and incidental expenses		
Balance, December 31st, 1872	Datance, December 31st, 1072	98,099	
#122,100 31		-	Ţ.22,100 31

TENTH AV	ENUE, FRO	M ISSTH	STREET	TO	HARLEM	RIVER.
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22		
By balance, December 31st, 1871	\$65,445 59	
31st, 1872, were as follows:	**** ***	
From the City of New York	100,000 00	
From sale of old wood.	43,088 35	
By balance, December 31st, 1872	43,000 33	\$208,537 94
The state of the s		
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending De-		
cember 31st, 1872, were as follows:	#102 2F1 21	
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$192,351 21	
Materials of construction and tools	6,715 70 1,871 03	
Surveys, engineers, &c	7,250 00	
Salaries of officers, clerks, &c., and incidental expenses	350 00	
Stationery and printing	330 00	\$208,537 94
MORNINGSIDE AVENUE.		
To balance, December 31st, 1871	\$1,571 39	
Expenditure	85 27	\$1,656 66
		\$1,050 00
AVENUE AT BASE OF MORNINGSIDE PARK.		•
To balance, December 31st, 1871	\$214 08	
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending De-		
cember 31st, 1872, were as follows:		
Materials of construction, &c	1,980 ∞	
Althorities of constitution, starting and st		\$2,194 08
MANHATTAN STREET.		
By balance, December 31st, 1871	\$57,995 83	
Received from the City of New York on this account, during the		
year ending December 31st, 1872	100,000 00	\$157,995 83
		
7 T		
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows:		
Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c	\$1,894 30	
Materials of construction and tools	14,826 90	
Surveys, engineers, &c	697 73	
J. H. Sullivan, contractor	69,600 00	
Salaries of officers, clerks, &c	2,500 00	• •
Incidental expenses, stationery and printing	575 00	
Curb	9,154 33	
Balance, December 31st, 1872	58,747 57	ETTH OOF SO
		\$157,995 83
•		

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-FIFTH STREET.

To balance, December 31st, 1871	ONE HUNDRED AND FORTI-FIFTH STREET.		
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Surveys, &c	Received from the City of New York during the year ending December 3	31st, 1872.	\$35,000 00
Surveys, &c. \$448 ∞ Lamp-posts. 275 ∞ Balance, December 31st, 1872. 7,023 76 FIREWORKS, JULY 4TH, 1872. Received from the City of New York for fireworks on the City Parks for July 4th, 1872. Expended for fireworks July 4th, 1872. \$8,903 ∞ Balance, December 31st, 1872. 8 ∞ WESTCHESTER COUNTY, TOWN OF WEST FARMS. Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872. \$6,000 ∞ By balance. 18,315 30 To balance, December 31st, 1871. \$9,801 77 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Surveys, engineers, &c. 11,579 12 Materials. 120 20 Officers, clerks, &c. 2,425 ∞ Incidental expenses 389 21 Surveys, engineers, &c. \$8,200 ∞ By balance. \$6,005 50 To balance, December 31st, 1871. \$4,180 97 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Surveys, engineers, &c. \$10,375 19 Th	The expenditures on this account, during the year ending De-	527,653 24	
Lamp-posts. 275 ∞ Balance, December 31st, 1872 7,023 76 \$35,000 o FIREWORKS, JULY 4TH, 1872. Received from the City of New York for fireworks on the City Parks for July 4th, 1872. \$8,903 ∞ Balance, December 31st, 1872. \$6,000 ∞ By balance. 18,315 30 To balance, December 31st, 1871. \$9,801 77 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: 11,579 12 Materials 120 20 Officers, clerks, &c. 2,425 ∞ Incidental expenses 389 21 WESTCHESTER COUNTY, TOWN OF YONKERS. Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872. \$8,200 ∞ By balance 8,609 50 To balance, December 31st, 1871. \$4,180 97 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872. \$8,200 ∞ By balance 8,609 50 To balance, December 31st, 1871. \$4,180 97 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872. \$10,375 19 Cofficers, clerks, &c. \$10,375 19 Cofficers, cle		\$48 oo	
### FIREWORKS, JULY 4TH, 1872. Received from the City of New York for fireworks on the City Parks for July 4th, 1872		275 00	
### \$35,000 of \$355,000 of \$35	Lamp-posts		
Received from the City of New York for fireworks on the City Parks for July 4th, 1872	Balance, December 31st, 1872	7,023 70	\$35,000 00
Received from the City of New York for fireworks on the City Parks for July 4th, 1872		-	
Expended for fireworks July 4th, 1872			
Expended for fireworks July 4th, 1872		or July 4th,	#8 orr oo
Second S	1872		\$0,911 00
Second S		#8 002 00	
\$8,911	Expended for fireworks July 4th, 1872		
Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872	Balance, December 31st, 1872	8 00	#0 00
Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872. \$6,000 00 By balance. 18,315 30 To balance, December 31st, 1871. \$9,801 77 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: 11,579 12 Materials. 120 20 Officers, clerks, &c. 2,425 00 Incidental expenses. 389 21 WESTCHESTER COUNTY, TOWN OF YONKERS. Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872. \$8,200 00 By balance. 8,609 50 To balance, December 31st, 1871. \$4,180 97 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: \$10,375 19 Surveys, engineers, &c. \$10,375 19 Officers, clerks, &c. 2,075 00 Incidental expenses 178 34	-		\$8,911 00
Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872. \$6,000 00 By balance. 18,315 30 To balance, December 31st, 1871. \$9,801 77 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: 11,579 12 Materials. 120 20 Officers, clerks, &c. 2,425 00 Incidental expenses. 389 21 WESTCHESTER COUNTY, TOWN OF YONKERS. Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872. \$8,200 00 By balance. 8,609 50 To balance, December 31st, 1871. \$4,180 97 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: \$10,375 19 Surveys, engineers, &c. \$10,375 19 Officers, clerks, &c. 2,075 00 Incidental expenses 178 34		•	
ending December 31st, 1872. \$6,000 00 By balance. 18,315 30 \$24,315 To balance, December 31st, 1871. \$9,801 77 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Surveys, engineers, &c. 11,579 12 Materials. 120 20 Officers, clerks, &c. 2,425 00 Incidental expenses. 389 21 WESTCHESTER COUNTY, TOWN OF YONKERS. Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872. \$8,200 00 By balance. \$6,600 00 \$11,579 12 \$24,315 WESTCHESTER COUNTY, TOWN OF YONKERS. Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872. \$8,200 00 By balance, December 31st, 1871. \$4,180 97 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Surveys, engineers, &c. \$10,375 19 Officers, clerks, &c. 2,075 00 Incidental expenses 178 34	WESTCHESTER COUNTY, TOWN OF WEST FARMS.		
Systaince			
Systaince	ending December 31st, 1872	\$6,000 00	
### \$24,315 To balance, December 31st, 1871.		18,315 30	
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Surveys, engineers, &c			\$24,315 30
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Surveys, engineers, &c			
Surveys, engineers, &c	The expenditures on this account, during the year ending De-	\$9,801 77	
Materials 120 20 Officers, clerks, &c. 2,425 00 Incidental expenses 389 21 *\$24,315 WESTCHESTER COUNTY, TOWN OF YONKERS. Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872. \$8,200 00 By balance 8,609 50 To balance, December 31st, 1871. \$4,180 97 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: \$10,375 19 Surveys, engineers, &c. \$10,375 19 Officers, clerks, &c. 2,075 00 Incidental expenses 178 34		11 570 12	
Officers, clerks, &c			
Incidental expenses			
WESTCHESTER COUNTY, TOWN OF YONKERS. Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872			
WESTCHESTER COUNTY, TOWN OF YONKERS. Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872. \$8,200 00 By balance 8,609 50 To balance, December 31st, 1871. \$4,180 97 The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Surveys, engineers, &c. \$10,375 19 Officers, clerks, &c. \$2,075 00 Incidental expenses 178 34	Incidental expenses	389 21	\$24.217.20
Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872			\$24,315 30
Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year ending December 31st, 1872			
ending December 31st, 1872			
By balance	Received from the Treasurer of Westchester County, during the year		
By balance	ending December 31st, 1872	\$8,200 00	
To balance, December 31st, 1871		8,609 50	
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Surveys, engineers, &c. \$10,375 19 Officers, clerks, &c. 2,075 00 Incidental expenses 178 34			\$16,809 50
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows: Surveys, engineers, &c. \$10,375 19 Officers, clerks, &c. 2,075 00 Incidental expenses 178 34			
Surveys, engineers, &c \$10,375 19 Officers, clerks, &c 2,075 00 Incidental expenses 178 34	The expenditures on this account, during the year ending De-	\$4,180 97	
Officers, clerks, &c		\$10,375 19	
Incidental expenses 178 34			
### \$16,80g			
	Incluental expenses	-/- 54	\$16,809 50
		•	

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FIFTH STREET.

The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31s 1872, were as follows:	
Surveys, engineers, &c	\$1,541 14
PARADE GROUND.	
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31s 1872, were	
AMERICAN MUSEUM OF ART.	
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31s 1872, were	\$1,312 99
AMERICAN MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY.	•
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending December 31st, 1872, were as follows:	
Pay of foremen, laborers, mechanics, &c	5
Materials of construction, &c	•
Pay of officers, clerks, draughtsmen, &c. 1,268 g Incidental expenses 111 5	
incidental expenses	- \$16,033 85

RECAPITULATION.

	RECHITIOE ENTRE			
Balance, December 31st, 1872-	Construction Central Park. "Parks and Places. West Side improvement. Ninth Avenue. Broadway widening. Adapting west line of Park. Sixth Avenue. Seventh Avenue. Avenue St. Nicholas. Grading Eighth Avenue. Manhattan Street. One Hundred and Forty-fifth Street. Fireworks, July 4th, 1872.		\$27,638 186,627 1,963 10,000 1,218 2,165 38,141 24,925 187,426 98,099 58,747 7,023 8	19 68 00 47 53 02 77 45 57
			\$643,985	16
· ·				
Maintenance account Museum and Observatory, Parks and Places, mainter Central Park, maintenance Roads and avenues, main Museum and Observatory, North end of island East Side improvement Harlem River and Spuyte Boulevard Tenth Avenue Morningside Avenue Avenue at base of Mornin Town of West Farms Town of Yonkers One Hundred and Fifty-fi Parade Ground American Museum of Art	construction nance, 1871 tenance, 1871 maintenance, 1871 m Duyvil improvement. gside Park fth Street.	\$31,890 59 18,377 04 106,276 54 186,817 42 24,766 06 43,869 74 3,807 11 4,136 88 29,673 52 68,892 23 43,088 35 1,656 66 2,194 08 18,315 30 8,609 50 1,541 14 163 00 1,312 99 16,033 85		

II.

STATEMENT

Showing Receipts and Expenditures of the Department for the year 1873.

SUMMARY.			
Cash balance December 31st, 1872	\$32,563	16	
The total receipts for the year ending December 31st, 1873, were	476,609	00	
Amount of bills, pay-rolls, &c., transmitted the Comptroller for	470,009	09	
payment	877,067	56	#r 296 ann 9
			\$1,386,239 8
The total expenses of the year have been.	\$1,364,261	85	
Amount transmitted the City Chamberlain of moneys received on account of the Corporation	19,559	٢8	
Balance, December 31st, 1873			
			\$1,386,239
RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMEN	TS.		
RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENT CENTRAL PARK CONSTRUCTION ACCORDANCE, December 31st, 1872		72	
CENTRAL PARK CONSTRUCTION ACCORDANCE, December 31st, 1872	UNT.	•	
CENTRAL PARK CONSTRUCTION ACCO	UNT. \$27,638 230,000	00	
CENTRAL PARK CONSTRUCTION ACCORDANCE, December 31st, 1872	UNT. \$27,638	00	\$676,339
Balance, December 31st, 1872	UNT. \$27,638 230,000	00	\$676,339
Balance, December 31st, 1872	UNT. \$27,638 230,000	20	\$676,339
Balance, December 31st, 1872	927,638 230,000 418,701	20	\$676,339
Balance, December 31st, 1872	\$27,638 230,000 418,701 \$305,502	20 23 82	\$676,339
CENTRAL PARK CONSTRUCTION ACCO Balance, December 31st, 1872	\$27,638 230,000 418,701 \$305,502 69,187	20 23 82 16	\$676,339
CENTRAL PARK CONSTRUCTION ACCO Balance, December 31st, 1872	\$27,638 230,000 418,701 \$305,502 69,187 16,265	20 23 82 16 56	\$676,339
CENTRAL PARK CONSTRUCTION ACCO Balance, December 31st, 1872 From the issue of stock by the City of New York Amount of bills and pay-rolls transmitted the Comptroller for payment The expenditures have been as follows: Pay of foremen, laborers, teams, carts, &c Pay of officers, clerk, engineers, draughtsmen, &c Incidental expenses Materials of construction, tools, &c	\$27,638 230,000 418,701 \$305,502 69,187 16,265 125,761	20 23 82 16 56 93	\$676,339
CENTRAL PARK CONSTRUCTION ACCO Balance, December 31st, 1872	\$27,638 230,000 418,701 \$305,502 69,187 16,265 125,761 7,867	20 20 23 82 16 56 93 92	\$676,339
CENTRAL PARK CONSTRUCTION ACCO Balance, December 31st, 1872	\$27,638 230,000 418,701 \$305,502 69,187 16,265 125,761 7,867 6,100	20 23 82 16 56 93 92 05	\$676,339

IMPROVEMENT OF PARKS AND PLACES.

ISTROVEMENT OF FIRMED IND TENEDO		
Balance, December 31st, 1872	\$186,627 19	
Bills, pay-rolls, &c., transmitted the Comptroller for payment	108,800 16	
-ms, pa, ram, management 1 1		\$295,427 35
	î	
The expenditures on this account, during the year ending De-	cember 31st,	
1873, were as follows:	•	
Riverside Park.		
Surveys, engineers, &c	\$1,382 13	
Materials of construction and tools	1,436 51	
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	7,111 20	_
•		\$9,929 84
Morningside Park.	_	
<u> </u>	\$1,498 91	
Surveys, engineers, &c		
Materials of construction and tools	2,657 29	
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	18,260 57	22,416 77
		22,410 //
Lincoln Monument.		
Surveys, engineers, &c	\$135 36	
Materials of construction and tools	230 85	
Granite coping	3,119 00	
		3,485 21
Union Square.		
	*	
Materials of construction, tools, &c	\$4,225 44	
Ladies' Cottage	4,683 71	
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	3,870 61	
Surveys, engineers, &c.	1,102 12	
Fountain	4,878 00	
Pavement on Plaza	4,416 34	
Fitting up lamps	514 11	
Setting flag-poles	180 10	
Pavement of walks	4,000 00	27,870 43
		27,870 43
Madison Square.		
Pavement around the Square	\$7,002 83	
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	2,527 42	
Materials of construction and tools	3,458 от	
Surveys, engineers, &c	699 84	,
Paving walks in Square	20,563 82	
Granite for fountain	752 00	
		35,003 92
Worth Monument.		
Granite coping for enclosure	\$515 00	
Fitting up lamps	30 11	
Surveys, engineers, &c	17 00	
Materials of construction and tools	576 72	
THE PARTY OF THE P		1,138 83
	-	# 0:
Carried forward		\$99,845 00
		•

Brought forward		\$99,845 co
City Hall Park.		
Surveys, engineers, &c	\$519 48	
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	875 15	
Fountain	3,779 16	
Materials of construction and tools	797 96	5,971 75
Tompkins Square.		3,971 73
Materials of construction and tools	\$24 85	
Surveys, engineers, &c	162 17	
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	1,756 38	
•		1,943 40
Washington Square.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	\$1,014 63	
Surveys, engineers, &c	359 74 18 08	
Fitting up lamps. Materials of construction and tools.	465 82	
Fountain	3,933 70	
Pountain	3,933 70	5,791 97
Battery.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	\$1,470 64	
Materials of construction and tools	403 36	
Surveys, engineers, &c	1,090 75	
Pavement of walks	8,128 73	11,093 48
Five Points Park.		11,093 40
Surveys, engineers, &c	\$390 79	
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	1,346 26	
Materials of construction and tools	7 06 98	
Blue stone coping	820 00	3,264 03,
		3,204 03,
Jackson Square.	6.70K KO	
Surveys, engineers, &c	\$135 50 42 72	
Fitting up lamps	904 79	
Materials of construction and tools	197 40	
		1,280 41
Mt. Morris Square.		
Pavement in Square	\$958 52	
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	5,870 00	
Surveys, engineers, &c	124 34	
Materials of construction and tools	5 92	6,958 78
Stuyvesant Square.		
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	\$827 63	
Fitting up lamps	4 13	
Materials of construction and tools	7 40	0
		839 16
Carried forward		\$136,987 98

Brought forward		\$136,987	98:
Park Avenue Parks.			
•	78 24 00	1,427	O2 ⁻
Reservoir Square.			
Materials of construction and tools. \$586 Surveys, engineers, &c. 13	35 50	5 99	85
Cooper Institute Park.			
-	60	7	6o.
Grand Street Park.			
	60 00	109	6o-
Sixty-sixth Street Park.			
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c. \$3,825 Materials 4	24 90	3,830	14.
Plaza, Fifty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue.			
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c		172	33
Canal Street Park.			
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	,	114	31
Christopher Street Park.			
Surveys, &c		100	00
Sixth Avenue Parks.			
Materials.		3	00.
Bowling Green.			
Materials of construction and tools		48	85
Duane Street Park.			
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c		48	13.
Beach Street Park.			
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c		29	74
Carried forward		\$143,478	 5 5

Brought forward		\$143,478	55
Sixty-third Street Park.			
Materials for constructing.		255	92
Astor Place.			
Surveys		60	T 2
Surveys		00	-3
Miscellaneous.			
Salaries of officers, clerks, &c		13,000	
Balance		138,632	7 5
		\$295,427	35
	•		
METROPOLITAN MUSEUM OF ART BUILDING.			
To balance, December 31st, 1872	\$1,312 99		
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	2,416 60		
Materials for construction and tools	5 52 3,000 00		
——————————————————————————————————————		\$6,735	11
Amount of bills, pay-rolls, &c., transmitted Comptroller for payment	\$5,108 41		
By balance, December 31st, 1873	1,626 70	\$6,735	11
AMERICAN MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY BUILDING.			
To balance, December 31st, 1872	\$16,033 85		•
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c	23,824 59		
Materials for construction	16,671 89 5,200 00		
Architect's commissions.		\$61,730	33
Amount of bills and pay-rolls transmitted Comptroller for payment.	\$24,631 05		
By balance, December 31st, 1873	37,099 28	s - \$61,730	33
TOWN OF YONKERS.			
To balance, December 31st, 1872.	\$8,609 50		
Surveys, engineers, &c.	283 92 6,281 21		
Amount paid William Rumble on account of contract Amount paid Thomas C. Cornell on account of contract	3,894 43		
Incidental expenses	150 00		
-		\$19,219	12
	* . 0		
Received from Treasurer of Westchester County	\$12,083 25 4,521 50		
By balance, December 31st, 1873.	2,614 2		
-		\$19,219	12
		-	_

TOWN OF WEST FARMS.

TOWN OF WEST PARMS.		
To balance, December 31st, 1872	\$18,315 30	
Surveys, engineers, &c	2,578 08	
Incidental expenses.	157 08	
Paid George S. Greene, Jr., on account of contract	3,368 97	
-		\$24,419 43
Descined from Tree arrow of Westel setter Country	#** *6° *°	
Received from Treasurer of Westchester County	\$15,469 42 8,950 of	
- by Barance, December 31st, 10/3		\$24,419 43
	-	570.44
TOWN OF KINGSBRIDGE.		
Surveys, engineers, &c	\$155 73	
Incidental expenses	12,648 99	
Balance, December 31st, 1873	2,416 38	\$15,221 10
		#13,221 10
Received from sale of bonds, with interest accrued		\$15,221 10
	=	
HARLEM RIVER AND SPUYTEN DUYVIL IMPROVEMENT.		
To balance, December 31st, 1872	\$25,910 20	
The expenditures on this account during the year ending De-		
cember 31st, 1873, were as follows:		
Surveys, engineers, &c	1,861 78	
McComb's Dam Bridge.		
Paid A. Imhoff for repairs to bridge in 1871	6,254 21	
Harlem Bridg .		
Pay of foremen, laborers, &c		
Materials		
Incidental expenses		
	1,172 56	
Fordham Bridge.		
Paid A. Imhoff for repairs to bridge in 1871	281 38	•
King's Bridge.		
Paid A. Imhoff for repairing bridge in 1871	141 50	
en e		\$35,621 63
Dessived from rate of hands of Westshester County	\$17,000 00	
Received from sale of bonds of Westchester County By balance, December 31st, 1873	18,621 63	
- by barance, December 31st, 10/3		\$35,621 63
SUSPENSION BRIDGE.	-	
	#4.012.01	
- To balance, December 31st, 1872 The expenditures on this account during the year ending De-	\$2,013 01	
cember 31st, 1873, were as follows:		
Materials and tools for sounding	88 46	
Surveys, engineers, &c.	227 50	
_		\$2,328 97
	-	

By balance, December 31st, 1873		\$2,328 97
TUNNEL.	120	5.33
To balance, December 31st, 1872	\$1,750 31	
The expenditures on this account during the year ending December 31st, 1873, were as follows:		
Surveys, engineers, &c	1,868 91	
Tools and materials	35 27	\$2.654.40
		\$3,654 49
By balance, December 31st, 1873	, , ,	\$3,654 49
NORTH END OF THE ISLAND.		
To balance, December 31st, 1872	\$3,807 11	
The expenditures on this account during the year ending December 31st, 1873, were as follows:		
Surveys, engineers, &c	888 21	\$4,695 32
	-	#4,095 32
By balance, December 31st, 1873.		\$4,695 32
PARADE GROUND.		
To balance, December 31st, 1872.	\$163 00	
Surveys, engineers, tools and materials.	123 04	\$286 0 4
	=	
By balance, December 31st, 1873		\$286 04
MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT, 1873.	-	
The receipts on this account during the year ending December		
31st, 1873, were as follows:		
For privilege of cutting ice from "Pool"	\$150 00	
For interest	250 92	
From sale of grass	229 00	
From license fees	1,531 97	
From sole of sheep	184 40	
From sale of sheep	30 00 2 50	
From sale of sundries	500 89	
For rent.	675 00	
From the City of New York for account of maintenance	160,000 00	
Amount of bills, pay-rolls, &c., sent to Comptroller for payment	319,654 45	
-		\$483,209 13

The expenditures on this account have been as follows:

CENTRAL PARK MAINTENANCE.

	LABOR	MATERIALS.	
are of roads	\$35,593 97	\$416 42	
Repairing roads	2,064 19	2,248 12	
are of bridle roads	1,985 44		
Repairing bridle roads	10 00		
Care of walks	19,064 97	289 72	
Repairing walks	8,458 94	3,486 21	
lantations	24,792 35	404 43	
`urf	18,792 65	693 01	
Vater	1,035 08	11 14	
ce	18,061 12	1,454 29	
rrigation	2,171 19	70 92	
horough drainage	7 77	60.0	
ransverse roads	911 85	68 84	
Masonry and bridges	3,583 93	65 79	
Cools	4,249 93	225 53	
urface drainage	73 82	68 45	
Buildings	22,099 41	2,870 24	
ighting park	30 75	1,218 71	
Park and gate-keepers' wages and uniforms	79,499 41 8,928 43	13,046 19	
Manure	483 97	13,040 19	
pecial police duty	8,360 87	1,525 27	
Care of sheep	1,062 12	18 84	
Carrousel	859 68	10 04	
Aiscellaneous work	8,037 30	1,669 21	
General foreman	1,260 00	2,009 22	
Vatchmen	3,500 60		
Workshops	1,887 12	125 27	
Propagating house	9,342 58	17 30	
Seats, signs, &c	1,564 68	757 32	
Stables	4,790 62	2,625 40	
Music		3,855 00	
	\$292,564 74	\$37,231 62	\$329,796
	,		#329,790
Maintenance of Parks and Pa		#O	
Park-keepers' wages, &c			
Fas and lighting lamps		. 6,216 86	
Music		. 3,100 00	
Repairing pavement		. 995 50	
Labor—Pay of foremen, laborers, &c			
•			
Materials, &c		1,768 63	67,740
Maintenance of Museum, Observat	ory, &c.		
·		#	
Museum			
Gallery of Art		. 2,368 74	
Meteorological Observatory	<i></i>	. 5,036 45	
•			19,526
			, ,

Brought forward	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$417,063 67
Maintenance of Harlem River Bridges.		
Pay of draw-tenders, laborers, &c	\$5,198 09 1,263 81 1,036 28 550 00	8,048 18
Fireworks, July 4th, 1873.		
Expended for fireworks		9,598 97
Proportion of salaries of officers, clerks, &c. Incidental expenses Amount paid to Chamberlain Stationery and printing Balance		22,772 21 17,325 81 1,462 56 4,371 34 2,566 39 \$483,209 13
CONSTRUCTION OF MUSEUM AND OBSERVATORY, ETC.	-	
To balance, December 31st, 1872. Pay of laborers, &c. Materials.	\$18,377 04 562 52 214 83	\$19,154 39
Amount of bills, pay-rolls, &c., sent to Comptroller for payment Balance	\$172 29 18,982 10	\$19,154 39
BOULEVARD.		
To balance, December 31st, 1872	\$68,892 23 5 22	\$68,897 45,
AVENUE ST. NICHOLAS.		
By balance, December 31st, 1872. Paid in 1873 for materials delivered in 1872.		\$187,251 77
MAINTENANCE, 1872.	-	
To balance, December 31st, 1872	\$31,890 59 7,433 91	\$39,324 50
TOWN OF EASTCHESTER.	-	
Surveys, engineers, &c	······-	\$572 96
Received from sale of certificates of indebtedness		\$572 96

APPENDIX B.

REPORT

OF THE

SUPERINTENDENT.

Superintendent's Office, New York, March 31st, 1874.

S. H. WALES, Esq.,

President, Department of Public Parks.

SIR:—In accordance with your letter of March 7th, 1874, desiring me to furnish a statement of the various works and transactions of interest in connection with the Parks under the control of your honorable body, I append the following as the most important that have occurred during the period mentioned in your letter, viz., from May 1st, 1872, to December 31st, 1873.

The greater portion of the work done during the spring and summer of 1872 consisted of filling in and grading the slopes rendered necessary by the change of the grade of Eighth avenue. This work was commenceed early in the spring and a large force employed in hauling filling for the slopes, and excavating for the foundations for the wall; the work was continued during the entire season until the cold weather precluded further operations.

Work on this improvement was again resumed in the spring of 1873, and pushed forward with all possible dispatch, and the greater portion of the foundation for the wall on Eighth avenue completed. A large amount of work of a similar character was done on One hundred and tenth street, between the Sixth and Eighth avenues, rendered necessary by the change of grade of One hundred and tenth street.

The change of grade of Eighth avenue rendered necessary a large amount of work on the drives at the Park entrances

at Eighty-fifth street and One hundredth street. The improvements at Eighty-fifth street were completed late in the fall of last year, whilst those at One hundredth street are far advanced towards completion.

The change of the grade of One hundred and tenth street rendered it necessary to raise the drive at the Sixth and Seventh Avenue entrances. The work was commenced late in the fall and has been continued uninterruptedly during the past winter. The greater portion of the filling required on this improvement has been put in, and the surface of the road-bed made ready to receive the top-dressing of gravel.

The work of grading and filling on Manhattan square was resumed in the spring of 1872, and continued during the years 1872 and 1873. All the rock above the grade of the adjoining streets has been removed, and the refuse material used for filling. A large amount of filling has also been delivered on the square, both by days' work and under contract. The foundation for the Museum of Natural History has been completed, and the building is now in course of erection under contract.

The unfinished building known as the Deer House was removed from the meadows at Ninety-second street, by order of the Board, May 9th, 1872, and the ground graded and seeded down.

The granite fountain erected in the City Hall Park, which was commenced in 1872, has been, together with the bronze work, completed during the past winter.

The fountain erected at Fifty-ninth street and Fifth avenue was, by order of the Board (August 3d, 1872), removed, and re-erected in Washington square, but remains in an unfinished state.

The improvements at Union square have been completed,

with the exception of the painting of the iron work, and the connecting of the gas-pipes to the meter.

The improvements at Mount Morris square have been carried on during the entire period covered by this report. The new walks in the southern portion of the square have been completed and the rustic stone steps, ordered August 8th, 1872, have been completed and placed in position.

The small triangles at the intersection of the Boulevard, Ninth avenue and Sixty-third street, have been graded and filled according to instructions received August 20th, 1872.

The foundations for the statues of Sir Walter Scott and the Indian Hunter were completed, as per instructions received September 14th, 1872. Both of the above mentioned statues have been placed in position, that of Sir Walter Scott having been appropriately dedicated by the various Scottish societies of our city.

The wooden tower on the Belvidere was removed under instructions received November 9th, 1872. The blue-stone floors have been taken up and replaced by the Neuchatel rock pavement; and alterations made in the clock tower and other portions of the building.

Orders were received January 24th, 1873, to make excavations for the foundation of the Inscope Arch, but the work was not commenced until late in the spring. Considerable difficulty was experienced in this work in consequence of quicksand, and it was found necessary to drive spruce piles in order to secure a proper foundation for the safe erection of the work. After the piles were driven yellow pine caps were placed on them and then planked over with heavy timbers. Upon this the stone foundation was built and finished late in the fall, when the work of construction was suspended in consequence of the

approaching cold weather. The new system of walks connected with this improvement are far advanced, the excavations having been made and the base of rubble stone placed therein. A large quantity of filling was required to properly shape the ground where the pathway crosses the Bridle road; this filling is nearly completed. During the construction of this work it was necessary to erect a temporary wooden bridge under the main drive.

Orders were received, February 27th, 1873, to furnish materials and build foundation wall for a new boat landing on the east side of the Lake, but were countermanded before the work was commenced. A large portion of the wood-work for this structure has been completed, and the granite water table finished.

The alterations at the Pergola, ordered March 18th, 1873, have been completed, and the iron gratings placed in position as ordered.

The building known as the Carrousel has been removed from the site which it formerly occupied, and placed about fifty feet further north on a more elevated position. A basement has been constructed under this building with an entrance leading from the transverse road, and suitable machinery built and placed therein for propelling the "Merry-go-round," by horse-power. The building has also been thoroughly repaired and painted.

The alterations and additions at the Casino, ordered March 24th, 1873, were commenced as early as possible after the receipt of orders. The work of making the excavation for the cellar was very tedious, in consequence of it being nearly all solid rock, and great care had to be exercised in blasting so as not to endanger the building. The work was pushed forward with all possible dispatch, but, before it was completed, orders were

received (May 15th, 1873) to suspend all work in construction, in consequence of the exhaustion of funds appropriated for construction work. Work was again resumed June 27th, 1873, and the building completed during the summer.

Work was commenced in November last on that portion of Riverside Park lying south of Seventy-ninth street. The ground has been cleared of all surface stones, stumps, &c., and all dead or worthless trees removed. The portion of the Park lying between One hundred and fourth and One hundred and twentieth streets has also been treated in a similar manner, in accordance with orders received November 9th, 1873. A considerable portion of the retaining wall required on the lower section of the Park has been built, and the excavation made for the balance of the same.

The work on Morningside Park was commenced last fall and has been carried on with but little intermission throughout the winter. A large force has been employed in this work in clearing and shaping the ground, making excavation for the walks, &c. The greater portion of the excavation for the Lagoon in the southern part of the Park has been completed, and such portion of the rock as interfered with the construction of the walks has been removed. About one thousand feet of the main sewer for draining the Park has been finished. A large force of rockmen and stone-cutters have been employed for some time past, at One hundred and twenty-sixth street and Ninth avenue, in quarrying and cutting stone for the enclosing walls of the Park.

The work of shaping and grading the Five Points Park has been carried forward according to instructions received April 19th, 1873. The blue-stone curb has been set around the enclosure and the foundation for the fountain constructed; pipes

for the water supply of the fountain have been laid, and the drain pipes placed in position, and connection made with the street sewer.

Improvements and additions have been made in the propagating buildings at Mount St. Vincent; and a new hot-house, one hundred and twenty feet in length, constructed. A site has been selected, north of transverse road No. 4, for a nursery and the ground cleared and prepared for the same.

The new workshops, located on transverse road No. 3 (a portion of the foundation only of which was constructed when I entered upon my duties as Superintendent in November, 1871) have been completed, and thoroughly equipped with improved machinery. The motive power for driving the same is derived from a ten-horse power Baxter engine; steam from this engine is also used for heating the building in cold weather; a steam hammer has been constructed entirely by our own force, and placed in the blacksmith's shop, by which we are enabled to do all heavy forging much more economically than heretofore; the scrap-iron which formerly was sold for a small consideration is now worked into bars and used for shoeing horses. The machinery in the various shops comprises the following, viz.:

MACHINE SHOP.

Two lathes for turning iron, One drill, One emery grinder.

CARPENTER SHOP.

One wood turning lathe,
Two circular saws,
One upright saw,
One gig saw,
One boring machine.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

One steam hammer,

One Sturtevant blower.

A small feed mill has also been placed in this building.

The work of excavating for the foundation of the Art Museum was commenced late in the fall of 1872. The trenches for the same were completed, and test pits dug for the purpose of ascertaining the nature of the surface of the rock which underlies the greater portion of the site selected. Work was suspended early in the winter, and not resumed again until the fall of 1873. The greater portion of the force employed on this work has been for some time past engaged in constructing a brick sewer (four hundred and ninety feet in length), which was found to be necessary for the proper drainage of the building. The progress of blasting out the rock from the cellars of the building was necessarily slow, until the completion of the above mentioned sewer.

One of the most important works completed during the past year, was the Bethesda Fountain on the Esplanade, north of the Terrace. This work, which has been in the course of erection for several years past, has been finished, and was publicly exhibited on May 31st, 1873

The change in the walks in the vicinity of the Music Pavilion have been made in accordance with instructions received March 31st, 1873, and the new seats constructed and placed as directed.

The granite coping of the fountain at Union square has been set, and the granite centre piece erected.

The foundation for the enclosure to the Lincoln Monument

has been constructed according to orders received August 14th, 1873, and the granite work erected on the same.

The foregoing comprise the most important improvements made during the time covered by this report, although many others of less importance have been carried on and completed in the same period, viz.:

Foundations constructed for the two candelabra at Madison square.

Foundations laid, and drinking fountains erected, in several of the Parks in the lower part of the City, viz.:

Four in City Hall Park, two in Union square, and one at the Worth Monument. A granite drinking fountain for horses has also been erected at the last mentioned place.

An iron service-pipe has been laid across Eighth avenue, into Manhattan square, to furnish a supply of water during the erection of the Museum of Natural History.

The wood-work of Bankrock Bridge has been removed and replaced by a new structure, built after the same design.

One hundred and fifty trees of various species have been removed from Central Park and planted in Union, Madison, Jackson and Washington squares.

The posts and chains around the borders of the plots have been removed, and various changes made in the walks of Washington square.

The sidewalk around Jackson square has been laid with blue-stone flag, and the grounds of the Park seeded down and planted.

One hundred and twenty trees, which were removed from the slope at One hundred and tenth street, have been planted in Tompkins square, and a cultivated border twelve feet wide constructed around the entire Park. Extensive alterations were made in the building corner of Sixteenth street and Fourth avenue, in order to properly arrange the same for the various offices of the Department.

Six heavy iron cages have been constructed for the Zoological collection; also ten new cases for the Museum of Natural History.

The wood-work and mantles have been placed in the Loggias at the Sheepfold, and the ornamental plastering finished.

4,594 lineal feet of earthen drain pipe has been laid in the various parks as follows:

```
    1,786
    feet of 4-inch pipe.

    125
    " 5 " "

    1,456
    " 6 " "

    528
    " 8 " "

    320
    " 10 " "

    379
    " 12 " "
```

The following is the quantity of lead pipe laid in the various parks during the period embraced by this report:

```
1,522 feet of 5%-inch,
1,670 " 3½ "

238 " 1 "

107 " 1½ "

650 " 2 "
```

The necessary amount of work required for the proper maintenance of the drives, walks, lawns, shrubbery, &c., has been carefully and diligently attended to. All the drives have been put in complete repair, and the gutters raised in several localities where it was deemed necessary, in order to reduce the crown of the road.

When I entered upon the duties of my position as Superintendent, I found many of the walks in a very dilapidated

condition, particularly so in the lower portion of the Central The pine tar and other experimental pavements that had been laid, had become so cracked and so disintegrated that it was necessary to relay the greater portion of them. quisite machinery was purchased and the right secured to put down what is known as Ranney's Patent Pavement. A force was organized specially for this work and placed in charge of an experienced foreman, and the work prosecuted with all possible dispatch. Although great progress has been made in those repairs, a large amount of work still remains to be done, and operations will be resumed again as soon as the weather will I am confident that the walks as now constructed will last from ten to fifteen years, the only repairs required during that time will be a surface coat of tar applied hot and then covered with fine sand. This should be attended to every two years; the expense of the same will be very slight. The following is a statement of the amount of work accomplished:

4,518 square yards of new walks completed.

28,594 " " old walks relaid.

1,020 " " base for new walks have been laid, the top-dressing of which will be applied during the coming spring.

About 4,000 square yards of new walks have also been laid by the Grahamite Pavement Company during the same time. These walks prove to have been constructed of excellent material, having stood the test of the last two winters without cracking.

The skating season of the winter of 1872 and 1873 proved to be one of the longest and finest in the history of the Park, commencing December 16, 1872, and continuing almost

uninterruptedly until March 7th, 1873, embracing a period of fifty-nine days skating, the ice throughout the entire season continuing firm and smooth. The attendance during the season compared favorably with that of former years. Some idea of the amount of labor required to keep the ice in proper order, may be obtained from the following figures:

The area of the lakes used for skating is about thirty acres; during the skating season snow fell to the aggregate depth of four feet, making it necessary to remove 156,500 cubic yards, or 469,500 cart loads of snow from the ice, all of which had to be shoveled back and piled upon the bank of the lake; and in order to accomplish this, the snow had to be handled two or three times by the force engaged on the work.

The sleighing season for the years 1872 and 1873 embraced a period of forty-eight days, commencing November 29, 1872. The popular open air concerts, under the direction of Mr. Harvey B. Dodworth, were held at the various parks during the year 1872, as follows:

At the Battery, Tuesday afternoons.

- " Mount Morris, Wednesday "
- " Tompkins square, Friday "

and the usual Saturday afternoon concerts on the Mall.

The 4th of July, 1872, was celebrated by displays of fireworks and music at the following places, viz.:

The Battery, City Hall, Washington, Tompkins and Madison squares.

The musical season of 1873 embraced the following programme:

At Washington and Tompkins squares each alternate Tuesday. At Madison square and Mount Morris, each alternate Thursday. And the regular concert on the Mall on Saturday afternoon.

The 4th of July, 1873, was celebrated by displays of fireworks and music at the following places: Mount Morris, Madison square, Union square, Tompkins square, City Hall, Washington square, Jackson square, the Battery, Grand Street Park, Canal Street Park, the Circle, Riverside Park at One hundred and third street, Fort Washington, and in the Twenty-third Ward at Fleetwood Park.

The attendance at the musical entertainments given to the public during the years 1872 and 1873 has been very large.

The Ball Ground still continues to be one of the leading features of the Park, and the attendance upon the days set apart for the indulgence of this popular amusement has been very great, showing conclusively that the interest taken in this healthful exercise has not diminished.

The attendance at the Croquet Ground has increased during the past season, the interest in that game being apparently unabated.

Very respectfully,

COLUMBUS RYAN,

Superintendent, D. P. P.

Appendix C.

REPORTS

OF THE

New York Meteorological Observatory In the Central Park,

FOR THE
YEAR ENDING DECEMBER SIST, 1872,

AND THE

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1873.

Latitude 40° 45′ 58″ N. Longitude 73° 57′ 58″ W. Height above the sea 97 feet.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE NEW YORK METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATORY,

CENTRAL PARK,

FOR 1872.

To Board of Commissioners of the Department of Public Parks:

Gentlemen:—The Meteorological records of this Observatory for the past year (1872) have been uninterrupted. Complete registers of the pressure and temperature of the air, of the wind and rain, obtained by the self-recording instruments, have been filed away in suitable books. The necessary reductions and calculations have been made. They are arranged and ready for future reference.

To the instruments previously in use, I have added another pencil barometer, constructed on the general principles of that described in the report of 1870, but in a form somewhat more compact. It is placed in the room which is open to the public, with a view of satisfying the curiosity so frequently expressed, not only as to whether the mercury is rising or falling, but also as to the movements it has exhibited for some time previously. Its register for the preceding day is attached, to enable such comparisons to be made.

There has also been roughly constructed a metallic thermometer on a new principle, which thus far has acted in a very

satisfactory manner. It is self-recording. I propose to keep it in its present form under trial somewhat longer, and should it continue to work as accurately as it has hitherto done, shall then have it more carefully made. Its indications depend on the difference of expansion and contraction between brass and glass.

That portion of my report of last year which treated of the climate change of the United States, has not only attracted much attention, but also led to much discussion. was the impression that not only a change, but a very great change, in that respect had taken place, that the thermometric records it presented were received with no little surprise. same remarks may be made as respects the quantity of rain. The statements adduced in that report were altogether derived from instrumental observations. Some persons, however, have been disposed to compare them with historic records, with a view of controverting them, forgetting that conclusions founded on observations and instrumental measures are far preferable to the unreliable statements sometimes presented by the vivid imagination of the historian, who frequently pictures events not so much with scientific exactness as for the sake of scenic effect.

Under these circumstances, I therefore think it not inappropriate to continue in this report the investigation commenced in the preceding one, and to bring the general question to a complete conclusion. On that occasion, so far as temperature is concerned, I considered only the cold or winter months of the year. Now, I shall examine in like manner the hot months, June, July and August, for the same periods, with the intention of determining whether there has been any recognizable change

for many years past in the temperature of that season of the year.

The points to be considered in this report are the following:

- (1st.) Has the summer temperature of the Atlantic States undergone any modification?
- (2d.) What is the direction in which atmospheric fluctuations cross the United States?
- (3d.) Is it possible to trace the passage of American storms across the Atlantic, and predict the time of their arrival on the European coast?

(1st.) HAS THE TEMPERATURE OF THE ATLANTIC STATES UNDERGONE MODIFICATION?

Commencing with New York City, as was done in the last year's report, and deriving the observations from the same sources which furnish a continuous record for the summer months from 1821, we shall, on the principle then adopted, take groups or periods of 5 years each, and compare them with each other. On referring to that report it will be found that these groups are first, from 1821 to 1827; second, from 1831 to 1837; third, from 1841 to 1847; fourth, from 1866 to 1872. As just stated, the months now selected are June, July and August.

I.

TABLE showing the mean temperature in New York for the three hot months of the year—

June, July, August.

IST	PERIOD.	2 D	Period.	3D	PERIOD.	4TH PERIOD.		
Years.	Temperature.	Years.	Temperature.	Years.	Temperature.	Years.	Temperature.	
1822	74.5	1832	71.2	1842	71.5	1867	69.3	
1823	72.4	1833	70.4	1843	73.2	1868	72.0	
1824	70.7	1834	71.9	1844	72.2	1869	71.2	
1825	76.6	1835	69.8	1845	71.3	1870	74.8	
1826	73.8	1836	67.7	1846	70.9	1871	71.3	
Mean for 5 years.	73.60		70.20		71.82		71.72	

It may be interesting to remark that the highest mean monthly temperature on record for New York is 81 degrees in July, 1825.

We turn now to the Philadelphia records. They reach back to 1748, and for the hot months, as in the case of the cold months, they present a broken series of observations. Fortunately, however, the periods we now require are complete. They are as follows—first, from 1766 to 1772; second, from 1797 to 1803; third, from 1821 to 1827; fourth, from 1831 to 1837; fifth, from 1851 to 1857.

Π.

TABLE showing the mean temperature of Philadelphia for the three hot months of the year— June, July, August.

IST	PERIOD.	2D I	PERIOD.	3D F	ERIOD.	4TH]	Period.	5TH PERIOD.		
Years.	Tempera- ture.	Years.	Tempera- ture.	Years.	Temper- ature.	Years.	Temper- ature.	Years.	Temper ature.	
1767	73 · 5	1798	77.3	1822	72.7	1832	73.0	1852	73.6	
1768	68.6	1799	74.2	1823	78.7	1833	71.0	1853	74.6	
1769	73.0	1800	73.5	1824	77.I	1834	74.3	1854	75.4	
1770	71.6	1801	73 - 3	1825	74.7	1835	73.6	1855	73.9	
1771	70.3	1802	73.6	1826	73.3	1836	68.8	1856	75.6	
Mean for 5 years.	71.40		74.38		75 · 30		72.14		74.62	

From this it appears that there has been no decided change of temperature in the summers of Philadelphia. The first and fourth periods vary only seven-tenths of a degree, the second and fifth only two-tenths of a degree. The difference of temperature between New York and Philadelphia for these hot months is only 1.51 degree, while we found it in the cold months to be 2.66 degrees.

We have records of Boston dating back 86 years. Unfortunately they are not all taken from the same station. Assorting them into periods of five years, as was done for the cold months, we have first, from 1797 to 1803; second, from 1821 to 1827; third, from 1831 to 1837; fourth, from 1850 to 1856.

III.

Table showing the temperature of Boston for the three hot months of the year—

June, July, August.

IST	PERIOD.	2 D	Period.	3D	Period.	4TH PERIOD.		
Years.	Temperature.	Years.	Temperature.	Years.	Temperature.	Years.	Temperature	
1798	72.5	1822	70.5	1832	67.4	1851	68.0	
1799	71.2	1823	69.9	1833	67.4	1852	68.8	
1800	70.2	1824	68.7	1834	68.7	1853	6 8 .2	
1801	70.7	1825	73.0	1835	68.6	1854	69.4	
1802	70.9	1826	71.1	1836	64.4	1855	68.3	
Mean for 5 years.	71.10		70.64		67.30		68.54	

The mean temperature for the three hot months in Boston is 2.66 degrees lower than that of New York. This is nearly the same difference that we found for the cold months in the last year's report.

Treating the Charleston records in a similar manner, we have for the periods—first, from 1749 to 1755; second, from 1754 to 1760; third, from 1822 to 1829; fourth, from 1830 to 1836; fifth, from 1849 to 1855.

IV.

Table showing the mean temperature of Charleston, for the three hot months of the year—

June, July, August.

rst P	ERIOD.	2D PERIOD.		3D F	ERIOD.	4ТН	Period.	5TH PERIOD.	
Years.	Temper- ature.	Years.	Temper- ature.	Years.	Temper- ature.	Years.	Temper- ature.	Years.	Temper- ature.
1750	79.3	1755	78.o	1823	79.0	1831	80.4	1850	81.3
1751	80.3	1756	79.3	1824	80.8	1832	78.9	1851	81.3
1752	80.6	1757	78.0	1825	81.6	1833	79.5	1852	79.2
1753	79.0	1758	80.0	1827	80.4	1834	80.9	1853	81.0
1754	79.0	1759	84.0	1828	83.8	1835	79.8	1854	81.0
Mean for 5 years.	79.64		79.86		81.10		79.90		80.76

From this it appears that the mean of the fifth series is very near the mean of all the other four, theirs being 80.12, and its 80.76 degrees.

The general conclusion at which we are constrained to arrive from this examination of thermometrical records reaching back for many years is, that there has been no change in the temperature of the three hot months of the year in any portion of the Atlantic States.

Now we may profitably recall some of the conclusions deduced in the report of last year. Ist, taking the rainfalls in successive periods of 10 years each, and comparing them together, we found that there had been neither an increase nor a diminution in the mean quantity of rain. 2d, as respects the temperature of the cold months we found that the number of days the Hudson River had remained closed, taken in periods

of ten years, from 1817 to 1867, was about 91, and that during the entire period of record that mean was not departed from. We pointed out that observations of this class have certain advantages over the thermometric ones, in representing the temperature over a long line of country, and not being subject to local disturbances. Incidentally we remarked that in the case of certain European rivers, of which we possess exact records, their time of remaining closed, when considered for long periods, does not vary more than a fraction of a day. 3d. From thermometric records made in New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Charleston, for the first three or cold months of the year, we concluded that no change could be substantiated as having occurred in the mean temperature of these months for very many years past.

In view of all the facts, then and now presented, it may be asserted that the climate of the Atlantic States has not undergone any essential modification, and that the mean heat of summer and the mean cold of winter are the same now that they were more than a century ago.

Against this conclusion, which is based essentially on recorded instrumental observations, I cannot admit the force of any alleged historical facts. I have, a few lines above, made a remark bearing on this point, and I may add that the productiveness or infertility of a country depends not merely on its climate. If it has been wasted by war, oppressed by heavy taxation, its population diminished, its energies lost, we cannot suppose that its agricultural productiveness will equal what it might have been under a better state of things. It is also necessary to bear in mind the great topographical changes that have happened in some countries through geological causes.

Here the surface of great districts has sunk, there it has risen; in one place sands have encroached on the soil, in another the course of rivers has been changed. It is useless to draw any inference from the present desolate condition of the regions of the Euphrates and Tigris, or of the Holy Land, as contrasted with their amazing fertility in the olden days, before they had been repeatedly ravaged by war, ground down by oppression, and were under better government. Changes such as these have nothing to do with changes of climate.

Through the kindness of Prof. Silliman of New Haven, my attention has been drawn to a paper by Professors E. Loomis and H. A. Newton, in the Transactions of the Connecticut Academy for 1866, on the mean temperature and fluctuations of temperature at New Haven, in Connecticut.

I greatly regret that I had not seen this valuable paper previously, as it would have added much strength to the cases I presented in my report of last year. It gives records for New Haven from 1779 to 1867.

Treating the records furnished by this paper as in the preceding cases, and dividing them into periods of 5 years each, we have for the first period, from 1797 to 1803; second, from 1821 to 1827; third, from 1831 to 1837; fourth, from 1850 to 1856; fifth, from 1860 to 1866.

 $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$.

Table showing the mean temperature of New Haven for the three hot months of the year-June, July, August.

IST	PERIOD.	2D PERIOD.		3D PERIOD.		4ТН	PERIOD.	5TH PERIOD.	
Years.	Tempera- ture.	Years.	Tempera- ture.	Years.	Tempera- ture.	Years.	Tempera- ture.	Years.	Tempera- ture.
1798	73.I	1822	66.9	1832	67.5	1851	68.6	1861	71.6
1799	72.6	1823	68. 1	1833	67.6	1852	68.5	1862	72.1
1800	71.2	1824	67.7	1834	68.7	1853	68.6	1863	71.6
1801	71.3	1825	71.7	1835	68.3	1854	70.6	1864	72.3
1802	71.2	1826	69.1	1836	66.3	1855	68.7	1865	70.4
Mean for five years.	71.88		68.70		67.68		69.00		71.60

In this table the first period gives nearly the same result as the fifth, being 71.88 and 71.60, respectively. The same remark may be made as regards the second and fourth, which give 68.70 and 69, respectively.

The following quotations from this paper strikingly confirm for New Haven the results at which we had arrived in the case of other Atlantic cities.

"In order to determine whether the mean temperature of New Haven has changed since the time of the earliest recorded observations, we have divided the entire series of observations into two groups, the first embracing the observations down to 1820, forming a series of 41 years; the second embracing the observations since 1820, forming a series of 45 years."

"If we make the comparison by seasons, the numbers are:

Seasons.	FIRST SERIES.	SECOND SERIES.	Difference.
Winter	28.32	28.39	+ 0.07
Spring	46.74	46.73	- 0.01
Summer	69.99	69.34	- o . 65
Autumn	51.39	51.24	- o.15 _.
Year	49.11	48.93	- o.18

"The final result is that the mean temperature of New Haven, by the last 45 years, is one-fifth of a degree lower than by the first 41 years; but this quantity does not exceed the probable zero error of most of the thermometers employed in the observations, and we must conclude that if the mean temperature of New Haven has changed at all since 1778, the change amounts to only a small fraction of a degree, and cannot be certainly decided from the observations."

In their paper they show that there is a very slight difference in the early and late frost for those same years, and the same may be said of snow and the flowering of trees. I cannot do better than give their last table containing these results:

	First Series.	SECOND SERIES.	Difference.
Last snow of Winter	March 29.7	March 28.1	- 1.6
Peach trees in blossom	May 1.9	May 2.3	+ 0.4
Apple trees in blossom	May12.7	May12.1	- 0.6
Last frost of Spring	May 19 . 1	May18.9	0.2
First frost of Autumn	September.22.2	September.20.4	— 1.8
First snow of Winter	November.24.4	November, 26.3	+ 1.9

"The differences between the two series of observations, as shown in the last column, are sometimes positive and sometimes negative; the average of all the differences being negative, and amounting to quite not one-third of a day.

"When we consider that the observations which are here compared were made by more than twenty different persons, without concert and without any uniform system of observation; that the subjects of observation are in their very nature somewhat indefinite; and that many of these records were casually made, without any idea that special importance would ever be attached to them, we must admit that the small discrepancy of one-third of a day may have resulted from the want of uniformity in the system of observation, without implying the slightest permanent change in the character of our climate.

"We conclude, therefore, finally, that during the past 86 years there has been no permanent change at New Haven, either in the mean temperature of the year or in that of any of the separate months; and that there has been no permanent change in the average date of occurrence of the last frost of spring, or the first frost of autumn—of the first snow of winter, or the last snow of winter—or in the average date of flowering of fruit trees, such as peach, cherry, etc."

These temperature results, derived from the New Haven records, agree with those we have gathered for the cold months in last year's report, and for the hot months in this. I might extend the same conclusions for portions of the Mississippi valley, but it would make this report unduly long. The records of New Orleans, Cincinnati, St. Paul, &c., so far as they go, indicate a like stability of climate.

The period to which the year 1836 belongs is well worthy of attention. In some respects it seems to be an exception to the general uniformity, as appears from the synoptic chart of the mean annual temperature, Plate I. The mean annual temperature of New York began to decline in 1830, and continued so to do for two years; then it remained stationary for two years more, and then for two years—that is to say, to 1836 it fell again. Thus far it had fallen 7.2 degrees. commenced to rise, returning in the same manner that it had fallen, but only 5.8 degrees. In New York the fall had been from 54.8 to 47.6 degrees; the rise was from 47.6 to 53.4 de-This remarkable variation extended from Boston to New Orleans, along the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, but it did not occur in the interior of the continent, as at Fort Snelling, near St. Paul. In plate I, I have given the curves for several American cities, and also for St. Petersburgh, in Russia. I have introduced that of the last-named city, in which we do not detect this variation, because it seems to me to have much significance in the interpretation that should be given of Variations such as this can be due only to one of two causes, astronomical or terrestrial. If the sun's light decline in brilliancy, there must be a decline in the mean temperature; if it increases, there must be an increase. persons might be disposed to refer the variation under consideration to that astronomical cause; but if such were the case the temperature should simultaneously change in all local-We should detect decline in ities on the face of the earth. St. Petersburgh and Fort Snelling as clearly as in the Atlantic cities, or in those of the Gulf. Hence I infer that the cause in question was not of an astronomical nature, but of a local and temporary kind.

(2.) WHAT IS THE DIRECTION IN WHICH ATMOSPHERIC FLUCTU-ATIONS CROSS THE UNITED STATES.

My attention was first strongly drawn to this subject by the disaster which befel a large number of deciduous and evergreen trees in the spring of last year (1872). Of these there were destroyed in the Central Park alone nearly eight thousand, and it was estimated that there were killed in the country from the Atlantic to beyond the Mississippi, and from Virginia to Canada, many millions. It was recognized that this great destruction was due to a sudden and severe cold which occurred about the middle of March. The detail of the facts is as follows:

On the 15th of March there was a strong and bitter wind from the north-west, with sleet; the thermometer fell from 51 degrees to 17.2 degrees. Every branch was covered with icicles, and the temperature not rising at 2 P. M. higher than 27 degrees, they did not melt for more than a day. It was this intense cold, occurring after the sap had risen in the trees in question, that was the cause of their destruction.

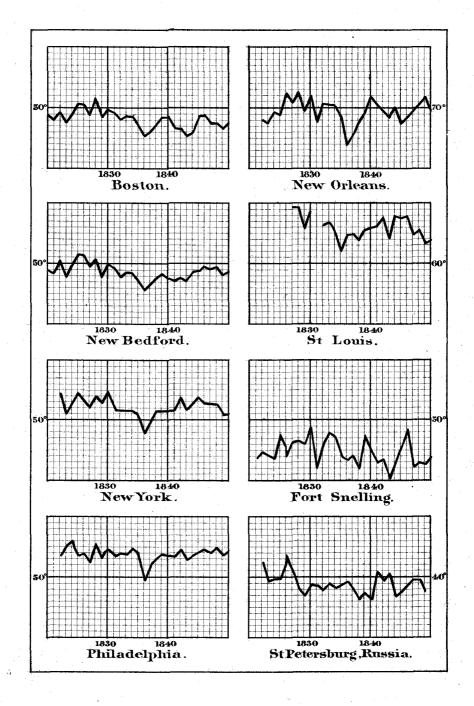
With a view of ascertaining the direction and rate of progress of this intense cold, I collated the records of our observatory with the daily maps published by the War Department at Washington, and with the following result:

On the 13th of March, a cold wind coming from the north-west appeared in all the region between the Rocky Mountains and the Mississippi river. It lowered the temperature of the places over which it was passing by more than 20 degrees. It had a front of at least a thousand miles and probably much more; the velocity of this wind was about 500 miles per day. On the 14th it crossed the space between the

PLATE I.

CHARTS SHOWING LOW TEMPERATURE

FOR 1836.



Mississippi and the Alleghanies; on the 15th it passed over the line of the Alleghanies and went out to sea. The storm, in the course of three days moved about 879 miles, and as soon as it had passed, the temperature, in those regions, successively, rose to its average.

This incident obviously suggested the desirability of investigating the direction and progress of other great atmospheric fluctuations. It is evident that the solution of such problems is intimately connected with the foretelling of the weather by telegraph. I have, therefore, during the past year, devoted much attention to this subject, conducting the enquiry in the method just indicated, viz., collating the observations of this observatory with those given in the weather maps of the War Department.

So far as the past year (1872) is concerned, I have found that the course of the atmospheric fluctuations was in the same direction as above indicated; some of them, however, being much better marked than others. I will select the month of February on account of the great changes it presents, as being the best adapted for an illustration.

Map I represents the thermometric condition of the United States on the 4th of that month. There was a cold wave which had advanced as far as Leavenworth, Omaha, St. Paul; its maximum was at Denver, Cheyenne and Virginia City. In front of this was a warm wave, which had reached Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, New York, Portland. Its maximum passed through Galveston, Cairo, Detroit, Kingston. Again, in front of this was another cold wave, the maximum of which appears to be marked by the line from Key West, through Lake City, to

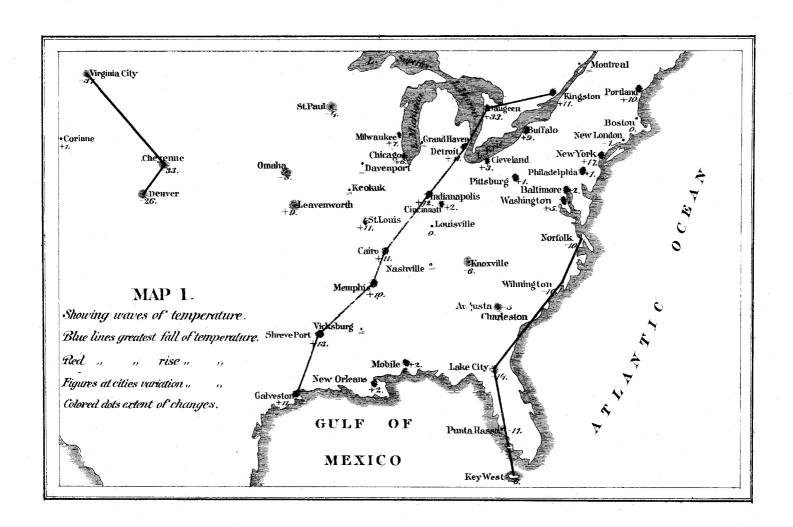
New York. There were, therefore, on that day two cold waves, including between them one of heat.

The following tables present the same results in more particular detail.

If we draw a line from Cheyenne to Charleston, the direction of which is from about W. N. W. to E. S. E., the towns near that line stand in the following order: Cheyenne, Omaha, Keokuk, St. Louis, Cairo, Louisville, Knoxville, Augusta, Charleston; to these may be added, for reasons that will presently appear, Lake City, Punta Rassa and Key West.

I do not take the absolute temperature of the places successively under examination on the day of inquiry, but the change that had occurred in the thermometer during the preceding 24 hours. There may have been a rise or a fall from the preceding day.

In these tables the names of the places are upon the upper line; the first vertical column contains the days of the month, which, as we have said, is February; the numbers in the successive columns under each of the towns show how much thermometrical fluctuation, either in rise or fall, there had been. If, now, we connect by a red line all the adjoining increases, and, in like manner, by a blue all the adjoining diminutions, we perceive that these colored lines do not run straight across the table for the same day or days, but incline downwards as they approach Key West from Cheyenne. Their position and inclinations indicate the successive passage of these fluctuations in a general manner from the north-west to the south-east. They indicate also that the rate of advance of these fluctuations is not always the same. The entire dis-



tance is sometimes accomplished in three, and sometimes in not less than seven days. For example, let us take the fall of temperature observed at Cheyenne on the 4th of February, and which was 33 degrees; on the same day, at Omaha, it was 8 degrees; on the 5th, at Keokuk, the fall was 21 degrees, and at St. Louis 12. On the 6th, the fall, both at Cairo and Louisville, was 11 degrees; on the 7th, the fall at Knoxville was 9 degrees, and at Augusta 3 degrees; on the 8th at Charleston, it was 13 degrees; Lake City, 9; Punta Rassa, 2, and on the 9th, at Key West, it was 6 degrees. This atmospheric fluctuation was evidently a cold wave of two days' duration; for, commencing at Cheyenne on the 5th, and running in the same direction to the 10th, at Key West, we have a repetition of similar observations.

Again, on the 6th of the same month, we find, at Cheyenne, a rise of temperature of 10 degrees; on the 7th, at Omaha, of 12 degrees; on the 8th, at Cairo, of 17 degrees; on the 9th, at Augusta, of 6; on the 10th at Charleston, of 2 degrees; on the 11th, at Key West, 7 degrees. From this it might seem that the cold wave described as setting out from Cheyenne on the 4th in the preceding paragraph, was followed by a hot wave setting out on the 6th, and moving in the same direction, and, as the former was experienced at Cheyenne for two days—that is, on the 4th and 5th—so this was experienced at the same place for three days, the 6th, 7th and 8th. The table also shows that of these waves of heat and cold, there were about ten of each kind during the month.

For the sake of convenience, we have thus far used the term heat wave, as though there had actually been a passage of heat, as there is a passage of cold; probably, however, the true mechanism of the phenomena is this, that after the passage of the cold wave, the natural heat of the season resumes its sway.

Had there been at the successive stations self-recording instruments, or had even hourly observations been taken at them, there would have been no difficulty in determining with accuracy the breadth of these cold waves, as well as the rate of their movement.

If lines be drawn perpendicular to the preceding one from Cheyenne to Charleston, on examining the fluctuations of temperature of places near those lines, we shall find that similar ones occur nearly on the same day; this is shown in Table VI, fig. 2, which is constructed for such a line drawn from New Orleans to Montreal. Thus it will be seen that on the 5th of February there was a rise at New Orleans, Nashville, Louisville, Pittsburgh, Buffalo and Montreal, and in like manner, on the 7th, there was a fall at the same points. It is evident that this is what should take place, as the great cold wave advanced upon or left all those places nearly at the same time.

It may be thought that the table exhibits exceptions to this general conclusion, as, for instance, on the 6th of the same month, on which day there seems to have been a rise at New Orleans, a fall at Nashville and Louisville, a rise at Pittsburgh and Buffalo, a fall at Montreal; but this is probably due to slight irregularities in the front or rear of the cold wave.

From variations of temperature we turn to variations of pressure—from the thermometer to the barometer.

Proceeding in the same manner as in the foregoing case,

TABLES SHOWING THERMOMETRICAL WAVES

crossing the United States.

FOR

FEBRUARY 1872.

FIG. 1.

FIG. 2.

FEBRUARY	Cheyenne	Omaha	Keokuk	StLouis	Cairo	Louisville	Knoxville	Augusta	Charleston	Lake City	Punta Rasse	KeyWest
1	+15	+8	+6	-8	-8	- 5	+6	+4,	+ 2	+10	-	-
2	-2	+3	+11	+21	+20	+16	+23	+10	+ 8	+20	+16	+12
3	+11	+1	-4	-13	-16	-4,	+2	-1	-1	-12	- 3	- 5
4	-33	-8	1	+11	+11	0	-6	- 5	-7	-14	-11	-6
5	-11	+1	-21	- 12	+ 4	+17	- 1	r+ 2	+7	+ 9	+7	+ 5
6	+10	1	-10	- 1	-11	-11	+13	+19	+13	+24	+14:	+ 8
7	+31	+12	+8	-8	-6	- 9	- 9	- 3	+ 2	-6	0	-1
8	+ 5	+ 1	+8	+3	+17	+ 5	+11	-11	-13	-9	-2	+2
9	- 5	+16	+7	+7	+ 5	+ 7	-3	+6	+1	-7	- 5	-6
10	- 5	-7	+ 6	+17	+8	+ 7	+2	+2	+ 2	+3	-12	- 8
11	-3	-4	+8	+7	+6	+ 5	+2	+ 1	+4.	0	+7	+7
12	+3	+11	-4	- 6	0	- 2	+ 7	+ 9	+ 8	+10	+9	+6
13	- 7	-38	-24	- 7	- 6	+10	+4	- 3	-3	- 2	-4	-4.
14	+20	- 2	-6	-19	-22	-40	-33	-14	-10	-10	- 5	-1
15	- 8	+26	+10	+8	+7	+3	- 5	-7	-10	- 8	- 7	-9
16	+4	+ 5	+16	+18	_	+24	+18	+ 6	+ 8	+7	-2	+1
17	0	0	- 8	-1	Ξ	- 8	+ 3,	+10	+ 9	+10	-18	+10
18	+7	-1	Ξ	-1	0	+ 5	-2	-13	- 9	-10	-10	-6
19	-1	+7	- 0	0	. 0	-1	+1	+10	+ 1	+10	+ 8	+4
20	-	-	1	+8	+10	- 1	-8	- 7	- 4	-14	-15	- 8
21	+11	0	- 4	-10	-10	+6	+15	+6	+ 7	+ 4	+ 1	+3
22	- 5	-7	- 5	+ 3	- 5	-10	-13	+ 4,	+ 4	+ 9	+15	+6
23	+ 5	+14	+16	+ 9	+14	+7	- 3	-10	- 6	-11	-14	, -8
24	-1	+9	-2	+ 8	+ 7	+12	+6	+ 7	+ 7	+10	_	+6
25	- 8	- 25	-12	-15	- 9	- 8	+12	+ 9	+ 7	+ 7	_	+4
26	-2	+10	- 1	-1	- 2	- 6	-10	-11	-8	- 9	- 8	- 5
27	- 5	-1	+ 1	+1	+ 1	+2	+ 7	+6	О	0	+ 6	+3
28	-3	- 3	- 3	- 3	- 2	-7	- 2	+ 8	+ 3	+12	- 1	+4
29	+4	+2	+3	Ó	- 5	- 1	+ 5	-11	- 1	+ 6	+ 6	+2

FEBRUARY	New Orleans	Nashville	Louisville	Pittsburgh	Buffalo	Montreal
1	+6	+4,	- 5	0	+3	-6
2	+2	+16	+16	+3	- 9	+12
3	- 5	-,6	- 4	+14	+12	-1
4	+ 2	-11	0′	+ 1	+3	
5	+12	+21	+17	+11	+3	+8
6	+ 8	-2	-11	+13	+ 1	- 7
7	-17	- 9	- 9	-34	-20	-11
8	+4.	+14	+ 5	O'	+ 5	- 5
9	+ 4.	- 5	+ 7	+17	+ 5	+1
10	- 2	+6	+7	+ 1	0	+3
11	+ 14	+ 8	+ 5	+ 9	+10	
12	-11	+ 2	+ 2	+10	+ 7	+12
13	+ 6	+ 5	+10	+ 5	+9	-9
14	- 11	-31	-40	-30	-31	+13
15	-2	-	+ 3	- 6	+ 2	-20
16	+11	_	+24	+8	+ 7	+ 3
17	- 2	-10	- 8	+13	1	-4
18	0	0	+ 5	- 5	⊢7	+
19	-2	-3	- 1	+10	+2	0
20	-3	_	-1	- 5	+ 7	+:3
21	+ 5		+6	0	+8	+17
22	-12	- 6	-10	-10	-18	-24
23	- 3	0	+ 7	+ 5	+ 5	-2
24	+17	+18	+12	+20	+25	+ 19
25	- 5	-13	- 8	- 5	0	
26	- 1	-3	-		-25	-33
27	+ 6	+ 9	+ 2	0	+ 1	+2
28	0	- 6	- 7	0	+ 4	+7
29	- 9	-1	- L	+ 5	-9	-4

Red Lines represent rise of Temperature.

Blue " fall " "

VII.

TABLES SHOWING BAROMETRICAL WAVES

crossing the United States.

FOR

FEBRUARY 1872.

FIG.1.

FIG. 2

		,										
FEBRUARY	Cheyenne	Omaha	Keokuk	StLouis	Cairo	Louisville	Knoxville	Augusta	Charleston	Lake City	Punta Rasse	KeyWest
1	- 01	- 22	11	-09	- 11	+07	+03	+01	+02	-02	-	_
2	+01	+ 12	+07	-09	-08	-03	-12	-13	- 12	- 11	-09	- 07
3	-04	-18	-02	-03	+03	. 00	-01	-07	-06	+03	+02	+02
4.	+02	+14	-	-12	-06	+01	+05	+08	+ 13	+02	+ 01	00
5	+10	+06	+08	+01	+02	+02	+04	+08	+05	+01	-02	- 03
6	+06	+12	+15	+20	+27	+ 24	-01	-07	-04	-02	+01	+01
7	-01	-17	-01	00	-02	+ 01	+08	+09	+09	00	- 01	00
8	-12	-02	-04	-12	-06	-06	-05	-21	-21	-15	- 11	-08
9	+03	-08	-06	-05	-08	-07	+03	-02	ÓO	+03	+03	+01
10	+16	-08	-08	-06	-04	-03	+05	+08	+10	+02	+'01	+02
11	-27	+ 13	+09	+08	+ 04	→ 01	+ 01	+02	+03	00	-02	- 01
12	-07	-29	- 11	-08	- 03	+ 3!	- 02	-03	- 12	+06	+03	+02
13	+08	+26	+49	+40	+28	- 14	-06	-02	+04	+04	+06	+02
14	-12	- 09	-01	-06	-01	+01	+01	+02	+11	+09	+02	-02
15	+02	- 20	-07	-06	- 03	-03	+04	+04	+15	+06	+02	
16	-07	+07	00	- 11		- 17	-12	- 11	- 05	-09	-03	- 05
17	+02	+01	+04	+06	+15	+16	+13	_	-01	+04	_	-07
18	-02	+07	_	+08	+07	+06	+05	+06	+10	+06	+02	
19	-17	-10	-01	+02	+04	+02	+03	-12	00	00	 i	-10
20	_			-06	00	-02	+06			+09	+06	
21	+03	-18	-06	-07	-01	-14	-07	-12	-08	-10	- 07	- 05
22	-19	-09	+06	-01	+02	+05	+05	- 02	-06	+ 11	-02	00
23	+01	-17	-15	-14	-07	-05	+06	+15		+01		+03
24		+06	_	-01	-04	-01	-01	-05	-01	-08		-04
25	_	+11	+21	+25	+23	+18	+11	-	+05	+12	00	+22
			+08	00	00	+07					+04	
27	03				+04	-08	-02	- 06	-05	-	+01	- 02
28	02	08	-10	-11	-06	00	00	-	+03	03	-	09
29		-	_	_	+ 14	00	1	02	-	-	_	
	7.0	0-0	-00	VO	1.2	901	. 02	94	-1	02	.03	.01

FEBRUARY	NewOrleans	Vicksburg	Nashville	Indianapolis	Detroit
1	- 17	-08	-02	-03	-03
2	60	+03	-06	+02	+06
3	+04	+05	+07	-08	- 15
4	-03	-06	-06	-05	-10
5	-03	-01	+01	+13	+31
6	+02	+34	+21	+22	+08
7	-04	-03	00	+08	+08
8	-04	-05	-02	-08	- 13
9	+01	- 01	-01	-01	-06
10	-03	- 05	-02	-02	-05
11	-20	-04	-or	+04	-02
12	+03	+06	-	+ 10	+04
13	+03	+ 13	-07	-10	-30
14	+ 04	+03	-01	+02	- 01
1 5	-05	-05	_	00	00
16	-08	-07	-17	-14	-01
17	+05	+13	+18	+ 11	+01
18	-04	-03	+07	+05	+02
19	+06	+09	+07	+04	+ 14
20	-03	+05		-07	08
21	-15	-07	+02	-10	-03
22	+04	+06	+08	+08	+11
23	-02	-05	-12	-10	-22
24	-14	-19	-17	-03	08
25	+10	+14	+18	+25	34
26	+04	+ 11	+09	-04	12
27	-03	+02	-03	-05	03
28	07	-10	-04	-00	- 01
29	+04	+09	+24	-03	02

and taking in succession the same places on the line from Chevenne to Charleston, we mark by a red line elevations of the barometer, and by a blue line its depressions. We notice at once, for the same days of the month, that where there is a red line for the thermometer there is a blue one for the barometer, and vice versa. The number of alternations from red to blue is the same in each case. It will be seen from the general appearance of the table that there is a correspondence between this and the preceding case, but the low barometrical areas travel from about W.S.W. to E.N.E. This is nothing more than might be anticipated, when we consider the nature of the indications of the thermometer and barometer respectively. The former measures only the temperature of the lower atmospheric strata in which it is placed, but since the air is dilated by heat and condensed by cold, the latter is influenced by the temperatures of all the atmospheric strata directly above it, from the lowest to the uppermost. From this point of view it may be considered, as Jacobi has shown, to officiate as a differential thermometer.

What is it that these tables show? An atmospheric fluctuation occupies several successive days in its passage in a determinate direction, but the places that are on lines at right angles to that direction exhibit changes that are simultaneous. It follows, therefore, that these atmospheric movements are not all cyclonic, or arranged around a central point, many are analogous to those exhibited by the waves of the ocean, long and straight, with maxima and minima lines.

What has just been found in reference to the thermometric indications holds good, in a general way, for great rain storms. These, however, are much influenced by local circumstances.

In Map II we have an illustration of the progress of one of these storms, the blue lines indicating its front face. On the 4th February it extended from Denver to St. Paul; on the 5th, it was found simultaneously at Vicksburg, Chicago and Montreal—a very considerable advance. On the 6th it had reached New Orleans, Knoxville and New York. On the 7th it had made another great stride; its front was extended to Mobile, Wilmington and Norfolk. On the 8th it was at Punta Rassa, Lake City and Charleston; on the 9th at Key West, and thence it went out to sea.

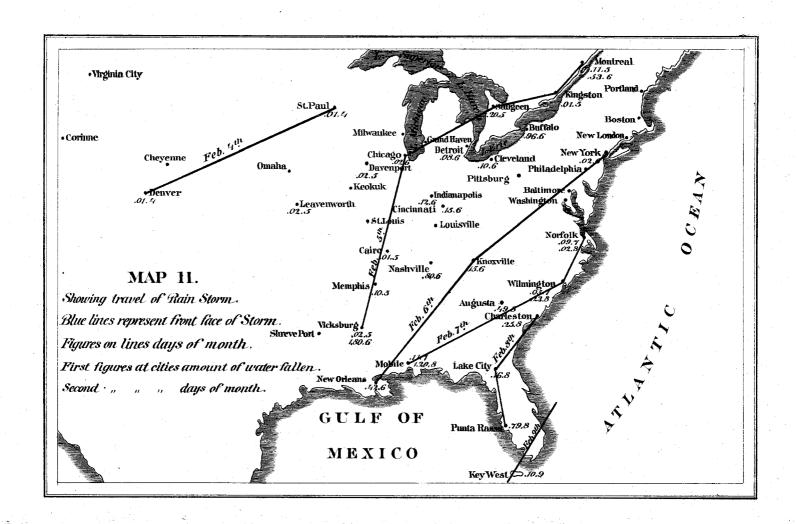
I insert, as an interesting companion to the preceding, the map, Plate III, which represents the thermometric movements contained in table VI. In this it will be seen that the front of the cold wave on February 4th, was at Denver, Omaha and St. Paul; on the 5th it had reached St. Louis, Indianapolis, Saugeen; on the 6th, Shreveport, Louisville, Montreal; on the 7th, New Orleans, Augusta, New York and Portland; on the 8th, at Punta Rassa and Wilmington, and on the 9th Key West.

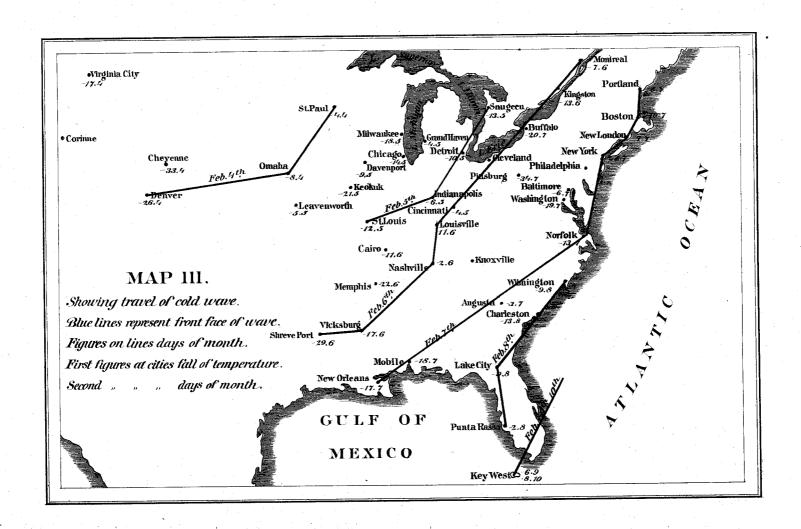
Then the general conclusion to be drawn from these tables and maps is, that these atmospheric disturbances cross the United States in a direction towards the east.

(3.) IS IT POSSIBLE TO TRACE THE PASSAGE OF AMERICAN STORMS ACROSS THE ATLANTIC, AND PREDICT THE TIME

OF THEIR ARRIVAL ON THE EUROPEAN COAST.

If these meteorological waves cross the United States, why should they not also continue their course and cross the Atlantic ocean? With a view of answering this inquiry, I have collated the registers produced by the instruments at this





Observatory with those obtained at Valencia and Falmouth, as given in the *Quarterly Weather Report*, published by the Meteorological Office of Great Britain, the distance under consideration being about 3,100 miles. From this it appears that there are many atmospheric waves which do cross the Atlantic, and that the time of their passage may, within certain limits, be predicted. If, in the case of an easterly wind which is traveling about 200 miles in twenty-four hours, we find the exact time of the lowest reading of the barometer, and ascertain its speed for 24 hours before and 24 hours after that time, the mean of these two numbers will give the rate of the storm in 24 hours. If 4,200 be divided by this last number, the quotient will express the number of days required by the storm to cross from New York to Falmouth or Valencia.

If the above statement can be shown to hold good in the case of storms for two or three years, the result would be of great value to home and foreign commerce. It would indicate whether ship captains about to leave port might be delayed by approaching foul weather, whether they could get well out to sea before its occurrence, in what part of the ocean they might expect to encounter it, and what would be its duration.

As an explanation of the following tables, I will take the first example that they offer:

On the 4th of October, 1869, there occurred a low barometer (at this Observatory) at I P. M. In 24 hours previously the wind had made 313 miles, in the 24 subsequently it made 286 miles, the mean of these numbers being 299. This divided into 4,200, gives the time of passage across the Atlantic, 14 days, and the date of its arrival at Falmouth, October 18th. The actual time of its arrival, as shown in the English Weather Reports, was on that day.

VIII.

Table showing the computed and actual times of the Passage of Storms across the Atlantic.

1869.

Date of Storm at New York.	Time of Lowest Barometer.	24 hours before. Miles.	24 hours after. Miles.	Mean Miles.	Number of days to cross.	Date of predicted arrival.	Date of actual arrival at Falmouth.
Oct. 4	I P. M.	313	286	2 99	14	Oct. 18	Oct. 18
" 15	I2 M.	308	289	298	14	" 27	" 26, 27
·· 16	3 A.M.	97	359	223	18	Nov. 3	Nov. 3, 4, 5
" 23	5 P. M.	159	315	237	17	" 9	8
Nov. 17	I P. M.	320	344	332	12	" 29	" 29
" 20	7 A. M.	514	229	371	11	Dec. I	" 30
Dec. 1	I A. M.	187	421	304	13	" I4	Dec. 14, 15
" 6	4 P. M.	312	448	380	11	" 17	" 17, 18
" 16	I P. M.	370	140	255	16	Jan. 1, 18	70 Jan. 1, 1870
· · 18	9 P. M.	355	387	371	11	Dec. 29	Dec. 29, 30
" 22	9 Р. М.	289	291	290	14	Jan. 6	Jan. 8
: 28	2 P. M.	223	249	236	17	" 14	" 14

IX.

Table showing the computed and actual times of the Passage of Storms across the Atlantic.

1870.

Date of Storm		Time of Lowest Barometer.	24 hours before. Miles.	24 hours after. Miles.	Mean Miles.	Number of days to cross.	Date of predicted arrival.	Date of actual arrival at Falmouth.
Jan.	I	I2 P. M.	201		280	11	Jan. 12	Jan. 11, 12
66	8	IP.M.	205 166	555 289	380 228	18	" 26	" 26 to 31
66	15	9 P. M.	300	184	242	17	Feb. I	Feb. I
"	17	II P. M.	215	180	197	20	" 6	" 6
44	25	2 P. M.	305	265	2 8 5	IA.	" 7	" 7
"	29	9 P. M.	305 167	330	253	16	" 14	" 13, 14
Feb.	Ī	3 A. M.	258	402	330	12	" 13	" 13
" "	12	2 P. M.	135	402 385 458	260	16	" 28	" 27, 28
66	18	9 P. M.	480	458	469	9 16	." 27	" 27, 28
44	24	3 A. M.	109	413	261		March 12	Mar. 12
* f	27	9 P. M.	366	207	286	15	" I4	" 15
March	. 13	9 A. M.	532	323	427	10	3	
	16 28	II A. M.	390	352	371	11		23, 20
		3 A. M.	690	141	415	10	April 7	April 8, 9
April	5 12	4 A. M.	355	259 378	307 452	13 9	" 21	" 21, 22
6.6	18	2 P. M.	527 435	219	327	13	May I	May I
44	25	4 A. M.	197	255	226	17	" 12	" 11, 12
June	11	2 P. M.	367	255 128	247	17	June 28	June 28
Sept.	18	5 A. M.	355	203	324	13	Oct. I	Oct. 1, 2
"	30	12 P. M.	357	189	273	15	" 15	" 15, 16
Oct.	3	2 P. M.	366	108	237	17	" 20	" 18, 19
""	6 }	oh. om.	119	334	226	18	" 24	" 23, 24
6.6	28	2 A. M.	217	287	252	16	Nov. 13	Nov. 13, 14
4.6	31	5 A. M.	243	367	305 280	13	" 13	" 13, 14
Nov.	3	12 M.	170	390	280	15		" 18, 19
44	9	4 P. M.	185	429	307	13	" 22	" 22, 23
"	14	4 A. M.	276	228	252	16	3~	30
	22 26	12 M.	533	348 280	440	9	Dec. 1	Dec. 1
Dec.	6	4 A. M. 5 A. M.	147		213 250	19		*4, *3
1,66.	8	5 A. M. 12 M.	197 130	303 392	261	17 16	" 23 " 24	" 24 " 24
46	12	9 P. M.	334	115	225	18	" 30	" 31
44	14	2 P. M.	139	354	264	17	" 31	Jan. 1, 2, 187
	18	7 A. M.	225	277	251	17	Jan. 4, 187	'I " 4, 5
"	20	5 A. M.	135	261	25 i 198	21	" 10	" 9
"	23	2 P. M.	135 185	347	266	16	" 8	" 9 " 8, 9
"	29	5 A. M.	165	366	265	16	" 14	" 14, 15
	3Í	I P. M.	232	257	245	17	" 17	" 16, 17

Χ.

Table showing the computed and actual times of the Passage of Storms across the Atlantic.

1871.

Date of Storm at New York.		Time of Lowest Barometer.	24 hours before. Miles.	24 hours after. Miles.	Mean Miles.	Number of days to cross.	Date of predicted arrival.	Date of actual arrival at Falmouth.
Jan.	16	6 л. м.	196	292	244	17	Feb. 2	Feb. 2, 3
4.6	22	I A. M.	144	522	333	12	" 3	" 4, 5
	27	I A. M.	335	207	271	15	" 11	" 10, 11, 1
Feb.	12	4 A. M.	105	319	212	20	March 4	Mar. 5
	18	2 P. M.	246	298	272	15	" 5	" 5, 6
March	6	I A. M.	124	253	188	22	" 28	" 28
	12	4 P. M.	184	243	213	20	April 1	April 2, 3
4.6	21	4 P. M.	229	255	243	17	" 7	" 6, 7
44	23	5 P. M.	120	399	259	16	" 8	" 7
"	27	7 А. М.	217	313	265	15	" 11	" 11
April	2	5 A. M.	355	197	276	15	" 17	" 15 to 18
"	11	12 P. M.	252	223	237	17	., 28	" 28, 29
"	27	12 P. M.	328	280	304	13	May 10	
May	7	3 A. M.	152	339	246	17	" 24	May 24
"	13	3 P. M.	135	300	218	19	June 1	June 1
"	17	4 A. M.	164	234	199	21	" 7	" 7
"	22	6 р. м.	94	219	157	26	" 17	" 17

XI.

Table showing the computed and actual times of the Passage of Storms across the Atlantic.

1872.

	Date of Storm at New York,		Time of Lowest Barometer.	24 hours before. Miles.	24 hours after. Miles.	Mean Miles.	Number of days to cross.		Date of predicted arrival.	Date of actual arrival at Falmouth.
	Jan.	4	4 A. M.	252	152	202	20	Jan.	24	Jan. 24
	"	11	12 P. M.	261	144	202	20	66	31	" 31
	"	23	5 A. M.	258	263	260	16	Feb.	8	Feb. 9
	Feb.	4	2 A. M.	518	337	427	10	"	14	" 14
	"	11	3 А. М.	383	65	224	18	"	29	" 29
	"	21	9 Р. М.	162	385	273	15	March	7	Mar. 7
	4.6	25	4 A. M.	107	330	218	20		16	
	March	2	5 P. M.	283	279	281	15	"	17	" 13 to 19
	"	4	5 P. M.	228	569	398	10	"	14	J .
	"	IO	2 P. M.	272	207	239	17	44	27	" 27
1	"	15	5 A. M.	82	504	293	14	"	29	" 29
	"	19	7 A. M.	225	357	291	14	April	2	April 2
	"	23	4 P. M.	176	286	231	18	"	ю	" 10
	"	27	4 A. M.	276	190	233	18	"	14	<u> </u>
	"	3 1	4 P. M.	291	293	292	14	"	14	
	A pril	16	2 A. M.	106	398	252	17	May	3	May 3
	"	26	6 р. м.	262	244	253	16	66	12	" 13
•	June	5	4 A. M.	204	274	239	17	June	22	June 21

The table for 1869 commences in October, this being the month in which the self-recording instruments of this observatory were sufficiently advanced to furnish reliable registers. For the year 1870, we have a complete set of observations, both from our own and the English instruments. For the years 1871-2 I have compared our results with those of the quarterly weather reports from England, as far as I have received them.

It will be noticed in the tables that sometimes storms leaving this side of the Atlantic several days apart, arrive in the British islands on the same day. When this is the case, the storm there is generally a very severe one. There are also instances in which the last storm overpasses the first by several days. It will also be observed that there are variations in the track of these atmospheric disturbances, depending on the course they are pursuing when they leave the American coast, and this will determine the point at which they will be most severely felt on reaching Europe.

We are therefore brought by the foregoing discussion to this interesting conclusion, that out of 86 atmospheric disturbances expected to cross the Atlantic, only 3 seem to have failed.

Annexed, as in former reports, are annual and monthly tables for the year 1872.

All which is respectfully submitted.

DANIEL DRAPER,

Director.

XII.

Table showing the Heights of the Barometer, monthly, for the Year 1872, reduced to Freezing Point, Fahrenheit.

Months,			Month		AXIMUM.	M	DIFFERENCE		
1872.	AT 7 A. M.	AT 2 P. M.	АТ 9 Р. М.	MEAN.	Неіднт.	DATE.	Неіднт.	DATE.	OR RANGE.
January	29.927	29.893	29.918	29.912	30.442	9 A.M., 2d.	29.496	5 A.M., 28th.	946
February	29,882	29.853	29.877	29.872	30.490	7 P.M., 7th.	29.280	2 A.M., 4th.	1.210
March	29.915	29.851	29.885	29.883	30.408	9 A.M., 24th.	29.260	4.20 P.M., 31St.	1.148
April	29.932	29.891	29.918	29.914	30.344	9.30 A.M., 30th.	29.498	3 A.M., 19th.	846
May	29.864	29.806	29.840	29.836	30.188	9 P.M., 14th.	29.404	4 P.M., 19th.	784
June	29.857	29.828	29.841	29.842	30.248	9.30 A.M., 18th.	29.430	4 A.M., 5th.	818
July	29.853	29.829	29.844	29.842	30.234	9 л.м., 9th.	29.677	7 A.M., 22d.	557
August	29.921	29.904	29.919	29.915	30.284	9 A.M., 5th.	29.558	5 A.M., 30th.	726
September	29.932	29.907	29.928	29.922	30.320	9 P.M., 10th.	29.684	4 P.M., 19th.	636
October	29.989	29.943	29.979	29.970	30.500	9 A.M., 29th.	29.454	5 A.M., 14th.	1.046
November	29.957	29.909	29.945	29.937	30.464	11 P.M., 17th.	29.466	4 P.M., 7th.	993
December	30.023	29.983	30.024	30.010	30.448	10 A. M., 30th.	29.440	3 р.м., 26th.	1.008

Year	mean at	7	A.M	29.921
	44	2	P.M	29.883
	44	9	P.M	29.909
Mean	for the	yę	ar	29.904

 Maximum for the year.
 30.500 at 9 A.M., October 29th.

 Minimum for the year.
 29.260 at 4.20 F.M., March 31st.

 Difference or Range.
 1.240

XIII.

TABLE showing the state of the Thermometer, monthly, for the year 1872.

Монтна,	MEAN	MEAN	MEAN	Молтн		AXIMUM.	Мі	ENCE GR.	
1872.	АТ 7 А. М.	2 P. M.	АТ 9 Р. М.	MEAN	Degrees.	DATE.	Degrees.	Date.	DIFFERENCE OR RANGE.
January	25.65	31.93	28,88	28.78	50.5	4.15 P.M., 13th.	7.0	10 А. м., 29th.	43.5
February	25.01	34.74	29.89	29.85	58.2	3.20 P.M., 24th.	10.0	7 A. M., 15th.	48.2
March	25.90	34 - 49	31.21	30.58	62.0	3.20 P.M., 29th.	3.0	9.30 A. м., 5th.	59.0
April	43.14	55.06	50.92	4 9·35	83.0	4 P. M., 26th.	29.0	5 A. M., 23d.	54.0
Мау	55.53	67.85	61.05	61.48	89.0	3 P. M., 10th.	41.0	5 A. M., 5th.	48.0
June	65.38	76.94	71.45	71.22	94.0	5.30 P.M., 30th.	52.0	7 A. M., 2d.	42.0
July	72.68	83.27	76.58	77 - 47	95.5	3 P. M., 2d.	62.0	12 P. M., 31St.	33-5
August	71.44	80.77	74.56	75.55	93.0	4 P. M., 14th.	53.0	3 A. M., 31St.	49.0
September	61.83	71.47	65.77	66.44	93.0	4 P. M., 8th.	46.7	5.20 A. M., 4th.	46.3
October	48.59	58.67	52.78	53.21	76.0	2 P. M., 6th.	36.0	6.30 а.м., 20th.	40.0
November	37.52	44.65	40.97	40.99	59.5	7 P. M., 12th.	14.0	4 A. M., 30th.	45-
December	24.32	29.20	26.74	26.70	48.7	т Р. м., 15th.	3.5	10.40 Р.М., 22d.	45.

	- 041		,			 	 	. 40.4-		
	44		2 P	м		 	 	. 55.75		
	4	•	9 P.	м		 	 .	. 50.90		
	Mean	for the	year.		:	 	 	. 51.02		
								93927777		
Iaximum Iinimum										

XIV.

Table showing the state of the Wet Bulb Thermometer, monthly, for the year 1872.

Months.	Mean	Mean	MEAN	Month	M	AXIMUM.	M	RENCE R (GE.	
1872.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.	MEAN.	Degrees.	Date.	Degre e s.	Date.	DIFFERENCE OR RANGE.
January	24.74	29.72	27.49	27.31	44	10 A.M., 1st.	7.0	10 A.M., 29th.	37.0
February .	24.63	31.84	28.60	28.35	47	8.15 A.M., 25th.	10.0	7 A.M., 15th.	37.0
March	25.09	31.71	29.64	28.81	50	3.30 P.M., 29th.	3.0	9.30 A.M., 4th.	47.0
April	40.07	45.54	44.45	43.35	63.5	4.15 P.M., 26th.	28.0	2 A.M., 23d.	37.5
May	50.72	56.83	54.27	53.95	69	3 Р.М., 10th.	40.0	5 A.M., 5th.	29.0
June	60.73	65.48	64.24	63.48	76	6 г.м., 29th.	46.0	7 A.M., 2d.	30.0
July	67.63	71.04	69.27	69.31	79.5	5.30 P.M., 14th.	56.0.	5 A.M., 23d.	23.5
August	67.62	70.79	68.63	69.01	80.5	4 P.M., 14th.	47 - 7	3 A.M., 31st.	32.8
September	57.56	62.96	60.55	60.35	81.5	4 P.M., 8th.	42.5	5.30 А.м., 4th.	39.0
October	44.86	50.35	47 - 37	47.52	68.5	2 P.M., 6th.	31.7	4.25 A.M., 20th.	₃ 6.8
November	34.78	39.09	37.02	36.96	57.0	7 P.M., 12th.	13.7	4 A.M., 30th.	43.3
December	23.11	27.13	25.53	25.25	42.5	1.35 P.M., 15th.	3.5	10.40 P.M., 22d.	39.0

Year mean at	7 A. M 43.46
44	2 P. M 48.54
. 6	9 P. M 46.42
Mean for the	year46.14

Maximum for the year	
Minimum for the year	3.0 at 9.30 A.M., March 4th.
Difference or Range	78.5

 ${
m XV}.$ Table showing the Duration and Depth of Rain and Snow, monthly, during the year 1872. RAIN.

And the second s	инсн Б.	D	URATIO)N,		CHES.	r Pro-	
Months.—1872.	No. of Days in which Rain Descended.	DAYS.	Hours.	MINUTES.	DEPTH IN INCHES.	TOTAL DEPTH IN INCHES.	DEPTH OF WATER PRODUCED IN INCHES.	Remarks.
January	4	0	23	О	1.73	1.73		ĺ
February	5	0	19	35	0.92	2.65		
March	8	2	3	30	2.71	5.36		
April	8	I	23	45	2.17	7 · 53		
May	11	1	12	50	2.68	10.21		
June	11	3	I	0	2.93	13.14		
July	12	2	6	5	7.83	20.97		
August	13	2	7	45	6.29	27.26		
September	9	I	19	35	2.95	30,21		
October	12	3	0	25	3.35	33.56		
November	8	3	8	30	3.74	37.30		
December	4	0	19	20	0.31	37.61		,
·						4.88		Snow water.
Total	105	24	I	20	37.61		42.49	
			S	NOW.		ar		
January	4	0	20	45	1.75	1.75	. 15	
February	I	0	II	5	3.00	4.75	.37	
March	7	2	3	45	5.12	9.87	1.03	
April	I	0	5	45 {	Melted as it fell.	}	, 12	
November	2	0	9	45	3.50	13.37	.34	
December	10	2	22	5	27.00	40.37	2.87	
Total	25	7	I	10	40.37		4.88	

XVI.

TABLE showing the Velocity of the Wind, and Prevailing Winds, during the year 1872.

Months—1872.	MILES.	DAILY MEAN.	Hourly Mean.	PREVAILING WINDS.
January	6,413	206.8	8.62	West.
February	6,767	233.3	9.72	West.
March	8,303	267.8	11.15	West.
April	6,119	203.9	8.50	West.
May	4,889	157.7	6.57	Southeast.
June	4,141	158.0	5 · 74	Southwest.
July	4,031	130.0	5.41	West.
August	3,540	114.1	4.75	Southeast.
September	3,915	130.5	5.43	Southeast.
October	5,310	171.2	7.13	West-northwest.
November	5,129	170.9	7.12	West.
December	6,575	212.1	8.83	West.

The total distance traveled by the wind during the year was 65,132 miles.

The prevailing wind was west.

XVII.

Table showing the Points from which the Wind came during the Year 1872.

	Jar	NUAI	RY.	Fer	RUA	ARY.	М	ARC	н.	Λ	PRII	.	ı	MAY		J	UNE		J	ULY.		Αυ	GUS	т.	Ser	TEM	'R.	Oc.	гова	sĸ.	No	/ЕМІ	3'R.	Dec	EMI	BER	Total.
Points.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 F.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 г.м.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 F.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 Р.М.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	To
N	1	ı	ı	3	3	4	2	2	1	1	2	0	0	r	0	ı	2	ı	0	0	0	2	1	I	0	1	0	2	I	ı	1	ı	1	0	1	2	41
NNE	1	0	1	2	1	2	2	0	2	I	1	I	o	o	2	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	1	0	1	2	1	4	2	1	0	1	2	0	1	О	38
NE	0	2	1	1	3	2	ı	4	2	τ	1	2	ī	0	0	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	1	0	3	1	1	41
ENE	0	0	1	I	1	0	2	0	0	1	О	0	ı	1	4	2	0	1	ı	1	1	υ	0	0	1	0	o	0	2	2	1	1	0	1	ī	ı	28
E	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	I	I	1	0	o	0	0	1	1	2	1	I	ī	2	3	3	0	2	r	3	1	1	o	τ	e	0	1	2	0	34
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	1	т	1	2	0	0	2	0	2	2	3	o	5	r	2	2	ĭ	۵	4	2	4	4	o	0	1	U	1	τ	0.	0	2	46
SE	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	ı	2	2	7	4	5	7	3	1	5	5	o	5	4	1	5	8	5	6	6	2	5	3	3	3	3	0	0	o	105
SSE	0	0	ı	0	0	ı	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	ı	0	2	3	o	1	3	0	2	4	0	0	3	r	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	I	30
S	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	I	1	1	1	I	1	0	1	ı	0	1	1	3	4	0	4	6	0	2	1	0	r	0	0	I	0	0	0	1	35
ssw	1	0	ı	1	2	2	2	ı	1	2	1	2	1	1	0	1	ı	2	1	1	1	7	0	0	1	2	2	I	0	ı	0	I		0	I	0	41
sw	3	1	2	3	3	1	2	2	I	4	4	2	2	3	2	4	5	2	5	0	2	5	2	0	4	1	ı	5	3	2	5	ı	3	1	2	0	88
wsw	5	5	5	2	r	2	2	2	2	4	1	1	2	2	Q	2	3	5	3	4	4	4	2	2	4	1	2	2	4	4	r	6	6	3	3	2	103
w	9	7	6	5	5	5	9	5	4	6	6	4	4	4	6	4	2	I	7	6	3	3	2	2	3	6	2	3	2	3	5	7	7	5	6	ıı	175
wnw	1	4	2	3	5	5	3	8	5	3	3	2	7	4	3	5	3	o	5	5	3	3	3	1	2	1	3	5	4	6	9	2	2	6	4	4	134
NW	5	7	3	5	5	3	2	T	4	3	3	7	5	3	3	ı	2	ī	3	ı	1	1	2	2	4	2	r	3	3	4	2	2	3	5	7	5	114
NNW	5	τ	4	2	0	0	3	2	3	0	0	0	2	2	3	0	r	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	ι	τ	1	0	o	0	2	0	1	5	2	ı	45

Prevailing Wind for the Year 1872 was West.

XVIII.

Table showing the Comparison of Year's.

	1868.	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.
BAROMETER: Highest—inches. "" date. Greatest mean monthly pressure. "" date. Lowest—inches. "" date Least mean monthly pressure. "" date. Mean for the year.	Feb. 24—7 A.M. 30.165 February. 29.076 Dec. 7—9 P.M. 29.958 December.	30.625 Dec. 911 A.M. 30.068 December, 28.932 Feb. 47 A.M. 29.723 May. 29.909	30.572 Oct. 24—9 A.M. 30.035 September. 28.988 Jan. 2—4 P.M. 29.812 February. 29.903	30.610 Jan. 19—9 A.M. 30.117 January. 29.264 Feb. 18—2 P.M. 29.797 April. 29.935	30.500 Oct. 29—9 A.M. 30.010 December. 29.260 March 31—4.20 P.M. 29.836 May 29.904
THERMOMETER: Highest—degrees	July 4—2.30 P.M. 76.0 July. 1.4 Feb. 23—4.35 A.M.	94.7 Aug. 21-2 P.M. 72.8 July. 4.0 Mar. 1-4 A.M. 51.4	94.0 June 28–4 P.M. 76.0 July. 9.5 Feb. 22–4 A.M.	92.0 May 30-5 P.M. 73.6 August. -2 Dec. 21-8 A.M.	95.5 July 2-3 P.M. 77.4 July. 3.0 March 5-9.30 A.M.
RAIN: Amount—inches	50.42	40.50	39.45	49.42	42.49
Snow: Amount (as water)—inches	8.05	6.23	2.87	2.64	4.88

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Bar	OME	TER (". attacl		nomete	r	Tı	IERMO	омет open	er (S air).	hade	in			Wind.			C	Loui	s.		RAIN AND S	Snow.	
7 A.M.	.	2 P.	м.	9 P	M.	7 /	.м.	2 F	.м.	9 P	.м.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	1 4 po	9 4							
Observed Height, Ther-	mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity in miles for 24 hours ending at 9 P.M.	Maximum force during the 24 hours in Ibs. per square ft.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	Amount of Water. Inches.	of Snow
30.072 43 30.405 27 30.340 28 29.882 36 29.888 34 29.800 35 30.176 14 30.252 22 30.110 23	7.5 3 6 4.5 4.5 2.2	30.224 29.905 29.860 29.800 30.220 30.205	32.5 32.5 40 40.5 40.5 18.7	30.060 29.934 29.820 29.968 30.202 30.184	30 35.2 36 32 29.5 15.5 23.5	27.5 28 36 34.5 35 14.5 12.2 23.5	36 33.5 31 14.5 12.2 21.7	32.5 32.5 40.5 40.5 18 22	32.5 32.5 38.5 35.5 35 18.7 22	35.2 36 32 29.5 15.5 23.5 32.5	28 35.2 35 30 26.7 15.5 23 30.5	WSW NNE NW NW NNW W NNW NNW WNW W	NW E NE N NW W NW NNW	NNW ENE NE N W NW NW NNW WSW	104 222 215 186 249 270 392 105 136	4.2 5.5 7.2 4 11.7 10.7 11 1.2 4.2	9 0 10 9 5 4 0 7 5	8 0 10 8 7 9 10 9	0 0 10 7 0 0 0	2 P.M. oh. om. A.M.	12 P.M. 5.15 A.M	.75 .50	
30.036 30 30.014 28 29.778 38 29.7834 39 29.864 28 30.018 10 29.954 23 30.022 20 30.078 31 29.628 39 29.756 33 29.756 33 29.558 31 29.558 31	3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 9.5 9.5 9.5	29.920 29.870 29.658 29.898 29.950 29.932 29.980 29.686 29.666 29.828 29.560	41.5 46.5 45 21.5 22.5 32 29 34.5 40 36 33	29.718 29.856 29.705 30.000 29.922 29.938 30.050 29.714 29.778 29.826 29.748 29.636	39 41 40.5 12 23 24.5 23 30 41.5 38.5 36 35.5 27.7 20.5	38 39 28 10 23.5 23 20 31.5 39.5 34.7	28.5 34 33.5 26.5 10 23.5 23 30 37.5 33 29 32 14.5	46.5 45 21.5 22.5 25.5 32 29 34.5 43 40 36 38 24	38.5 37 37.5 21.5 22.5 31.2 28.7 33.5 37 34.7 33.5 36	12 23 24.5 23 30 41.5 38.5 36 35.5 27.7 20.5	23 30 40 34.5 31.5 32 27.5 20.5	W WSW SSW NNW NNW W WSW WSW SW SW WSW NW	WNW SE W SW NW NW NE NW WSW E WSW W WSW W WSW	SSE SW WNW NWW NNE WNW SW SE WSW WSW	100 53 254 126 318 158 122 318 263 139 176 116 254 219 327	2 1.2 8 1.5 13.2 2.5 6.5 5.7 4 2 7.2 2.5 4	2 3 3 9 9 3 10 7 4 10 2 9 0 8	5 0 4 0 8 8 8 8 5 7 5 5 4 8	2 5 3 6 0 9 8 2 9 3 7 3 0	8.30 A.M. { 2 A.M. 4.45 P.M. oh, om. A.M.	3 P.M. 4.30 A.M. 12 P M. oh.30 m.A.M.	.02	
29.840 17 29.724 14 29.702 22 29.560 22 29.584 10 30.094 8	4 7 6.7 8	29.640 29.694 29.54 29.714 30.130	24.5 32 30.5 12.5	29.646 29.662 29.500	23.5 33.5 35.7 15	14 24 27 16.	17.5 14 24 27 16.7 8	24.5 32 30.5 12.5	24 · 5 32 30 · 5	23.5 33.5 35.7 15	20.5 23.5 33.5 35.7 15 14.5	W W SW NW W W W	W WSW NW WNW W	WSW WSW S SSW W W	330 230 163 55 374 232 167	1.2 0.7 24 3.7 2.7	5 3 7 10 4 0	4 3 9 10 0 4	0 4 10 8 2 0	1.45 A.M. 5 A.M.	11.30 A M. 7 A.M.		I. Sligh

	BAR	ROME	TER ('.	Thern red),	nomete	r	Tı		open		hade	in			Wind.			(CLOU	os.		RAIN AND S	Now.	
7	7 A. I	м.	2 P.	м.	9 F.	м.	7 -	4.м.	2 1	'.М.	91	Р.М.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.									
Observed	Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height,	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity in miles for 24 hours ending at 9 P.M.	Maximum force during the 24 hours in lbs. per square ft.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	Amount of Water. Inches,	of Snow
4 29.2.2.30.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	29, 1 406 2	19 223.5 227 224 18 28.5 28.5 28.5 33.4.5 33.4.5 29.5 31.7 23.5 29.5 31.7 23.5 31.7 23.5 31.7 23.5 31.7 23.5 31.7 23.5 31.7 23.5 31.7 24.8 31.7 25.7 26.7 31.7 31.7 31.7 31.7 31.7 31.7 31.7 31	29.652 30.170 30.000 30.442 30.288 30.040 29.872 29.914 29.900 29.410 29.500 29.500 29.500 29.680 29.734 29.976 30.026 29.602 29.680	29 27.55 41.29 28.55 37.5 22.33 38.72 23.35 37.22 38.72 44.55 35.5 26.33 35.5 35.5 35.5 35.5 36.5 37.2 37.2 37.2 37.2 37.2 37.2 37.2 37.2	30. 246 32. 338 32. 338 32. 338 30. 238 30. 238 30. 470 30. 270 30. 270 29. 938 29. 972 29. 528 29. 722 29. 588 29. 548 29. 548	24, 5 27.5; 28.5; 28.5; 28.5; 28.5; 28.5; 29.5; 29.5; 29.5; 29.5; 39.5; 29.5; 39.5; 29.5; 39.5; 29.5; 39.5; 29.5; 39.5; 29.5; 39.5; 29.5;	27 27 28 28 28 33 33 53 33 53 33 53 32 53 10 22 29 55 13 11 7 23 55 13 14 55 28 55 28 55 28 55 10 28 55 10 28 55 10 28 56 57 10 28 57 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	27 27 22 18 28.55 31.7 33 31.5 10 22 5 17 23.5 13 17 23 15 17 18 18 18 18 18	27.55.55.41.5 29 37.5 44.55.5 21 33.5 52.26 33.5	33.5 36 29 28 32.5 33 36 42.7 34.7 34.7 34.5 21 33 41.5 26 43.5	27.5 28.5 36.5 36.5 28.5 37.5 40.2 28.5 37.5 15.5 5 28.7 29.5 39.5 39.5 39.5 39.5 22.4 28.5	35 38 25.7 28.5 30 36 39.5 32.2 15.5 20.5 21.7 29.7 34.5 32.2	WWSWNE NW SE NW NNW NNW NNW ENE WWWN NN NNE SW NNW NW N	W N NE SW SW NE NE NE NE NE NE NE NE WN WNW NE WNW SSW WNW SSW WNW NW NW NW	SSW N N N N SE WSW NE NNE N NE N W WNW NN N NNE SSW W WNW SSW ESE W WNW NW NW NW NW N NNE N NNE N NNE N N N N	135 84 443 410 148 85 233 114 327 412 133 35 212 376 286 262 194 162 385 157 188 164 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 189	1.7 0.5 18.2 14.5 1.7 8.5 10 11 12.7 17.2 0.5 6.2 12.2 11 5.2 9.7 0.2 11 5.7 16 3.5 17 18 14.7 10.5 5	0 0 10 4 5 10 0 5 10 0 0 9 9	0 2 10 4 3 9 3 9 5 8 8 5 5 8 8 9 5 5 8 0 7 7 0 7 5 10 0 5 5 0 0 0 8 8	0 5 5 10 0 9 7 0 10 10 10 5 5 3 10 5 5 9 2 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	3-30 г.м.	4.20 P.M. 7 P.M. 7.20 A.M. 12 P.M. 4.30 A.M.	.06	3.00

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	BAROM	erer (' attac		nomete	r	Tı		омет open		hade	in			Wind.			C	Loup	s.		RAIN AN	ND Snow.	
	7 A.M.	2 P.	м.	g P	.м.	7 /	.м.	2 [.M.	9 P	.м.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	ty in for 24 ending M.	e 24 bs.						Amount	Depth
	Observed Height. Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity miles for hours end at 9 P.M.	Maximum force during the 24 hours in lbs. per square ft.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning	Time of Ending.	of Water. Inches.	of Snow. Inches.
2	29.880 29.790 19.5 29.758	29.924 29.534 29.804	19-7	29.966 29.556 29.836	20	13 19.5 19.5	13 19.5 19.5	32 19.7 35·5	26 19.7 34		26 20 2 7 · 7	NW NNE W	W N WNW	NW NW WSW	228 332 243	4 12 3.2	0 10 2	0 0	10 10 0	2.30 P.M.	ε р.м.	.03	.2
2	9.736 21.5	29.560	37	29.644	14	21.5	21.5	37	34	14	14	SW	S	NW	272	17	8	9	0	{ 9 A.M. 5.30P.M.	11 A.M. 7 · 30 F.M.	very slight	} .2
2	29.794 3.5 29.692 5 29.945 17.7 20.020 21.5	29.650 30.000	19.5 30.5	29.828 30.024	19 24.7	3·5 5 17·7 21.5	5	19.5	19.5		19 24.7	W W WNW W	WNW W WNW W	W WNW NW NE	537 481 360 210	19.7 21 10.5 7	3 4 4 4	5 3 2 7	2 0 10		7 - 32 7 - 311	.03	,
1	9.872 28.7		Ł.	29.736	1"	28.7	26.7	28	26.7	30.2	29.7	ENE	NE	NE	238	5.2	10	10	10	\$7.30A.M.	9 A.M 12 P.M.	.01	1.
2	9.874 30.5	29.950	43.5	29.597 29.908	35.5	34	30	43		35	32.5	NNE W	WNW	NNE.	272 161	9.2	7	10	10 10	ch.om A.M.	6.30 г.м.	1.11	ľ
13	9.870 28.5	30.150	40.2	30.026 30.072	39.5	19.5	19.5			30.5 39.5		N NW	NNW N	NNW S	290 144	18.2	10	3	o 8	1.30 A.M.	9-30 А.М	.14	2.0
3	9.746 30.5	30.004 29.950	51 27	29.762 30.070 29.964	43.5	38.5	36	51	43 27 20		39·5 20 30	WSW WNW W	ESE NW SW	ESE WNW SW	95 410 281	0.7 21 4.2	7 5 6	4 4 8	0	9 P.M. oh.om. A,M	12 P.M. 4.30 A.M.	·24 ·07	
2	9.850 32	29.714	31	29.644	29.5	32	32	31	31	29.5	29.5	SSW	SSW	W	186	4.7	10	10	10	{ II A.M. 8.45 P.M	3.45 P.M 9.30 P.M.	.02 .01	Melte as it fe
2 2	9.576 36.5	29.616 29.868 29.920	44 20.5 25	29.818 29.850 29.954 30.050	30.5 16 20.2	36.5 16	33.2 16 14.5	44 20.5 25	20.5 25	30.7 16 20.2	16 20.2	WNW SW W W	WSW W WNW WNW WSW	SE WNW W WNW SSW	256 320 411 479	7.2 17.2 22 18 8.2	4 5 2	4 9 4 3	0 2 0	10 A.M.	10.30 A M	very slight	
2	9.884 41.5	29.650 30. 1 10	33 37 • 7	29.672	33 40	41.5		33	31.7		37 33 40	ESE WSW	NE WNW	WSW WNW	312 153 288	13.2	10	10	10	7 A.M.	3.30 Г.М.	.01	
3 2	0.404 33.2 0.034 34 9.992 31	30.380 30.006 29.998	44·5 34·2 42	30.226 30.004 29.996	36 36 37	33.2 34 31	33.2 32.7 30.5	44 34 · 2 42	37 · 7 32 · 7 37 · 5	36 36 37	32.5 34 35	NNW NE NNW NNW	SE NE NNW W	NNE NNW SE	287 220	2 21 17	7 10	10	10 10 2	I A.M.	9 Р.М.	•74	2.
2		30.040 29.850 30.046	59.5	29.984 29.952 30.024	44	38 43	36 39 29.5	59.5	43·7 48·5 36	48 44 39	42 40.5 34.5		SW E	NNW ESE	78 214 140	3 1.2	8 8	9	10 10	7.30 P.M.	q.30 P.M.	.01	
	9.994 35.2					35.2		34.2		40	38.5	ENE	NE	N	274	10.7	10	ro.	10		9.30 P.M.	1.27	

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	BAI	ROME	TER ('. attacl		nomete	r	Ti	HERM	open open			in			WIND.			(CLOUI	os.		RAIN AND	Snow.	
	7 A.	м.	2 P.	М.	9 P.	м.	7	Λ.М.	2 1	γ. м.	91	ν.м.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	in 24 ng	rce 24 5s.							
DATE.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity in miles for 24 hours ending at 9 P.M.	Maximum force during the 24 hours in Ibs.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	Amount of Water. Inches.	Depth of Snow. Inches.
2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 11 15 15 17 18 19 20 21 22 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	29.522 30.050 29.964 30.102 30.103 30.103 30.103 30.024 29.923 29.970 29.952 29.952 29.952 29.970 29.952 30.020 29.952 30.020 29.820 30.020 29.820 30.020 29.820 30.020 29.920 30.020 29.920 30.020 30.020 29.920 30.020 30	53+5 132-7 132-7 132-7 132-7 147-2 147-2 141-5 1556	30.074 229.960 30.060 30.060 30.060 30.065 20.065 20.060 30.065 20.060 20.060 3	47.5 5 52 4 49.52 2 2 4 7.52 7 5 55.56 3 1 1 8 0 7.52 2 7 5 5 5 6 6 6 7.52 3 5 5 6 6 6 7.52 3 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	30.046 30.038 30.080 30.130 30.020 29.938 30.002 29.634 29.886 30.204	52.5 39 44 53.7 41.7 50 52.2 58.5 57.7 40 37 36.2 49.2 40.2 55.5 8 53.5 71.2 71.2 56.2 56.2 56.2 56.2 56.2 56.2 56.2 56	34.5 40.2 47.2 41.5 56.40.2 441.5 536.3 441.3 34.5 36.3 36.3 36.3 36.3 37.3	32 36 5 38 39 55 5 36 38 34 7 35 7 37 44 6 5 37 44 7 35 7 44 7 35 7 44 7 35 7 44 7 35 7 44 7 35 7 44 7 35 7 44 7 35 7 44 7 35 7 44 7 35 7 44 7 35 7 44 7 35 7 44 7 35 7 44 7 35 7 44 7 35 7 44 7 3 3 7 7 7 44 7 3 7 3 7 7 7 7 7 7	47.5 50 49.5 57.2 49.5 53.2 41.2 57.5 58.5 51.4 38.5 55.5 52.6 63.5 64.5 66	37.55 38.5 45.5 41.5 47.5	52.5 39 39 44 53.7 46 50 52.2 58.5 57.7 60.5 40 37 36.2 56.5 58 53 54 49 49.2 49.2 49.2 56.2 56.2 56.2 56.2 56.2 56.2 56.2 56	33 2 35 38 45.5 41 43.7 50 46.2 44 49.5 37 36.5 38.5 50 14.2 42 42 42 43.7	W WSW W WSW SE SW WNW WSW SSW WNW WSSSW SSW SSW SSW WSW NW WSW SE WSW NW NW WSW SSW SSW WSW NW NW ENE	W W WNW N NW SE NE NE WSW SE W NW SE W NW SE WNW SE WNW SE WNW SE WNW SE WNW SE WNW NW SE WNW N N SE WNW N SE W	W W NW SSW NE SE NW WNW ESE WNW S NE SE SE WNW NW ESE SE WNW SE SE NW SSE NW SSE SSW W W NNE SSE	416 305 250 225 133 134 210 176 129 248 272 155 210 319 162 354 163 183 187 76 116 210 255 237 236 237 116 125	25.5 10.2 15.7 3 5.5 5 6 2 8 9.5 4 14.5 17.5 6 21.5 5.7.2 4 2 3 10. 7.2 4.2 3.7 12 9.5 5.5	9 3 7 2 2 7 10 10 8 8 1 3 10 0 8 8 0 7 7 3 2 0 0 7 7 5 7 8 8 9 0 7 9 0 7 9 0 7 9 0 7 9 0 7 9 0 0 0 0	9 2 5 5 2 2 0 10 8 8 10 1 1 0 8 8 0 3 3 9 8 8 8 2 0 0 3 3 2 2 8 8 3 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 8 7 7 0 4 10 10 10 10 10 10 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 2 2 3 2 2 5 0 0 0 0 2 2	7.30 A.M. oh.om A.M { 4.10 A.M. } 10.50 P.M. 2.15 A.M. 6.15 A.M. 5.30 P.M. oh. om. A.M.	9,30 A.M. II P.M. 8,30 P.M. 5 30 A.M.	1.13 .11 .39 .01 .07 .15 .12 {	Melted as it fell.

-	Ваком	ETER (Therr attached).		r	Тя	IERM		er (S alr).		in			WIND.			С	LOUD	s.		RAIN AND S	Now.	
Ì	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.	м.	7 /	A.M.	2 1	`.M.	91	.м.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	ty in for 24 ending M.	e 24 lbs.						Amount	Dept
1000	Observed Height. Ther-	Observed Eleight. 'ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity miles for hours end at 9 P.M.	Maximum force during the 24 hours in 1bs. per square ft.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning	Time of Ending.	of Water. Inches,	of Snov Inch
	30. 195 46 29. 926 55. 7 20. 804 46	30.092 55.5 29.872 70 29.850 56	30.032 29.854 29.858	63	46 55·7	44 52.2 42.5	55·5	62	55·5 63		SE SE NW	SE SSE WSW	SE SE W	194	8 10.7 10.7	10	8 2 2	10 6	-1 A.M	9.15 A.M	.62	
ŀ		29.930 49	30.048	46	43	13	49		46	49 41.7	w	WNW NW	w W	252 323	12.7	6	9	4	oh. om. A,M.	1.30 A.M.	.05	
73 73 14 55 73	29.948 51.2 30.042 59 30.020 67 30.020 65 29.935 70 30.160 45.5 29.966 58.2 29.818 52.2 30.080 50 30.118 54.2 29.962 49.2	29.910 68 30.002 75.5 30.044 83 39.948 37 30.034 33.7 30.034 33.7 39.850 59 30.144 57.2 30.108 70.7 30.000 63.7 30.924 65 29.928 65	30.022 29.982 30.078 29.928 30.082 29.992 29.792 29.960 30.188 30.096	51.5 67.5 70.7 77.5 70 48.2 60.2 62 62 59 60 62.2	59 67 65 70 46.5 58.2 59 54.2 53.2 49.2	17 19 30 59.7 46 54 46.5 43.5 250	75.5 83 87 88,7 58.7 73.5 69 70.7 66.7	52 64 66.5 67.5 51 64 53.2 58 50 51	67.5 70.7 77.5 70 48.2 60.2 62 59 60 62.2	60 63 64.2 62.2 47 58 50 52.7 53.7 52 50	WWSWWNWWNWSWNWWNWSE	WNW SW W SW ENE ESE NW NW SE NNW SE SE	NNE SW WNW SW ENE ENE NNE SSE ENE NNE SEE W	225 237 109 73 154 168 262 95 149 142 132 128 92 139	16.5 3 3 4.2 4.7 8 3.5 3.5 3.5 4.7 1.2 4.2	500000000000000000000000000000000000000	38 0 6 6 7 0 8 2 3 9 0 0 0 9	0 0 0 2 0 6 2 0 0 0 5 8	5. IO P.M. {ch. 30m. An { 4 30 P.M.		.11	
		29 600 67.2			60	56	67.2	58.5		54	WSW	WNW	NW NNW	183	9	5	6	5	oh. 15m. P.M		.04	
I	30.010 58.5	29.838 59.5 29.980 73.5 29.678 71.5	29.872	65.2	55 · 5 58 · 5 64	5 53	73.5	56.2 60.7 66.5	65.2	55·7 59·7 58	NNW S	SE WSW	SE WNW	104 142 213	5.2 3 8	8 10	5 7 9	10 10 2	8.30 P M. 1.30 A.M.	12 P M. 2 P.M.	·33	
1	29.850 62	29.854 72	29.812	65	62	55	72	62	65	ó0.2	WNW	SE	ESE	119	2.2	3	7	8	oh. 30m. P.M.	2.30 P.M.	not mea- surable.	
	29.784 62	29.788 72	29.830	1	62	60	72	62 .	68	57	SE	W	WNW	73	1.2	10	9	10	8 л.м.	8.30 A.M. {	not mea- surable.	
	29.926 58 29.850 62.5 29.720 55.	5 29.790 67.	29.930 29.700 5 29.900	56 61	58 62.	50 5 53 · 1 5 51 · 1	68 7 68 7 67.	55·5 59 56	56 56	56.5 53.5		NNW SE SSW	NNW W NNW	71 162 197	10 6	0 2	7 9 6	10	3.40 P.M.	6.35 г.м.	•34	
֡	30.004 50.5 30.068 57 29.958 54	30.032 66. 29.920 55. 29.974 65.	5 30.056	67 55 - 5	50.5	5 45	66.	54.5	67 55 - 3	55·7 54 54·5	NW	SW ESE WNW	ENE NW	155 90 235	3.5	9	4 9 6	4 10	9.45 A M.	2,20 P.M.	.76	

JUNE, 1872.

BAROME	erer ('. attacl		omete	r	Tı		ometi open		hade	in			WIND.			C	Loui	s.]	Rain and Sn	ow.	
7 A. M.	2 P.	м.	9 ř.	м.	7 /	١.м.	2 F	.м.	9 F	. м.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	in 24 ng	2.4 ft.							
Observed Height. Ther- mometer	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity in miles for 24 hours ending at 9 P.M.	Maximum force during the 24 hours in lbs.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	Amount of Water. Inches.	of
3,30.078 57.5 429.920 50 5,29.413 53.2 6,29.742 58 8,29.642 57.7 9,29.744 57.5 1,29.836 65 2,29.966 69.7 1,29.836 69.7 1,29.836 69.7 1,29.841 62 1,29.710 71.7 1,29.841 62 1,29.841	29.690 29.526 29.790 29.920 29.658 29.826 29.896 29.936 29.670 29.670 29.892 29.30 30.172 30.205 30.205	54.7 58.2 59.2 74.2 75.5 76.5 79.7 78.7 85.2 85.7 74.7 85.2 81.7 85.5 85.5 88.8	30.026 29.526 29.836 29.842 29.666 29.808 29.754 29.952 29.926 29.762 30.056 30.196 30.196	64.7 63.5 56 56.7 76.7 77.5 77.2 77.5 77.5 77.5 77.2 77.5 77.5 77.7 77.5 77.7 77.5 77.7 77.5 77.7 77.5 77.7 77	52 57.5 60 53.2 58 61 67.5 67.5 69.7 69.7 64 66 67.2 69.5	50.2 55 51 52.2 55 57.7 65 59.2 64.5 58.2 58.7 66.5 58.2 66.5 66.5 66.5 66.5 66.5	64.7 68.2 59.2 54.2 72.7 63.5 79.7 79.7 85.2 85.2 85.7 4.7 78.2 81.7 85.5	52 56 56 53 58 57 67.5 69.5 63 64 66 69.5 71.5	56 66.7 58 76.7 72 68.7 76 72.7 75 60 71.2 73.5 75.7 76.5	55 55 55 55 55 57 57 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 57 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 6	WSW NE S WNW SW ENE W SE W WSW WNW ENE WNW SW SW SW SW SW SW SW SSW SSE	WNW WNW SW SE NW N SE SW WSW WSW WSW WSW SE SE WNW SE WNW SE WNW SE WNW NNE SW	NW ESE SE E NNW SE ESE WSW SE WSW SSE WSW SSE SSE SSE	146 101 109 189 271 212 93 135 118 161 201 220 107 189 94 46 95 102 134 143 225	5.2 2 3 6.5 19.5 14.5 3.2 6.5 8.2 6.5 4 22 1.2 2.7 2.5 3.2	0 0 0 8 10 5 7 10 0 8 3 0 0 0 8 8 7 7 4 4 8 8 9 9 3	9 0 3 10 9 9 0 7 7 4 0 1 7 7 8 7 7 5 4 4 4 1 1 5	10 0 4 10 10 9 10 9 7 4 0 8 8 7 7 9 9 5 5 3 9 9 4 8 8 0 0 7	8.50 P.M. 1.20 P.M. 7.10 A.M. oh.30 m P.M. 5 A.M. (5.30 A.M. 1.15 P.M. 7.30 P.M. 3.50 P.M.	12 P.M 11 P M 11.20 P.M. 10.30 P.M. 7.20 A.M. 8 A.M. 1.30 P.M. 8.30 P.M.	.07 .21 .29 .20 .61 .10 .01 .39	
3 29.962 71 4 29.991 66.5 5 29.978 64 6 29.950 65.7 7 30.096 65 5 8 30.096 70 9 30.066 76.5 9 30.078 77	29.990 29.938 29.980 30.128 30.084	80 72 65 70 80.2 87.5	30.004 29.996 29.922 30.026	74 69.2 63.5 69 72 82.5 81.5	65.5 65.5 70	63.2 65 62.5 65 65 64.7 69	80 72 65 70 80.2 87.5	69 65.5 64 68.5 73.2 73.2	74 69.2 63.5	67 64 63 68 69.2 72	NNE ESE ESE NE NE NE W	SE E SW SSE W	ESE ESE ENE NE ESE SSE WSW WSW	136 64 161 164 94 115 89 83	2 0·7 3·5 2 1 3·2 1·2 2·5	10 10 10 10 10 10	10 10 10 6 5 7	7 6 10 10 10 3 0 3	7.30 A.M. (oh.om. A.M. (9.30 P.M.	12 P.M 6.30 A.M. 10.15 P.M.		

	BAROM	ETER (The attached		er	Tr	IERM	omet: open		hade	in			WIND.			С	LOUE	s.		RAIN AND S	NOW.	
	7 A.M.	2 P,M.	9 1	'.М.	7	А.М.	2 [.м.	9 P.	.м.	7 Л.М.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	ty in for 24 ending M.	e 24 lbs.						Amount	Deptl
DATE.	Observed Height. Ther- mometer.	Observed Height. Ther-	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity miles for hours end at 9 F.M.	Maximum force during the 24 hours in lbs.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	of Water. Inches.	of Snow Inche
3 4	30.026 77.2 29.916 80.7 29.930 70.5 29.860 85	29.918 93 29.928 93 29.828 93	.5 29 .90 29 .90 .5 29 .80	6 83.5 50 88 6 74.5	80.7	72 68.5 73	92.7 93.5 93 93.5 86.5	76.5 78 ? 7 .	74.5	74.2 76.2	WNW W NNE SW	W WSW S SSW W	WNW W E E E	143 101 127 150	1.5 4.5 3 7.2	0 0 0 3 2	2 3 1 3	3 0 8 10	5.15 P.M. {ch.om, A.M. } 6.50 P.M.	12 P.M. 2 A.M.	1.20	
6 7 8 9	30.068 73 30.132 73 30.190 77 30.222 72 30.148 76	30.086 83 30.158 81 30.212 34 30.232 84 30.048 86 29.930 85	.2 30.00 .2 30.10 .5 30.10 .2 30.15	8 31.2 50 75.7 96 77.5 88 76.7	73 73 77 72 76	65.5 65.5 70.7 69.7	33.2 81.2 34.5 84.2	66.2 64 72.5 74	81.2 75.7 77.5 76.7	67.5 71.2 72 71	NW W W ESE S WSW	W E SE SE S WNW	S WSW SE SE SW SW	77 69 91 301 162	2 1 4 2.5 3.2 3.2	2 10 3 9 8	3 7 4 5 7	5 10 2 9 9	3.30 P.M 2 A.M.	7.30 P.M. 8 P.M 3.30 A M	.13	
12 13 14 15	29.900 76 29.986 72.5 30.038 70.5 29.994 79 29.836 76.5	29.860 31 30.040 80 30.020 85 29.972 87	29 8 .5 30.0 .5 30.0	76 72.2 76 74.5 20 80.5 22 77.5	76 72. 70.	72 5 67 5 70 75 •	81 80.5 85.5	71 70.7 75	72.2 74.5 80.5 77.5	66.7 70 75.7	WSW W E SW SW SSW	WSW ENE W S WSW WSW	WSW ESE SE SSE WSW WSW	125 115 53 80 178	2.7 2 0.5 4.2 6.5 2.7	9 4 10 9 7 4	7 6 8 8	4 6 7	6.15 P.M. 3.10 P.M 1.30 A.M.	б. 30 Р М. 11 Р.М. 2 А.М.	.01	
8 9 0 1 2	29.874 75 29.868 74 30.028 67.5	29.900 84 29.924 84 30.072 82 29.904 78	29.8 29.9 30.0 2 29.8 .5 20.0	32 75.5 52 73.2 58 77 30 74 14 71.5	75 74 67.	73 · 70 5 60 · 64 ·	84 84 82 78.2	77 72.7 68.5 68.5	75.5 73.2 77 74 71.5	72 61.5 63 67.5	ENE WNW NW SW WNW	ESE WNW NW SE WNW SE	ESE NW S SSE WNW S	81 146 91 188 218	3.5 1.2 8.7 10.7	9 3 7 8 8	9 5 6 6 3	10 3 2 8 5	4.15 P.M.	10 25 P.M.	.02 I.12	
24 25 26 27 28	29.826 68 30.100 69 29.866 66 29.864 66.5 30.018 70 30.082 70	29.888 76 30.116 79 29.770 80	29.9 .5 30.0 29.7 .7 29.9 30.0	96 70.5 90 76.5 50 67 64 72 58 77	68 69 66 66.	65. 61. 63. 60 62.	76 79 80 77 - 7	66 63 7 72 63.5	70.5 76.5 67	63 68 64.5 62.5 69.5	WSW WNW NE WNW W	WNW W WNW SE SSE	WNW SSE ENE W S	141 129 179 195 85	4.2 2 8 5.5 2.2	10 4 10 3 7 2	5 3 3 1 4 2	0 9 10 10 2	5.30 A.M. 2 A.M.	7.30 A.M. 10.30 A.M.	2.91	
şΰ	29.950 70 29.974 68.7	29.992 78	30.0	08 74 . 98 69	70	63. 7 63.	78	66 67	74.5		NW NNE	NNE ESE	NNE W	225 7 ⁸	4.7	10	10	5	11.15 A.M. 8.10 P.M.	5 P.M. II.15 P.M.	.22	

B	AROM	ETER ('.		nomete	r	T	HERM	омет орег			e in			WIND,	***************************************			CLOUI	os,		RAIN AND	Snow.	
7 A.	.м.	2 P.	м.	9 P	.м.	7	А.М.	2 1	.м.	91	Р.М.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	in 24 ling	orce e 24 bs.	-					Amount	Denth
DATE. Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity miles for hours end at 9 P.M.	Maximum force during the 24 hours in 1bs. per square f.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	of Water, Inches.	of Snow.
1 29.930 2 29.966 3 29.894 4 30.056 5 30.252	68 69 70.5 65.2	29.950 29.922 30.150 30.274	72 80.7 71 77	29.912 29.990 30.186 30.254	70 73·7 72 72·2	70.5 65.2	67 68.7 63.2	80.7 71 77	70 68 64.5	73·7	67.7	ESE E E WNW	E ESE NNE ESE E	SE SE ESE S SSE	151 114 42 61 85	3 1.7 1.5 1	10 10 10	4 10 4 10 2	10 8 10 3	2.10 A.M. 10.30 A M	3 A.M. 2 P M	.01	
6 30.224 7 30.192 8 30.228 9 30.218	71.5 71 70.5 72.2	30.254 30.206 30.044	84 85.7 86.5 82.5	30.180 30.210 30.216 30.168 30.010	73 78.2 77.5 77.2 70	71.5 71.5 70.5 72.2	66.7 69 68.2 67.2	77 84 85.7 86.5 82.5	69 73·2 73 74·2 75·7	73 78.2 77.5 77.2	69 71 71 69.5 69.5	SSW WSW SW SSW SSW	SE SW S SSE S	S S SE W	137 93 146 141 164	5.5 2.2 5 3.2 6.5	10 10 0 0	9 3 1 1 2	10 0 0 10	8, 10 P.M.	9.30 r.m.	.54	
11 29.996 12 30.036	75.5	30.052	88.5	30.052	73-7	75.5	73	88.5	78.5	73•7	70.5	sw	SE SE	SE WNW	86 93	3.2	6	3 6	9 {	3.30 A M. 7.13 P.M oh.om. A.M. 9.15 A.M. 9.15 P.M.	7 A.M. 12 P.M. 1.45 A.M. 9.30 A.M. 11 P.M.	.34 .01 .06 .01	
13 30.036 14 29.960 15 29.986	76.7	30.004 29.960 30.038	89.7	29.964 29.964 30.078	84.2	76.7	72.5 73 73.5	89.7		81.7 84.2 77.7	76.5	SSW SSW SW	SSE S WSW	S SE NW	104 102 120	2, 2.2 10.2	7 8 8	7 3 9	7 10 {	5.45 P.M.		.04	
16 30.116			ľ	30.082 30.090		75·2 74·5			70·5	75 77 - 7	72 71	SE SSW	E SW	SE WSW	72 167	2.5	10	10 6	10 { 3 }	oh. om. A.M. 11 A.M. 1.30 A.M 9 A.M. 11 A.M.	4.15 A.M. 9.30 A.M.	.33 1.24 .01	
18 30.148 19 30.154 20 30.228 21 30.176	77 75·7 77	30. 180 30. 232 30. 134	87 80 84	30.174 30.222 30.074	85 77 80	75·7 77	72 73 72.2	80 84	76.5 74.5 76.7	80 77 80	74·7 74·5 73 73·5	WSW SW WSW E	WSW WNW NE SE	S ESE ESE SSE	69 84 75 43 98	1.5 4.2 2 0.7	8 8 9	3 8 10 9	9 9 8	oh.15m, P.M. 3.15 A.M.	5 A.M.	.03 .15 .06	
22 30.004 23 29.900 24 30.036 25 30.090 26 29.960	70.5 73.2 72.7 70.5	30.072 30.050 30.006	83.2 83 83.2 82	30 082 30.010 29.990	75 79·5 76	70.5 73.2 72.7 70.5	65 64.2 67.5	83.2 83 83.2 82	68 69 64.5 72	75 79-5 76 79	70.7 66 69.2 65.7 71.2	WNW N SW W	N NW SE NE	SE N SE SSE SSE	154 65 108 79	3.5 0.7 3.7 1.7	8 0 6	5 2 1 2 2	0 5 9	6.20 P.M.	9 P.M.	.30	
27 29.900 28 30.022 29 29.980 30 29.594	65.2	30.032 29.946	7 4 67	29.954 30.018 29.828 29.730	71 61.2	65.2	59·5 60·5			71 61.2	63.5 61.7 59.2	SSW NW NNW WNW	WNW NW W	NW NNW ESE W	147 86 75	8.7 1.5	8 5 8	8 9 10	0 2 10 {	4 P.M.		-44	
31 29.702	56	29.766	65.7	29.868	59.5			65.7				WSW	WNW	wsw	276 301	7.7	7 •	8	3	oh, om, A.M.	4.30 A.M.	1.87	

SEPTEMBER, 1872.

	Вл	ROME	TER (nomete	r	Тн	ERMO		er (Sl air).	ade	in			Wind.			С	LOUD	s.	1	Rain and Sn	ow.	
	7 A.	М.	2 P	м.	9 P	м.	7 A	M.	2 1	.м.	9 1	.м.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	ity in for 24 ending M.	rce 24 bs.							
LAIE.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity miles for hours end atg P.M.	Maximum force during the 24 hours in lbs. per square ft.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	Amount of Water. Inches.	of Snow
3	29.960 29.978 29.974 30.016 29.952	65.5 50.5	29.944 29.978 23.972	79 63.7 63.7	23.082	55	50.5	59.2 15	79 63.7	67 52.5 55.2	60	51.7 50 48 52.7 51.7	WSW SW WNW W	W W N W W ESE	SW W WNW WNW E	234 181 179 121 46	6.5 5.5 5 1.7 0.5	0 6 0 8	2 8 2 4 9	3 9 0 2	5.50 P.M.	6.30 г.м.	.03	
6 7 8 9 0	29.938 39.022 29.985 30.010 30.252 30.282	62.7 68 73 76 65 64.5	29.954 30.040 29.988 30.034 30.35	73 80 91 5 88 59.5	29.936 29.936 39.936 39.326	69.5 71.7 84 67.2 64.2	52.7 68 73 75 55	51.2 66 59.5 70 58 60	80 91.5 88 69.5 73.2	74 60.2 56.2	71.7 84 67.2 64.2 67	69.5 76.5 61 59.2 63.5	W SE SW WSW E E	SE SE SSW WNW E ESE	SE ESE SSW E ESE E	31 62 90 116 181 133	0.5 0.7 2 14.7 2.7	10 9 0 2 10 9	9 2 3 4 9	10 2 2 10 10	4.15 P.M	4.30 P.M.	.13	
3	30 154 29 954 30 084	70.2 58.7	30.100	74·7	30.100	70.2	70.2 53.7	53	74·7 68	69.5 58	70.2 50	55	ESE SE NW	SE S NW	ESE ESE NNW	159 159 130	6.2 3.2 2.5	10 8	9 8	9	8 A.M.	ĺ	.48	
5	30.055 29.918 29.908 29.930	55.5	23.83;	50	30.014 29.90 29.95	50	35.5	52.2 53.2 51.5	59	55	54·7 59 64·2	55.2	NNE NW NW SW	NNE NNW N	NNE NW SE SE	268 209 65	7 5·5 0·7	9 9 9	9 9	3 9 8	7.30 P.M. oh. om. A.M.			
9	29.722	64.7	29.700	63	29.75	59.5	54.7	52.5	58	60	59.5	54	SE WSW	SSW W	WSW WNW	95	4	10	4	0	7,20 A.M. 10.15 A.Μ.			
3	29.850 30.082 30.026 30.196 30.250	52.5 62 68	30.09	70.7 87 81.5	30.020 30.030 30.140 30.230	0 69 75.7 5 59.5	62 68		87 81.5	71 70.5	59 75·7 69·5	49 55 58.7 63.5	WSW	SW W ESE SE	SSW WSW SE SE	314 150 50 81 66	19.5 2 0.5 1.5	0 0 4 10	0 0 6	3 0 10				
6	30.228 30.028 29.850	65.5	30.130 29.94	68.5 67.5	30.050 29.930 29.91	59 568 2 57.2	55.5 56.5	54 54.5 51.7	58.5 67.5 68	66.7 55.2 56.2	68 57.2	57 55 51.2	ESE SE SE NNW	ESE SE NNE W	SE SSE SSE	140 132 51 87	3·7 1·5 3·5	10	10	7 3 8	2 A.M 11 P.M oh. om A.M 2 A.M	12 P.M 3.10 P.M	40	
9	30.050 30.028 29.940	156	29.95	2154.5	30.03: 29.94: 29.97	2 66	56	48 54 56.5	64.7 64.5 69	159	51.5 55 50.7	55 60.5	SSW	SE WSW	SSE	143 113	2.2 5.2 2	6 4	7 9	10				1

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	Barom	ETER (' attacl		nomete	r	- Ti	HERM		er (S		in i			WIND.		· .	C	CLOUI	os.		RAIN AND S	low.	
	7 A.M.	2 P.	м.	9 P.	м.	7 /	1.M.	2	P.M.	91	.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	in 24 ding	force he 24 lbs. re ft.						Amount	Dept
DATE.	Observed Height. Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet,	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity miles for hours end at 9 P.M.	Maximum for during the hours in 1	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 Р.М.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	of Water. Inches.	
2 3 4 5	29.886 55.5 29.888 48 29.832 53.5 29.914 50.5 30.204 52.2 30.248 63 5	29.904 29.696 29.996 30.264	59 61 64 63.2	29.922 29.720 30.090	59 · 5 55 · 2 62 · 2	53 · 5	49 47 49 • 7	61 64	55 52.2 56.7	59.5		NW W SW WNW WNW SE	WNW W SW NW SE SE	WNW SW WSW WNW SE SSE	129 290 141 97 79 98	2.2 9.2 2.7 1 2 1.2	10 2 9 0	4 7 9 0 9 8	10 0	9.20 P.M. 3 A.M.	10 P.M. 4.30 A.M.	.06 .02	
7 8 9 10 11	30.056 61.5 29.934 5 7 30.096 4 7 29.908 53.5 29.992 43.2 30.144 39.5	29.970 29.960 30.074 29.798 30.042 30.100	69.7 64 62 72 51.2	29.940 30.040 30.038 29.860 30.134 30.044	54 58 2 51.7 44 48.5	61.5 57 47 53.5 43.2 39.5	59 52.5 43.2 51 38 36.	69.7 64 62 72 51.2	63.7 53 5 50 61 42.5	54 58.2 51.7 44 48.5	59.2 48.2 50.5 47.5 37.7	SE WNW NW SW W NW	SE NW WSW S NW W	WSW WNW WSW WNW NW SE	195 158 103 173 225 63	8.7 3.5 2 13 4.2 0.7	9 9 9 0 0 2	98 0 0 8 7	5 10 0 0 10 2 2	6.35 P.M. ch. om. A.M. 6.15 P.M.	12 P.M. 4 A.M. 8.30 P.M.	.17 .07	
14 15 16 17 18	29.462 42.5 29.786 43 29.858 51 30.336 41	29.478 29.860 29.936 30.318 30.000	48.2 51 03.7 58.2 58	29.884 30 212 30.266 29.964	46 49·5 49 53·5 56·5	42.5 43 51 41	39·5 39·5 44 36·5 53·7	51 63.7 58.2	43.7 42.5 50 2 50	46 49 · 5 49 53 · 5	44.5 42.5 41.49.7 53.2	WSW WSSW NSSE WNW	NNE WSW WSW SW E SSE WNW	NW W SSW NW ESE W	85 173 198 278 129 41 185	3 7 4.7 9.2 2.2 0.5 6.7	9 0 5 3 9 5	9 9 9 2 8 10	5 0 3 0 7 10	9.25 A.M	7 P.M.	-41	
22 23 24 25	30.066 37 30.148 44 30.214 50 30.250 58 30.390 43.2 30.314 48	30.078 30.160 30.238 30.268 30.416 30.172	52.5 65.7 66.5 63.5 47	30.098 30.172 30.264 30.330 30.430 30.046	46.7 59 61 50.2 48	37 44 50 58 43.2	34.2 38.7 46 55.2 42	52.5 65.7 66.5 63.5 47	41.2 52.2 58 60.2 44.2 50.5	46.7 59 61 50.2 48	39 50.5 57 49 43.2 50.5	WNW SW SW SW NNE NE	WNW SW SE WSW NE NE	SW SE N NE ENE	250 121 124 108 254 324	6 2.2 1.2 5.5 4.5 12.7	3 10 10	8 9 9	0 9 10 10	2 P.M. oh. om. A.M 3.30 A.M.	12 P.M 9 A M 5.30 P M	.06 •44 •34	
7 8 9	29.794 53.5 29.642 52.7 30.054 46.2 30.440 38.5 30.460 39 30.100 41.2	29.668 30.198 30.490 30.380	63 52 50 49.2		57·7 45 44·2 43·2	52.7 46.2 38.5	34	63 52 50 49.2	44 39.2	57·7 45 44·2	56 50.7 39.2 37 37.7 39.5	WSW NNE NNE NNE NNE	SE WNW NNE ENE ENE N	WSW WNW NNE NE ENE NW	321 145 253 195 183 192	19 6 7.2 4.7 7.2 3.2	9 0 0 0	9 7 1 0 9	10 0 0 0	1 15 A.M. 11.15 P.M. oh. om. A.M.	11.30 A M 12 P.M. 5 A.M.	1.56 .06 .10	

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	BAROMETER (Thermometer attached). A. M. 2 P.M. 9 P.M. 7 A.M. 2 P.M. 9 P.M.									m			WIND.			C	Loui	25.		Rain and Si	wow.	
7 A. M.	2 P.M	ı.	9 P.I	М.	7 /	.м.	2 1	.м.	91	?.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.									
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REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR

OF THE

NEW YORK METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATORY, CENTRAL PARK,

FOR 1873.

To the Board of Commissioners of the Department of Public Parks:

Gentlemen:—For the past year (1873), a complete set of records from the Self-recording Instruments has been obtained. There has also been constructed a new anemometer to register the force, velocity and direction of the wind, and thus provide duplicates in case of accident. A new Self-recording Thermometer has likewise been made. It gives very satisfactory results.

My purpose in this report is more particularly to present a continuation of that portion of the report for last year, relating to storms crossing the Atlantic, and to show how its results were arrived at.

The following is the question to be answered:

Do any American storms cross the Atlantic to Europe?

Great interest has been manifested, both here and abroad, in this topic. The Astronomer Royal of England, Sir G. B. Airy, in his annual address to the Royal Society, remarks: "The daily charts (first introduced by M. Le Verrier, but now issued on a highly extended plan by the meteorological

office) are circulated among a large list of subscribers. I think that comparison of the records of the various atmospheric elements upon these charts, continued from day to day, would be more likely than anything yet published to throw light upon the difficult question of causes and effects in meteorology. Daniel Draper, Esq., has traced the courses of rectilinear waves of cold and of storm across the United States. He has also shown that wind storms are propagated from the shores of the United States to the shores of Britain; and in eighty-six predictions of storms to occur on the British coasts, only three were failures."

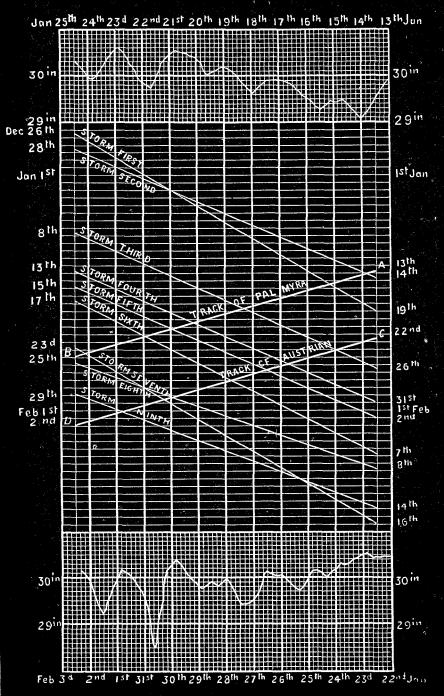
I have, therefore, been led to study more closely this subject, and to show how those results were obtained.

The following is the rule I gave for predicting the arrival of a storm from America in Europe. If a low barometer, with an easterly wind, be prevailing here, the mean travel of this wind per day for twenty-four hours before and twenty-four hours after the time of the low barometer, is to be divided into 4,200; this will give the number of days that it would require for the storm to cross.

If several of these storms occur at short intervals, it is plain that a ship sailing from Europe to America must encounter them in succession, and that the time and place on the sea where she will so meet them may be predicted. Now, if on examining the log of such a ship it turns out that the predictions are verified, it necessarily follows that the low barometers and high winds she encounters belong to the storms that left America.

I shall select two examples out of a great many cases I have examined, offering them as proofs of the correctness of the foregoing principles. The first of these is drawn

BAROMETRIC CURVE FROM THE PALMYRA'S LOG



BAROMETRIC CURVE FROM THE AUSTRIAN'S LOG 1870 from the log of the steamship *Palmyra*, during her voyage between January 12th and January 24th, 1870. In that interval there were seven storms that left New York, and she encountered them all near the predicted times and places. The second example is furnished by the steamship *Austrian*, which left nine days later than the *Palmyra*. She should have encountered in succession all the *Palmyra*'s storms which had not reached Europe at the time of her departure, and two others that had subsequently arisen, accordingly it will be seen that she did so.

In the accompanying chart it will be observed that the numbers on the left-hand side mark the days on which disturbances left New York and the ship's arrival. Those on the right-hand side the calculated arrivals of storms at Valencia and the ship's departure from Queenstown. At the top of the chart is given the barometric curve from the log of the Palmyra. The numbers on its upper side are the days of the month in which the voyage was made, each small square representing the observation for every fourth hour of the day. On the sides is given the height of the barometer in inches and tenths.

On examining the barometric curve we find that there are low readings at midnight of the 13th, midday of the 15th, midnight of the 17th, at 4 P. M. of the 19th, at 4 P. M. of the 21st, and also at 9 P. M. of the 23d, showing that the ship experienced six distinct low readings of the barometer in her voyage from the east towards the west.

Let us now examine that portion of the chart relating to this passage of the ship, marked by the line A B, which is drawn from the day she left Queenstown to the day of her arrival at New York, that is from midday of January 13th to midday of January 24th, as is shown by the figures on the sides, and also on the top of the chart. The lines crossing this line are the tracks of the storms at that time passing from New York to Valencia, numbered storm first, storm second, &c.

STORM FIRST.

We find by the registers of this observatory for December 26th, 1869, that there was a disturbance occurring here having all the characteristics of one that would cross the Atlantic to The reading of the barometer for the day previous was 30.520 inches, but now it had fallen to 30.004 at 9 P. M. If we now calculate on the basis laid down in my report for the year 1872, we shall find that it took this northeast storm 23 days to cross from New York to Valencia or Falmouth. The travel of the wind 24 hours before 9 P. M. was 226 miles in twenty-four hours; after that time it had traveled 143 miles; the mean of these two numbers is 184 Dividing 4,200 by this number we have for the time of its arrival January 18th, 1870. The British Quarterly Weather Report for that day gives the following facts, that the barometer had fallen about two-tenths of an inch, and the greatest velocity of the wind was 28 miles per hour. our chart it appears that the track of the Palmyra, or the line A B, crossed this first storm line on January 15th. the barometric curve at the top of the chart we find that she encountered a depression in the barometer at that time.

STORM SECOND.

On December 28th, 1869, we have indications of another disturbance about to cross the Atlantic. This we shall design

nate as storm second. Its peculiarities are these: the barometer fell from 30.064 inches the day before to 29.686 inches at 9 P. M. this day, being a depression of .378 of an inch. The wind was from the northeast. It traveled 223 miles before, and 249 miles after the time of the lowest barometer, On calculating as in the case of the first storm, we find that this took 17 days to cross, making its arrival at Valencia The rate of movement in this second disturb-January 14th. ance was faster than in the former one. This storm left two days later and arrived four days earlier. On consulting the chart we see that such was the case; it overtook the first when it had traveled only one quarter of the distance across the ocean from New York. It was to this class of storms "It will be that I had reference in the report of 1872. noticed in these tables that sometimes storms leaving this side of the Atlantic several days apart, arrive in the British Islands on the same day. When this is the case the storm is generally a very severe one. There are also instances in which the last storm overpasses the first by several days. will be observed that there are variations in the tracks of these atmospheric disturbances, depending on the course they are pursuing when they leave the American coast, and this will determine the point at which they will be most severely felt on reaching Europe."

These atmospheric waves do not destroy or annihilate each other any more than do the waves produced by throwing two stones into placid water a little distance apart; we see the waves cross each other, and proceed till their effects are lost. So it is with these atmospheric waves. This is a well known property of all undulating motions which proceed unimpaired after intersecting each other.

The British Weather Reports show that on January 14th the barometer had fallen seven-tenths of an inch, and the maximum velocity of the wind was 44 miles per hour. In the chart we find by the log of the *Palmyra* that there was a low barometer on the evening of the 13th, the force of wind was 10 of Beaufort's scale, 12 on that scale being a hurricane.

STORM THIRD.

We shall now proceed to storm third, and see what an examination of it will show. From the registers of this Observatory we find that there was an atmospheric disturbance extending over several days, but the culmination was on January 8th, when the barometer fell three-tenths of an inch in 24 hours, reaching its lowest point at I P. M.—the temperature also fell 14 degrees during the day. The travel of this cold easterly wind 24 hours before the low barometer was 166 miles, after it 289 miles, the mean of these numbers being divided into 4,200 gives 18 days. This storm should therefore arrive at Valencia on January 26th. The European reports show a disturbance there, in which there was a sudden decline of temperature and a falling barometer, with a high wind extending over several days. In our chart we find on the log of the ship a low barometer on the morning of January 18th, with a reported wind force of 7 Beaufort; but it also shows that the storm and ship met each other in the middle of that day. This is easily accounted for. The ship's track, or the line A B, as drawn here, represents her as moving at the same number of miles per day, but the daily run of a ship varies very much, and in this case it is very clearly shown that since the last storm she had not run at the average speed as represented by the line A B. and therefore met the storm a few hours earlier than is represented on the chart. We shall also find this to be the case with other storms she met before her arrival at New York.

STORM FOURTH.

The next storm to be discussed is the fourth one from New York, on January 13th, the lowest reading of the barometer at this Observatory was 29.884 at 2 P. M., the travel of the wind before and after that time was 142 and 208 miles, the mean of these two numbers, being divided into 4,200 give 19 days, making the storm's arrival at Valencia February 1st. On an examination of the English records we find a falling barometer with a high wind prevailing at Valencia on that The log on the accompanying chart shows a low The intersection of the barometer at 4 P. M. January 19th. ship and fourth storm-line occurred in the morning of the next day. There is thus a greater difference in their time of meeting than in the case of the previous or third storm. In other words, these storms were showing their effect by reducing the rate of the ship on the days of their occurrence, as is also seen by her log.

STORM FIFTH.

This occurred on January 15th. It was entirely distinct from that of the 13th, the barometer fell from 30.512 at 1 P. M. to 29.772 at 9 P. M. The travel of the wind in twenty-four hours before and after that time was 300 and 184 miles. On computing, as in the other examples, we find that it required 17 days to reach Valencia, which would be February 1st. The records of that station for this date give a low

barometer and a high wind of 50 miles per hour. On the log we find that the barometer began falling very rapidly on the morning of January 21st, and continued to do so till 4 P. M., when it commenced a rapid upward movement. More than two days were required to complete this fluctuation.

STORM SIXTH.

This disturbance occurred on January 17th, at New York, when the lowest barometer was reading 29.882 at 11 P. M., having fallen .33 hundreds of an inch in 12 hours. The travel of the wind before and after this depression was 215 miles and 180 miles. If we proceed as in the case of the other disturbances, we find that it required 21 days for this to cross the Atlantic, which would make its arrival on the other side February 7th. On looking over the English records it is seen that the barometer fell about 55 hundredths of an inch in twenty-four hours, the maximum travel of the wind being 55 miles per hour at Valencia. From the log of the Palmyra it appears that this storm was evidently connected with the preceding one, as the duration of the low barometer had lasted several hours. Here it may be well to remark, as a known fact, that the rise and fall of the barometer on board ship is not the same as on land; the motion of the vessel alters it slightly, this depending on whether the ship is steaming with or against the disturbance. In the present case, where two storms are close together, a ship may pass from one into the other, and the barometer only mark a slight variation. This is what occurred on the morning of the 22d.

STORM SEVENTH.

The seventh storm has now to be considered. From the registers of this observatory we find the following data. On January 23d the temperature had risen 14 degrees, and the barometer fallen 45 hundredths in the last twenty-four hours, the lowest reading being at 2 P. M. The travel of the wind before and after that time for twenty-four hours was 145 and 203 miles. The crossing, therefore, took 24 days, making the time of its arrival at Valencia February 16th. By the report of that station for the 15th, we find a slight fluctuation in the barometer, and the wind traveling at 35 miles per hour.

By the chart this was the last disturbance the *Palmyra* met, being on the morning of the day of her arrival at New York. Her log shows that she experienced a low barometer early in the morning.

STORM EIGHTH.

On January 25th there was at New York another disturbance about to cross. The following are its data: At 2 P.M. there was a low barometer; it fell 55 hundredths of an inch in 14 hours; the velocity of the wind twenty four hours before and after that time was 305 and 265 miles; the mean of these numbers being 285 miles, therefore it required 14 days to cross, making its time of arrival at Valencia February 8th. On referring to the English records we have: "Pressure continued to decrease at all the channel stations during the 7th, and a distinct minimum is noticeable at Falmouth shortly before 3 A.M. on the 8th, subsequent to which a brisk rise set in, which had the effect of throwing the area of low pressure to a position slightly to the northward of that which it had occupied on the previous day."

"A strong easterly breeze commenced to blow at Holyhead at noon, and shortly after increased to a slight gale, but moderated at nightfall, recommencing, however, at midnight and lasting for 15 hours. Heavy snow set in in the north of England in the afternoon of the 8th. During the day a steady rise of the barometer is recorded at all the observatories, while a fall has begun in Norway, so that by the morning of the 9th the area of low pressure in Ireland has entirely disappeared, and the isobares run nearly due W. N. W. and E.S.S. The lowest readings are in the south of France, where an easterly gale is reported from Golfe du Lion and from Florence. The only strong wind blowing in these islands was at Holyhead, where at noon the velocity of 54 miles an hour from E. by north was registered."

On an inspection of our chart the first thing we discover is that this fast-traveling gale overtook the previous one at about one-eighth the distance across the ocean, closely resembling in this respect the first and second ones described at the commencement of this report. In a future paragraph, on the voyage of the *Austrian*, we shall give a description of the results of this crossing.

STORM NINTH.

We have now come to storm ninth, the last shown on our chart. We might continue them for the rest of the year with the same results. In this there was a decline in the temperature of nine degrees, and a fall in the barometer was 64 hundredths of an inch in twenty four hours, the lowest occurring at 9 P. M. January 29th. The velocity of the wind twenty-four hours before and after that time was 167 and 339 miles; the mean of these numbers is 253 miles, this being divided

into 4,200 gives 16 days to cross, making the time of its arrival at Valencia February 14th. The report of that station shows a fall of 4-tenths of an inch for the barometer, and a maximum travel of wind 40 miles per hour. I think we cannot do better than quote from the British Quarterly Weather Report the condition of the weather at that date—it is as follows: "February 13th presents us with a very well marked instance of a Polar gale, sweeping all over central and southern England, and north and west France, and extending westward to Corunna and southward to Toulon. The Carl George, which was in the channel, and the Decapolis, which was off Cape Finisterre, felt the full force of this gale."

Thus far we have been studying the crossing of storms and the track of the R. M. Steamship *Palmyra*, Captain William Watson. We have seen how faithfully he has worked for science in taking and recording Meteorological Observations in the log of his ship. It is to be regretted that it is not a more common practice among commanders of vessels to keep accurate instrumental observations, and forward them to some public institution, where they may be studied and their results published.

We will now turn our attention to another valuable log, kept by Captain James Wylie, steamship Austrian, printed by the Meteorological Office of the British Government in "A Discussion of the Meteorology of the part of the Atlantic lying north of 30° N., by Captain Henry Toynbee." On the bottom of the chart accompanying this Report, I have traced the barometric curve of this log. The Austrian, on January 22d, was in the vicinity of Queenstown, and she arrived at Portland, Maine, U. S., on February 2d. Her voyage from Queenstown, therefore, commenced nine days after the Palmyra had left that

port, and she arrived on this side nine days after that ship. Therefore, each made its trip across in eleven days. examination of her log on our chart, we find that she had six low barometers, respectively, occurring on the mornings of January 24th, 25th, 27th, 28th, a very low one at 2 P.M., 30th, and another low one midday February 1st. Let us now see the relation of these low barometers to the passage of this ship across the storm-lines that we have been examining in the case of the Palmyra. We therefore draw a line marked C D, from the day of her departure from the other side to the day of her arrival on this, as we did in the case of the Palmyra. She crossed the line of storm third on the morning of the 24th, storm fourth on the evening of the 25th, storm fifth on the 26th, storm sixth, evening of the 27th. these disturbances there is a similarity to those crossed by the Palmyra. But on January 30th, we find storm seventh and eighth crossing near the Austrian's track. By her log the barometer fell nearly two inches in 12 hours, but according to our chart we find that she passed through them a few hours before their intersection. If she had traveled faster she might have met the same fate that probably befel the City of Boston, which left Halifax on January 28th. I quote here a few paragraphs from the same source to which I referred in the case of the Austrian's log. Mr. Allison, in his observations, says: "I was in Halifax and saw the City of Boston sail on the 28th January, 1870; it was a very fine day for that season of the year. A. M. of the 20th it began to breeze up from the southward and eastward; P. M. it blew a very heavy gale from the same quarter, the barometer falling very rapidly; A. M. of the 30th, the barometer in my house

had fallen to 28.35, which is much lower than I ever knew in this locality."

The *Delta* sailed from here about two hours before the *City of Boston* sailed for England, and that ship's journal may give you some information about the weather."

"The *Delta*, from the time of leaving port, had a moderate northwesterly wind, veering to north, with a smooth sea. The barometer, a standard instrument from this office, rose until the wind veered east of north at noon of the 29th, when it fell and the wind veered more easterly, with a turbulent sea. This change in the state of the sea came on with a rise of 11°, and eventually of 21° in its temperature."

"At 8 P. M., in about 40° 24' N., 64° 30' W., the wind was freshening from E. by S., force 7, the barometer having fallen 2 inches in four hours, and the sky overcast.

"At midnight the barometer was about 29.65, having fallen 4 inch in four hours, and there was rain."

"At 4.18 A. M. of the 30th, in 39° 38′ N., and 64° 30′ W., the wind was S. E. by E, 8, and between this and 8 A. M., shifted to west 11 in a heavy squall, the barometer having continued to fall a tenth per hour, until this shift, when there was a heavy cross sea and lightning in the S. W."

We have the following extracts of the Austrian's log for January 30th:

"11.45 A. M. Blowing a heavy gale with furious squalls and high confused sea, ship laboring and rolling excessively, and shipping much heavy water with much force, over all."

"4.45 P. M. Gale increasing, with terrific squalls, tremendous sea rising."

"5.45. P. M. Blowing a hurricane."

"7.45 P. M. Wind still veering to the westward, and blow-

ing a perfect hurricane; spoondrifts flying like smoke along the surface, and sea running in liquid mountains."

"11.45 P. M. Gale inclined to moderate; wind W. N. W., 10."
"7 A. M. 31st. Weather improving W. N. W., 8."

When we recall to mind that the Austrian was steaming from Liverpool to Portland, Maine, her course was south of that of the City of Boston, which was running from Halifax to Liverpool. By our chart we can readily perceive that she probably passed through these storms before they had crossed each other. The steamer Delta evidently passed them further south, and earlier. Even here the eighth did not stop, but continued its course across the ocean until it met the steamers City of Cork, Weser and Tarifa, at about 500 miles or two days' sail from the Irish coast. Its violence was so great that it caused the Weser to heave to for five hours. The barometer on the Tarifa fell nearly two inches in ten hours. The storm then arrived on the coast of Europe.

Storm ninth, we see by the log of the Austrian, was experienced by her on February 1st.

It would appear from this that had there been observations and calculations made at the time of the sailing of these ships, they might have been forewarned of these atmospheric disturbances.

It is now that the grand future of ocean meteorology is beginning to appear, for when self-recording instruments shall have been established in the southern and western portions of this continent, they will yield a far more correct and reliable record than is possible by personal observations, and by furnishing estimates of the passage of atmospheric disturbances across the American continent, enable us to predict more correctly their movements across the Atlantic ocean.

The conclusion we have arrived at in this and last year's report is, that storms leaving America often cross the Atlantic, and the places where ships may meet them at sea, and the times of their arrival in Europe, may be predicted within certain limits.

Annexed, as in former reports, are annual and monthly tables for the year 1873.

All which is respectfully submitted.

DANIEL DRAPER,

Director.

I.

Table showing the Heights of the Barometer, monthly, for the year 1873, reduced to Freezing Point, Fahrenheit.

MONTHS.	MEAN	Mean	MEAN	Монтн		AXIMUM.	МІ	NIMUM.	RENCE ANGE.
1873.	AT 7 A.M.	AT 2 P.M.	AT 9 P.M.	MEAN.	Неіснт.	DATE.	Неіснт.	DATE.	DIFFERENCE OR RANGE.
January	30.001	29.959	29.984	29.981	30.556	10 A.M., 15th.	29.422	8 г.м., 4th.	1.134
February	29.899	29.834	29.874	29.866	30.428	9 A.M., 15th.	29.006	2.30 P.M., 21st.	1.422
March	29.856	29.810	29.879	29.848	30.596	9 A.M., 6th.	28.922	5 P.M., 29th.	1.674
April	29.837	29.797	29.829	29.821	30.208	11.30 А.М., 5th.	29.403	4 P.M., 12th.	.803
May	29.922	29.886	29.912	29.906	30.318	2 P.M., 31st.	29.436	12 м. , 3d.	.882
June	29.904	29.874	29.885	29.887	30.307	9 A.M , 26th.	29.438	4 A.M., 5th.	.860
July	29.918	29.899	29.904	29.907	30.205	9 A.M., 13th.	29.637	4 A.M., 18th.	.568
August	29.976	29.949	29.966	29.964	30.266	9 A.M., 29th.	29.727	4 A.M., 26th.	-539
September,	30.000	29.961	29.989	29.983	30.322	9 A.M., 9th.	29.560	6 г.м., 19th.	.76:
October	29.975	29.929	29.965	29.956	30.443	9 A.M , 15th.	29.215	9 P.M., 20th.	1.22
November	29.861	29.819	29.878	29.853	30.528	9 P.M., 30th.	28.736	5 A.M., 18th.	1.79
December	30.063	30.008	30.040	30.037	30.563	9 A.M., 8th.	29.223	I A.M., 28th.	1.340

Year mear	at 7 A.M	29.934
"	2 P.M	29.894
46	9 P.M	29.925
Mean for	the year	29.917
Maximum	for the year	30.596 at 9 A.M., March 6th.
	for the year	
Maximum	Tor the year	20.730 at 5 A.M., November 10th.
Difference	or Range	1,860
Difference	e or Range	1.86o

II.

TABLE showing the state of the Thermometer, monthly, for the year 1873.

MONTHS,	MEAN	MEAN	MEAN	Month	•	AXIMUM.	MI	INIMUM.	ENCE
1873.	7 A.M.	AT 2 P.M.	AT 9 P.M,		Degrees	DATE,	Degrees	Date,	DIFFERENCE OF RANCE
January	26.00	31.11	28.71	28.58	54	7 A.M., 17th.	-r	7 A.M., 30th,	55
February	26.37	31.33	30.03	29.53	50	4 P.M., 4th.	-т	7 A.M , 24th.	51
March	31.79	39 · 39	36.06	35.71	55 .	5 P,M., 23d,	9	б а.м., 5th.	46
April	42.94	50.41	46.83	46.69	65	5 P.M., 3oth.	32.7	9.30 A.M., 12th.	32.
Мау	53.74	64.43	58.31	58.80	87	4.15 P.M., 28th.	37.7	5 A.M., 4th.	49.
June	64.89	76.41	69.78	70.33	92	5 P.M., 19th,	51.2	4.30 A.M., 1st.	40.
July	71.21	80.06	75.02	75.43	94.2	4 P.M., 25th.	59.5	5 А.м., 7th.	34.
August	67.67	76.70	71.68	72.00	90	2.20 P.M., 3d-	55.3	6.50 A.M., 24th.	34.
September	60.82	70.58	64.84	65.38	89	3.15 P.M., 1st.	44	5 A.M., 15th.	45
October	50.74	61.12	55.35	55.79	72	4 P.M., 5th.	33	7 A.M., 29th.	39
November	33.63	40.66	36. 7 8	37.01	5 7 · 5	11 A,M., 3d.	20.5	6 а.м., 20th.	37
December	33.80	39.45	36.48	36.52	66	2 Р.М., 4th.	18	12 P.M., 1st.	48

Year mean	1 at 7 A.M	55-14
Mean for t	he year	50.98
	for the yearfor the year	
Difference	or range	95.2

I 34 III.

TABLE	showing	the	state	of	the	Wet	Bulb	Thermometer,	monthly,	for	the 3	vear	1873.

MONTHS,	Mean	Mean	MEAN	Монтн	MA	XIMUM.	МІ	INIMUM.	ENCE ANGE.
1873.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	АТ 9 Р.М.	MEAN.	Degrees	DATE.	Degrees	Date.	DIFFERENCE OR RANGE.
January	24.04	27.76	26.53	26.11	48	8 A.M., 17th.	-1	7 A.M., 30th.	49
February	24.41	28.61	27.84	26.95	44.5	4 P.M., 4th.	-1	7 A.M., 24th.	45.5
March	29.81	34.71	32.98	32.50	48.2	3 P.M., 29th.	9	6 а.м., 5th.	39.2
April	38.76	43.98	41.63	41.46	56.7	11.30 A.M., 11th.	31	5.30 A.M., 26th.	25.7
May	47 · 57	53.48	50.83	50.63	71.7	oh 35 m Рм., 28th.	35	5 A.M., 14th.	36.7
June	57 · 70	63.92	60.74	60.78	76.5	5.25 P.M., 19th.	46	5 A.M., 9th.	30.5
July	64.11	68.03	66.31	66.15	77	3.30 P.M., 25th.	50.5	5 А.М., 7th.	26.5
August	63.16	66.59	65.63	65.13	78.2	2 P.M., 3d.	49.5	6 A.M., 24th.	28.7
September	57.03	60.90	59 - 47	59.13	77	3.15 P.M., 1st.	40	4 A.M., 15th.	37
October	46.55	51.62	49.43	49.20	66	7 P.M., 20th.	29.5	6.20 P.M., 29th.	36.5
November	30.98	35.80	32.89	33.22	48.5	т Р.М., 8th.	20	6 A.M., 20th.	28.5
December	31.06	35-13	33.30	33.16	59.5	1.35 P.M., 4th.	18	12 P.M., 1St.	41.5

Year mean at	7 A.M	42.93
"	2 P.M	47 • 54
**	9 P.M.,	45.63
Mean for the	year	45.36

Maximum for the year	•	, , ,
-		•
Difference or range	70.2	

TABLE showing the Duration and Depth of Rain and Snow, monthly, during the year 1873.

RAIN.

RAIN.										
	инісн .D.	DURATION		ion.		INCHES.	PRO-			
Months.—1873.	No. of Days in which Rain Descended.	Days.	Hours.	Minutes.	DEPTH IN INCHES.	TOTAL DEPTH IN	DEPTH OF WATER PRODUCED IN INCHES.	REMARKS.		
January	10	2	13	05	4.14	4.14				
February	3	0	12	20	-47	4.61				
March	9	3	3	40	2.06	6.67				
April	15	4	0	20	4.16	10.83				
May	11	3	19	55	3.69	14.52				
June	7	0	19	15	1.28	15.80				
July	12	2	8	45	4.61	20.41				
August	15	4	1	45	9.56	29.97				
September	14	2	17	35	3.14	33.11				
October	10	2	2	05	2.73	35.84				
November	6	I	19	15	3.69	39 - 53				
December	7	1	5	50	1.09	40.62				
• Totals	119	29	3	50	40.62	7 · 37	47.99	Snow water.		
SNOW.										
January	5	2	7	00	10.56	10.56	1.20			
February	7	3	4	10	18.75	29.31	3.33			
March	2	O	4	45	∙37	29.68	.03			
November	4	0	16	00	2.00	31.68	.94			
December	6	3	5	30	9.25	40.93	1.87			
Totals	24	9	13	25	40.93	••••	7 · 37			

V.

TABLE showing the Velocity of the Wind, and Prevailing Winds, during the year 1873.

Months—1873.	MILES.	Daily Mean.	Hourly Mean.	Prevailing Winds.
January	5,664	182.7	7.60	West.
February	6,223	222.2	9.25	West.
March	8,293	267.5	11.14	West.
April	5,461	182.0	7.58	West.
May	5,423	174.9	7.27	Southeast.
June	4,764	158.8	6.61	Southeast.
July	4,102	132.3	5.51	Southeast.
August	4,297	138.6	5 - 73	East-northeast.
September	3,882	129.4	5 · 39	West-southwest.
October	5,067	163.4	6.78	West.
November	5,441	181*.3	7 55	West.
December	4,822	155.5	6.47	West.

The total distance traveled by the wind during the year 1873 was 63,439 miles.

The prevailing wind was west.

VI.

Table showing the Points from which the Wind came during the Year 1873.

	JAI	NUA	RY.	FER	BRUA	ARY.	М	ARC	н.	A	PRII	L.]	MAY		J	UNE	·.	J	ULY		A	UGUS	ЭТ.	SEI	PTEN	и ' R.	Oc	тов	ER.	No	VEM	в'r.	DE	CEM	BER	Total.
Points.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Ţ
N	1	1	0	2	2	4	r	r	0	2	1	ı	0	О	2	1	3	2	1	T	0	0	0	0	ı	2	0	2	2	2	0	1	0	3	ı	3	43
NNE	-	2	3	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	I	0	0	2	1	1	٥	0	6	2	2	2	2	4	2	3	2	2	0	2	1	3	4	55
NE	'	4	3	2	2	0	2	I	2	I	٥	2	3	2	0	4	1	t	2	0	0	2	I	2	3	2	0	I	_	1	I	τ	1	3	3	2	60
ENE	5	3	2	0	1	2	1	0	1	3	2	1	2	2	3	2	I	0	2	2	0	5	6	I	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	.4	1	60
E	1	0	2	3	1	1	٥	0	1	3	1	3	7	2	2	2	ı	2	0	3	3	2	3	2	2	0	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	1	0	1	59
ESE	1	0	2	1	ι	1	1	0.	1	0	1	0	2	3	r	2	2	2	r	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	e	0	0	0	27
SE	0	3	1	0	1	I	τ	4	0	1	6	5	0	8	6	r	7	6	3	7	5	0	2	6	o	2	2	I	6	2	0	0	2	2	1	2	94
SSE	0	o	0	0	0	2	o	1	4	4	2	3	2	0	3	0	. 1	1	o	3	3	0	2	ı	0	4	4	3	2	3	0	0	2	0	ı	1	52
S	0	o	o	2	0	o	2	0	o	o	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	3	0	3	1	3	2	1	0	3	2	1	3	0	τ	o	0	0	0	32
ssw	0	0	ı	o	0	0	0	2	r	0	0	o	1	0	1	0	3	4	2	2	3	1	0	I	2	4	2	ı	0	ı	o	ī	2	0	2	0	37
sw	ı	1	0	1	3	2	ı	1	1	2	1	3	2	3	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	0	3	5	1	ı	ı	2	4	5	0	2	o	3	2	2	68
wsw	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	ı	3	ı	0	ı	1	I	2	6	o	0	0	3	4	6	2	3	6	3	3	3	3	1	4	1	3	4	3	4	89
w	6	5	7	2	5	5	9	9	12	4	8	ı	T	4	2	3	4	2	5	2	4	4	3	ı	4	3	4	4	3	4	13	10	6	4	3	4	170
wnw	3	3	2	6	3	1	4	3	1	5	2	4	2	I	I	3	2	4	3	5	2	2	3	2	1	1	I	r	3	r	4	6	7	3	6	1	102
NW	-	5		4	1	5	4	4	2	3	3	6	6	4	3	1	0	, 1	4	I	2	2	0	2	7	3	2	5	I	I	2	5	3	3	ı	5	110
NNW	ļ	2	I	1	2	ı	3	2	2	I	ı	0	2	0	1	2	1	0	I	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	1	2	o	2	ı	ı	ı	I	τ	1	37

Prevailing wind for the year 1873 was West.

VII.

TABLE showing the Comparison of Years.

	1868.	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	18 ₇₃ .
Barometer:						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Highest-inches	30.752	30.625	30.572	30.610	30.500	30.596
" date	Feb. 24-7 A.M.	Dec. 9—11 А.M.	Oct. 24-9 A.M.	Jan. 19—9 А.М.	Ост. 29—9 л.м.	Mar. 6—9 а.м.
Greatest mean monthly pressure	30.165	30.068	30.035	30.117	30.010	30.037
" " " date	February.	December.	September.	January.	December.	December.
Lowest—inches	29.076	28.932	28.988	29.264	29.260	28.736
" " date	Dec. 7—9 Р.М.	Feb. 4—7 л.м.	Jan. 2—4 P.M.	Feb. 18-2 P.M.	Mar. 31-4.20 P.M.	Nov. 18—5 A.M.
Least mean monthly pressure	29.958	29.723	29.812	29.797	29.836	29.821
" " " date	December.	May.	February.	April.	May.	April.
Mean for the year	30.054	29.909	29.903	29.935	29.904	29.917
Thermometer:						
Highest—degrees	95∙5	94- 7	94.0	92.0	95-5	94.2
" date	July 4-2.30 P.M.	Aug. 21-2 P.M.	June 28—4 P.M.	Мау 30—5 Р.М.	July 2-3 P.M.	July 25-4 P.M.
Mean of the warmest month	76.0	72.8	7 6.0	73.6	77-4	75-4
" " " date	July.	July.	July.	August.	July.	July.
_owest—degree	1.4	4.0	9-5	—2.	3.0	—r.
" date	Feb. 23—4.35 А.М.	March 1—4 л.м.	Feb. 22-4 A.M.	Dec. 21—8 A.M.	Маг. 5—9.30 А.М.	Jan. 30-7 A.M.
Mean for the year	48.9	51.4	53-5	51.1	51.0	50.9
Rain:						·
Amount—inches	50.42	40.50	39-45	49.42	42.49	40.62
Snow:	[<u> </u>				
Amount (as water)—inches	8.05	6.23	2.87	2.61	4.88	7.37

м.	2 P.1	м.	QP.								,					1						
1 . ;			91.	м.	7 4	А.М.	2 P	.м.	9 1	Р.М.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 г.м.	in 24 ng	force he 24 1 lbs. tre ft.							
Ther- mometer	Observed Height,	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction,	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity in miles for 24 hours ending at 9 P.M.	Maximum for during the hours in II per square	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	Amt. of Water. Inches.	of Snow
20 39.5 38.5 28.5 39 17 21 32.7	30.252 29.700 30.046 29.682 30.030 30.262 29.954 29.778	24 43.2 39.5 46.7 33.2 31.7 31.2 23.2	30.162 29.688 30.192 29.460 30.202 30.264 29.828 29.940	28.2 39 31.7 40 23.7 37.7 33 28.5	39.5 38.5 28.5 39 17 21	36 32 27 33 17 18.7	24 43.2 39.5 46.7 33.2 31.7 31.2	20.5 41 32 37.7 30.5 28.2 28.5 27.2	28.2 39 31.7 40 23.7 37.7 33 28.5	37.7 30.2 34 23 32.2 29.5 28.2	NNE NE N WNW E WNW NNW NE W WSW NW	NNE NE NNW W ENE NW NW ENE W	NE E W NE NE NW E NNE W WNW WSW	76 118 114 204 194 343 65 131 200 157 250	7 2.7 2.7 4.2 13 8.7 0.5 2.5 8.2 4.2	0 10 0 9 2 0 8 0	4 10 10 8 10 1 8 10 0	3 10 10 10 0 8 10	10 P.M. oh. om. A.M. 10.40 A.M. 6 P.M. oh. om. A.M.	12 P.M. 8 A.M. 11 P.M. 12 P.M. 2 A.M.	09 74 1.37 25 03	
7.0 27 37.2 27 35.7 54	30.396 30.154 30.092 30.524 30.028 29.742 29.680	29 46 48.7 29.7 49.2 40 31	30.400 30.046 30.280 30.464 29.874 29.812 29.666	28 42.2 37.2 30.2 49.5 33 30.5	7 27 37.2 27 35.7 54 30	7 26.5 34.7 26.2 33.5 47.7	29 46 48.7 29.7 49.2 40 31	25 41 39·5 27·7 44 36 29·5	28 42.2 37.2 30.2 49.5 33	28 37·2 37 29·2 44·7 29·2	W NE SW ENE ENE WSW ENE	NNW SE WNW ENE SE N NNE W	ESE WSW NNE ENE SE NNE WNW	93 78 121 349 186 193 262	9.2 0.7 0.2 3.2 11.2 3.5 6.2 8	9 8 10 10 10	8 9 7 10 10 9	10 8 0 10 10	1.50 A M. oh. om. A M. I A.M. 7 A.M. 6 P.M.	4 A.M. 5.30 A.M. 8 A.M. 2 P.M. 10 P.M.	04 17 94 46 01	50
24 30.5 37 35 28 24.5 18	29.896 29.556 29.796 30.054 29.454 29.880 30.090 29.532	30.5 43 37 30 28.2 26 23.5 28.2	29.852 29.490 29.972 29.940 29.584 30.048 30.052 29.664	38.5 36.2 31.5 24.2 24.7 16 24.5 25.7	24 30.5 37 35 28 24.5 18	24 26.5 32.5 31 26.5 22.7 18	30.5 43 37 30 28.2 26 23.5 28.2	28 38.2 31 28.5 27 23 22 26.5	38.5 36.2 31.5 24.5 24.7 16 24.5 25.7	33·2 33 30 23 24 15·5 23·5 24·7	W ESE W NE ENE WSW NNW ENE	WNW SE NW NE NE NE WNW NW NE	SSW W NW ENE NW NW ESE NW	89 111 291 176 409 256 72 265	13.5 11.5 21.5 7.7 0.5 5.7	6 9 9 0 10 4 7	9 10 7 10 10 7 6	10 2 10 10 10 5 10	4.30 P M oh. 15 m. PM. oh. om. A.M. 4.30 P.M. oh. om. A.M.	5.30 P.M. 9.30 P.M. 1.20 A.M. 12 P.M. 6.30 P.M.	01 20 01 37 06	3.50 50
1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	21 22 339.5 38.5 28.5 39 39 721 722 6.5 7.0 22 7.0 22 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 28 30 5 5 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	21 30.274 230.5 29.700 38.5 30.046 28.5 29.682 39 30.030 17 30.262 22 29.954 22 29.994 26.5 30.144 7.0 30.396 27 30.154 37.2 30.092 27 30.092 29.742 29.680 29.742 29.826 29.826 29.826 29.752 30.524 29.826	21 30.274 29.2 20 30.5224 230.5 29.700 343.2 38.5 30.046 39.2 39.30.303.33.2 21 30.036 32.2 21 29.954 31.7 30.262 32 22 29.994 23.2 6.5 30.144 12 7.0 30.306 29 27 30.524 29.7 27 30.524 49.7 27 30.524 29.7 27 30.028 49.7 27 30.028 49.7 29 30.524 29.7 29 30.524 30.092 48.7 29 30.680 31 19.5 29.866 20.5 29.866 31 19.5 29.866 20.5 29.866 31 19.5 29.866 20.5 29.866 31 29.963 31 29.963 31	21 30.274 29.2 30.200 20 30.252 24 30.162 30.5 29.700 43.2 29.688 38.5 30.046 30.5 30.102 30.33.3 29.4 50.700 30.303.3 23.2 30.202 30.930 33.2 30.202 30.954 31.7 29.828 31.7 20.778 31.2 20.940 6.5 30.144 12 30.244 7.0 30.302 29 30.400 27 30.524 29.77 30.404 37.2 30.092 48.7 30.404 37.2 30.092 48.7 30.280 29.680 31 29.812 49.806 30.5 29.812 49.806 30.5 29.812 49.806 30.5 29.812 49.906 37 29.912 49.806 30.5 29.812 49.906 37 29.912 49.806 30.5 29.812 49.906 37 29.912 49.806 30.5 29.812 49.906 37 29.912 49.806 30.5 29.812 49.806 30.5 29.822 49.806 30.5 29.822 49.806 30.5 29.822 49.806 30.5 29.822 49.806 30.5 29.822 49.806 30.5 29.822 49.806 30.5 29.822 49.806 30.5 29.822 49.806 30.5 29.822 49.806 30.0 30.0 30.0 30.0 30.0 30.0 30.0 30	21 30.274 29.2 30.290 29 220 30.252 24 30.162 28.2 39.5 29.700 43.2 29.688 31.7 28.5 29.682 46.7 29.460 40 39.30.30 33.2 30.202 23.7 17 30.262 32 30.264 37.7 29.954 31.7 29.828 33.3 29.954 31.7 29.828 33.3 22 29.994 23.2 30.024 16.5 6.5 30.144 12 30.024 18.5 7.0 30.396 29 30.400 28.2 27 30.154 46 30.2 29.27 30.524 29.7 30.464 30.2 29.812 39.264 32.2 29.888 37.2 29.896 31.2 29.896 31.2 29.604 32.2 38.3 30.524 29.792 40 29.812 33.3 30.524 29.792 40 29.812 33.3 30.524 30.2 29.852 38.5 30.9680 31 29.666 30.5 30.524 30.524 30.2 29.812 33.3 30.264 30.2 29.812 33.3 30.264 30.2 29.812 33.3 30.264 30.5 29.556 43.2 29.950 19.5 30.524 29.863 30.5 29.852 38.5 30.524 30.524 30.524 30.2 39.490 36.2 38.5 30.524 30.524 30.524 30.2 39.490 36.2 38.5 30.525 30.554 30.5 29.556 38.5 30.526 30.5 29.556 43.2 29.909 24.7 29.812 30.004 31.2 29.909 24.7 29.812 30.004 31.2 29.584 24.7 29.812 30.004 31.2 29.584 24.7 29.580 26.3 20.524 29.584 24.7 29.580 26.3 20.524 29.584 24.7 29.580 26.3 20.522 29.584 24.7 30.000 23.5 30.522 24.5	21	21	21 30.274 29.2 30.290 29 21 19.7 29.2 20 30.252 24 30.162 28.2 20 18 24 39.5 30.5 29.6 30.5 29.6 30.5 30.	21 30.274 29.2 30.290 29 21 19.7 29.2 26 29.3 30.252 24 30.162 28.2 20 18 24 20.3 39.5 29.688 30.252 24 30.162 28.2 20 18 24 20.3 39.5 30.252 24 30.162 38.2 30.3 36.5 36 43.2 41.5 38.5 30.465 39.5 30.192 31.7 38.5 32 39.5 32 32	21	21 30.274 29.2 30.290 29 21 19.7 29.2 26 29 21.2 20 30.252 24 30.162 28.2 20 18.2 24 20.5 28.2 26 29.5 28.2 26 29.5 28.2 26 29.5 28.2 26 29.5 28.2 26 29.5 28.2 26 29.5 28.2 26 29.5 28.2 26 29.5 28.2 26 29.5 28.2 29.5 28.2 29.5 28.2 29.5	21	21 30.274 29.2 30.290 29. 21 19.7 29.2 26 29 21.2 NNE NNE NSE 30.52 24 30.162 28.2 20 18 24 20.5 28.2 26 NE NNW W W W W W W W W	21	21 30.274 29.2 30.290 29 21 19.7 29.2 26 29 21.2 NNE NNE NE NE 18 39.5 29.700 43.2 29.688 39.5 30.952 24 30.152 31.7 38.5 32 39.5 32 31.7 30.2 28.5 29.688 30.30 30.252 32 30.154 40.5 30.262 32 30.252 32.7 38.5 32 39.5 32 31.7 30.2 28.5 29.688 31.7 29.460 40. 28.5 29.688 31.7 29.460 40. 28.5 29.688 31.7 29.888 33.2 30.262 32.7 31.7 32.2 28.2 37.7 32.2 28.2 37.7 32.2 28.2 37.7 32.2 28.2 37.7 32.2 28.2 37.7 32.2 28.2 37.7 32.2 28.2 37.7 32.2 28.2 37.7 32.2 38.5 32.3 29.994 31.2 29.940 28.5 32.7 28.8 31.2 27.2 28.5 28.2 30.024 41.2 30.244 8.5 6.5 6.5 11.8 42.2 37.7 32.2 32.2 30.024 41.2 30.244 8.5 6.5 6.5 11.8 42.2 37.7 37.2 38.5 32.3 30.094 32.2 30.024 43.2 27.2 26.5 45.4 41.2 30.244 8.5 6.5 6.5 11.8 42.2 37.2 3	21	21	21	21	21	21 30.274 29.2 30.290 29. 21 10.7 29.2 26 29. 21.2 NNE NNE NE E 118 2.7 10 10 10 00 h. om. A.M. 12 P.M. 38.5 30.046 39.5 30.192 31.7 38.5 32 39.5 32 31.7 30.2 88.5 29.6 82 46.7 39.4 60.9 39.5 30.192 31.7 17 17 32 28.2 37.7 32.2 NNW NW NW 343 8.7 2 1 0 0 10 10 00 h. om. A.M. 11 P.M. 39 30.050 33.2 30.202 3.7 39 33 33.2 30.5 23.7 33.3 30.5 23.7 33.2 NNW NW NW 343 8.7 2 1 0 0 10 10 00 h. om. A.M. 11 P.M. 39 30.050 33.2 30.202 3.7 39 33 33.2 30.5 23.7 33.2 NNW NW NW 343 8.7 2 1 0 0 10 10 00 h. om. A.M. 11 P.M. 39 30.050 33.2 30.202 3.7 39 33 33.2 30.5 23.7 33.2 NNW NW NW 343 8.7 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	21 30. 274 29. 2 30. 290 29 21 19. 7 29. 2 26 29 21. 2 NNE

Вакоме	TER (Therrattached).	nometer	Т	HERM	OMET open	er (S air).	hade	in			WIND.			С	LOUD	s.		RAIN AND	Snow.	
7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7	А.М.	2 P	м.	9 P	.м.	7 A.M.	2 F.M.	9 P.M.	in 24 ing	force he 24 1 lbs. re ft.						Amt. of	Depth
DATE. Observed Height. Ther- mometer.	Observed Height. Ther- mometer.	Observed Height. Ther-	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity in miles for 24 hours ending at 9 P.M.	1 1	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	1	of Snow.
2 30.040 23.5 3 29.556 27 4 29.780 12.5 5 30.356 10 6 30.518 16 7 30.398 24.2	29.472 32.7 29.930 20 30.432 25 30.544 31.5 30.306 39.2	29.808 36 29.650 16 30.154 11. 30.496 26 30.494 28. 30.188 39.	10 16 2 24.	25.5 12 10 14.7 2 23.7	44.7 32.7 20 25 31.5 39.2	31.7 18.2 24.7 29.5 32	36 16 11.2 26 28.2 39.2	25.7 27 34	NNW WNW NNW NNW NW W	WNW SSW N NNW NW WNW WSW	WNW SSE NNW NNW NW W SSE	256 44 311 498 179 120	5.7 0.2 18 12 3 1.5 2.2	8 3 8 0 0	3 8 7 9 0	10 10 4 0 0 0	4.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M.	.01	.12
9 29.698 40.5 10 29.566 26.2 11 29.838 41 12 29.808 36 13 30.034 31.5 14 30.172 35 15 30.260 32.2 16 29.582 43.5	29.832 37 29.612 43.9 29.834 39 30.090 38.3 30.270 44 29.978 44 29.670 44	30.046 40 529.780 43. 29.900 34 730.136 39. 30.302 41 29.712 39 29.866 36.	5 40. 26. 5 41 36 5 31. 35 32.	2 25.7 36.2 32 5 31 30 2 30	43·5 39	34.5 39.5 29 36.2 33.2	43·5 34 39·5 41	30 34.2 38 32 33.5 36 38.5	W W W	SSW W NNW SSE WNW W SE W	WSW W W SSW WSW ESE W	149 281 265 217 142 199 233 119 363	2.2 12 7.2 10 4.7 8.7 5.7 6.2 23.5	0 0 10 10 3 0 0	8 3 1 9 5 2 0 3 7	2 0 6 2 0 4 8 2	7.15 A.M. 9.30 A M.	9 A.M. 1-45 P.M.	.02	.25
19 29.700 42.2 20 29.784 37 21 29.328 30.2	29.882 43.1 29.818 50 29.564 35 29.390 34.1 29.596 35.	7 29.646 49. 29.888 46. 29.240 36 5 29.478 34	7 33 5 42. 37 30. 33	5 30.2 31 2 39.2 34 2 28.5	39.7 43.7 50 35 34.5 35.5	33 41 40 33.7 31	35 49.7 46.5 36 34 34	33.5	WSW WSW NE W	NW SE NW NE W W	SSE NW ENE SW W	339 362 375	19 6.7 9 20.5 14.7 13.5	0 4 7 10 8 7 7	8 8 9 8	3 10 3 10 4 10	10.30 P.M. 11.30 A M. oh om. A.M.	11.30 P.M. 12 P.M. 2 A.M.	.02 .36 .02	
24 29.910 27 25 29.978 26.5 26 29.632 30.5 27 29.716 23 28 30.264 35 29 29.676 44.5	30,000 35.2 29,960 26 29,320 35 29,942 33 30,206 45	2 30.054 29. 29.904 28. 29.394 35. 30.174 30 30.082 40. 529.906 40.	7 27 7 26. 5 30. 23 7 35 7 44.	26 5 26 5 29 2 22 3 34 5 42 5	35.2 26 35 35 33 45	30 24.7 32.5 31.2 40 48	29.7 28.7 35.5	29.2 27.5 32 28 39 37	WNW NE ENE WNW NW ESE NW	NNE NNE W W SE SE NW	NE NE W W SSE WSW	253 277 314 410 135 373 512	8 8.5 12 18.2 3.7 23 27.5	7 10 10 8 2 10	7 9 10 7 1	10 10 10 4 10 10	9.15 P.M. oh. om. A M. oh. om. A.M.	12 P.M. 2.30 P.M.	.01	
31 29.456 48.7			11)		S	w	w	242	20.2	10	8	0	6.20 A.M. 1.30 P. M.		.05	

BA	7 A.M.	Observed Height.	1 29.992	2 29.740 51.7	3 29.880 4 30.122	5 30.176	6 30.112 7 30.000 8 29.802	29.902 29.978	29.650	13 29.044 14 29.756 15 29.752	29.934	29.594 29.592	29.744 29.726	29.864	29.804	29.736	29.044	29.938	2000	29.936
ROMETI	×	Ther- mometer.	38.7	51.7 29	40.5	39.7 30	53.55 53.55	£64 	40	43 45	39.7 2	39 46.5 20	39:	39	39:	39.7	39.7	42 29	47.7	
BAROMETER (Thermometer attached).	2 P.M.	Observed Height,	30.032 56	29.670 55.5	29.892 52.	30.132 46.5	30.036 49.7 29.926 48.5 29.754 52	29.934 42.2	. 122 57 . 436 36	29.710 50 29.680 48.5 29.884 52	.720 43	9.570 49.5	29.780 51 7 29.704 38.2	782 37	792 50.5	650 49.5	2	.900	934	
momet	9 P.	Observed Height.	29.970	5 29.762	30.150	5 29.992	5 29.99 29.84	30.16	7 29.57	29.790 5 29.742 30.056	29.62	29	29.844	29	29.813	29	29	30.024	29	770
g	, x	Ther- mometer.	6	50	47	5.7	50.5	39 55- 7	3,4	46.7	40.2	53 45.7	36.5 5	37.5	47.2	47.5	43.7	5.5	00	7
Тнея	7 A.M.	Dry.	38-7 38.	51.7 48	42.5 36.7 40.5 39.7	39-7 35	39:2 36 46	49 46.7 41	47 40 39	40.5 36.5 39 34 43 42.5	41.7 37 39.7 35	39 38 46.5 43	40 38 39.7 37	39 33	39-5 35	39.7 33	39.7 32	42 35	47.7 44.2	,
ope ope	 N	Dry.	-5 56	.2 55.5	.7 52. 7 55	46.5	·5 49.7		2 36.	5 48.5 52 5	.2 49 .7 43	2 49.	38.51	5 37	50.	2 49	48	551	2 60	,
THERMOMETER (Shade in open air).	Р.М.	Wet.	50.2	51	4 5	44.7	43.2 44.7	38.5 46.5	53 34•7	45.5	39:7	4,4	37	33:	12:2	40.	40.	6	600	
nade i	9 P.	Dry.	46	50 4	47 4	45.74	50.5	39 55-74	8.5	43.23 44.74	45	9.2	& &	37 - 5 3	47.2	47.5	43.7	45.5	500	
==	ĭ	Wet.	2:2	46	43.7	41.5	2 7	50.0 0	7 4	4 4 8	7 5	2 60	2 2	-4	20.2	9.5	12	96.7	7.5	
	7 A.M.	Direction.	#	SSE	WNW	Ħ	SEZE	N _E	NE	WZZ WZZ WZZ WZZ WZZ WZZ WZZ WZZ WZZ WZZ	ENE	SSE	ENE	₩	WNW	₹2	WW	&¥ —	WS	Z.
	2 F.M.	Direction.	SE	ENE	4 4	SE	SWE	WENE	NNE	NNE NNA NNA NNA	ESE	₹₹	WNW WW	WW	٤z	88	WNW	N N	E	<i>y</i> :
WIND.	9 P.M.	Direction.	SE	WNW	SE	SE	SE SE SE E	WSW	ZE	NE WNW	EE	W W	WNW WNW	NE	NN WW	SW	WNW	S N	SSE	S
	24	Velocity miles for hours endi at 9 P.M.	138	110	185 65	141	98 42	282	109 462	353 382 271	156 346	164	185	109		178	328	296	139	200
	24 bs.	Maximum for during the hours in 1 per square	ω	O.	6.2	∞	2.7	87.7	3.7	8.5.5 8.5.5	3.5	3.5.51	23.7	H 1	7.7	2.2	11.2	10.5	1.2	н
C		7 A.M.	ю	10	ωn	00	5 10	7 9	10	J. 007	9 0	9		oI.	9	у 0	6	0	5 0	0
CLOUDS.		2 P.M.	0	7	7 9	7	9 9	. 9	01	ee 9	6.0	9	o w	ió	9	9 7	9	90	∞ 0	J.
		9 Р.М.	10	N	ν ω	10	010			<u>σοω</u>						7 0	ω.	. 0	10 5	5
		Time of Beginning.	10.30 г.м.	oh om am.	4	4.15 A.M. 8 P.M.	7.15 P. M.	8 P.M. oh. om. A.M.	1.20		10.30 P.M. oh. om. A.M.	oh. om. a.m. oh 30 m. rm.		10.30 АМ.	oh. om. a.m.				10.50 P.M.	I.40 A.M.
RAIN AND SNOW		Time of Ending.		3.40 A.M.		6 A.M.	8 F.M.	12 P.M. 2 A.M.	9.30 P.M.		12 P.M. 12 P.M.	5 A.M.		12 P.M.	3 A.M.				12 P.M	6 А.М.
Snow.		Amt. of Water. Inches.	.02	. 46	3	. 02	.10	.03	1.19		I.59	.00		.07	.05				.05	.08
		Depth of Snow. Inches.					~													

Ваком	ETER (Theri attached).	nometer	Т	HERM	омет open			in			WIND.			C	Loui	os.		RAIN AND	Snow.	
7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7	A.M.	2 P	.м.	91	Υ.М.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 Р.М.	17 24 ng	force he 24 lbs. re ft.							
Observed Height. Thermometer.	Observed Height. Ther- mometer.	Observed Height. Ther-	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity in miles for 24 hours ending at 9 P.M.	Maximum force during the 24 hours in 1bs. per square ft.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	Amt. of Water. Inches.	Depth of Snow Inches.
1 30.194 48 2 29.916 50 3 29.480 41 4 29.900 41 5 30.044 51 6 30.280 53.2	29.978 61 30.048 72.5 30.336 64	29.570 45. 529.736 39. 30.020 60 530.124 62 30.322 55	41 41 51 53.	38.7 38.7 44.5 41.5	41.5 61 72.5 64	48.5 40.5 45.5 54 48.5	45·7 39·5 60 62 55		NE NW WSW	SW NNE ENE NW W ESE	SW ENE N SSE NW SE	155 218 292 152 238 172	2 5·5 5·7 2·7 6 3·5	0 10 0 0	8 10 9 1 3	10 10 0 4	oh 30 m. AM. Joh om AM. IPM	12 P.M. 1.30 A.M. 8.15 P.M.	1.28 .27 .17	
7 30.364 51 8 30.320 48 9 29.952 44.5 0 29.984 48.7 1 29.892 49.2 29.750 53 3 29.644 58 4 29.786 44	30.022 55 29.762 52	30.020 56. 29.738 56 29.796 58. 29.706 52	48.	5 43 7 46.5 2 47 43.7	50 48.7 55 52 61.5	52 49·5 51 62·7	58.5 52	52 51.2	E E NW SSW	SE ESE ENE ESE E NW W	SE ENE SE WNW S NNW	81 221 557 135 116 205 212 230	1.7 5.7 23 2 2 5.7 26.5	1 9 10 10 10 0 7 6	9 10 9 10 10 6 6	9 10 10 10 3 3	1.30 P.M. oh. om. A.M. 2 A.M. oh 30 m. PM. 2.50 P.M.	12 P.M. 1 P.M. 3.30 A M. 12 P.M. 3 30 P.M.	.15 .80 .18 .07	
5 29.738 47.5 6 29.806 51.5 7 29.884 50 8 29.990 50 9 30.010 53 0 30.202 51.5 1 30.270 56.5 2 30.138 52	29.772 66 29.850 63.5 29.902 61 29.950 63 29.996 69 30.262 60.7 30.294 56.5	29.790 60. 5 29.874 58 29.962 54 30.022 55. 30.066 60 7 30.284 58 30.216 47	50 50 50 53 51. 56.	5 40 5 43 44 45.5 41.7 5 41 7 46	66 63.5 61 63 69 60.7 56.5	52 52 49.5 50 51.5 46 48.2	54 55.5 60 58	50.2 50 47.7 45 46.5 43.5 45.7	NW NE NW WNW NNW E SSE	WSW NE NW NW SE SE	S W NW NW WSW SE ESE SE	135 78 209 227 88 175 170	7.7 1 12 7.7 1.2 2.2 3.2	0 9 0 0 0 0	9 3 6	5 8 2 3 0 9	5 P.M. (oh om AM.	12 P.M.	-39 -12	
3 30.020 59.5 4 29.796 62 5 29.880 66.2 6 30.128 65 7 30.064 61.5 8 29.880 68	30.002 74 29.730 78.2 29.914 78.5 30.144 77.5 30.008 68 29.844 83.5	30.016 70 30.100 64 29.914 64. 29.886 78	59. 62. 66. 65. 61.	5 57 · 5 60 2 57 55 5 57 · 7	78.2 78.5 77.5 68 83.5	67 69 63 64.2 60	66 71.5 70 64 64.2 78	65.5 58 60 67.2	ESE SW WNW E SSE SW	SE SW E SE SE SW	SE N E SSE SSE WSW	146 110 141 103 103 134 160	1.2 1.7 3.2 3.7 3 4 5	10 8 10 0 3 2	9 6 5 8 3 2 8	10 7 2 2 10 3	5 P.M.	9 P.M.	.04	
9 29.998 69 0 29.986 67 1 30.362 55	30.010 82 30.068 64.2 30.420 66	30.000 75. 30.182 59. 30.380 62.	67		64.2		75·7 59·5 62·2	51.7	NW NNW NE	WNW NE SE	S ENE SSW	115 161 184	3.5 8.2	3 4 0	8 9 0	5 3 0	3.45 P.M.	4.30 Р.М.	.02	

		Ва	ROM	ETER (nomete	r	Т	HERM	омет ореп		shade	in			WIND.			C	Loui	s.		RAIN AND	Snow.	
	7	A.1	M.	2 P.	м.	9 P.	м.	7	Λ. M.	2 P	.м.	9 1	,M.	7 A.M.	2 F.M.	9 P.M.	in 24 ng	force he 24 lbs. re ft.							
DAIR.	Observed	Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity in miles for 24 hours ending at 9 P.M.	Maximum for during the hours in It per square i	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	Amt. of Water. Inches.	Depth of Snov Inches
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	30. 39. 29. 29. 30. 30. 29. 30. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29	202 998 588 782 860 160 980 991 958 980 984 992 842 970 8898 980 164 118 286 388 188	60.5 59.5 69.5 69.5 69.5 61.5 62.5 62.7 63.6 63.6 64.2 65.5 66.5	29.876 29.902 29.946 29.742 29.886	80.52 83.72 78.5 76.5 77.7 83.68 84.2 76.5 84.2 87.9 87.5 87.	30.144 29.668 29.761 29.856 30.00 30.216 30.166 30.16 30.16 30.12 29.93 29.86 29.90 29.95 30.10 30.20 29.95 30.20 29.95 30.20 30.20 29.95 30.20	3 71 2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	60.5 59.7 69.5	48 54 5 56 58 51 49 5 5 56 56 57 57 57 56 56 57 56 67 56 67	67 77 78 5 7 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 7	62 52 52 52 53 59 62 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63	71 52-7 73-7 69 64 67.5 76.7 73 63 65 67.5 79.2 77.2 77.2 77.2 77.2 77.2 77.2 77.7 68.7 70.6	63 66.5 57.5 52 59 65.5 54.5 61 68.5 71.5 61.2	WSW WSW NE ESE ENE ENE EW WSW WSW	W N ESE SW NNW NNE E NE SE WWNW SE ENE SE SE SE SE SE	W SSW ESE SSW WNW S N N SE SE SSW WNW S SW WNW WNW E SSW WNW WNW E SE SE SE SE	197 114 239 92 125 81 194 236 124 150 218 173 190 132 146 248 222 42 131 157 120 70 191 207 146 227	5.2 1.7 7.7 3.5 2.2 2 7.5 16 2 3.7 3.7 2.7 2.7 2.2 2.2 2.2 10.2 13 4.5 4.5 3.7 4.5 4.5 4.5 9.7	0 0 0 5 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0219697811935894108059996624787	0 0 7 9 2 2 9 9 9 10 0 0 2 2 9 9 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 A.M. oh, om, A.M. 3 P.M. 11.20 P.M. 3.10 A.M. 5.30 A.M.	12 P.M. 7 A.M. oh 30 m PX	.0I	

	BAROME	TER (The	rmon	neter		Tı		omet open			in			WIND.			С	Loud	s.		RAIN AND	Snow.	
	7 A.M.	2 P.M.		9 P.M	1.	7 A	.M.	2 ľ	м.	91	.м.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	ın 124 ing	force he 24 1 lbs. ire ft.						Amt. of	Donth
DATE.	Observed Height. Ther- mometer.	Observed Height. Ther-	Observed	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity in miles for 24 hours ending at 9 P.M.	[# #.# g	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.		of Snow
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	29.780 71 30.082,74 30.082,78 29.980,81 29.850,78.7 29.862,69 30.038 62.5 29.988 67.2 29.988 67.2	30.018 77 29.980 76 30.000 78 30.050 80	2 30 30 29 .5 29 29 .5 30 30 .7 30	0.018 0.922 0.836 0.938 0.016 0.984	82.5 83.5 77 74.2 69 72.5 68 73.5	74 78 81 78.7 69 62.5 67.2	68.5 72.2 72 60 53 59.5 61.2 62.2	89.2 91 86 74.5 78 77.5	68.2 71 72 70 64.5 66.5 66.5	83.5 77 74.2 69 72.5 68 73.5	70.5 72 70 67.7 58	ESE W SSW S SE WNW NNE W NE SW	WNW SE SE WSW WSW WNW E SE WNW SE	WSW SE S NW SSE NW SE E SW SE	172 81 129 184 63 195 122 87 53 124	3 1.2 8.2 6 0.5 5 1 1.2 0.5 2.7	10 0 0 6 10 0 3 9 3 7	8 7 7 7 9 5 3 9 7 1 8	2 8 8 9 7 3 5 6 5 7 0	5 P.M. 10.40 P.M. 9.30 A.M.	8.15 A.M.	.17 -37 .09 .94	
12 13 14 15 16	30.180 63 30.288 67 30.206 69.2 29.966 74	30.242 75 30.320 79 30.110 89 29.972 87 30.030 83	30 30 30 7 29	0.208 0.262 0.020 0.956 0.984	72 72·5 79·2 80 77·7	63 67 69.2	54.2 61.2 62.5 67.5	75.2 79 84 87.7	58.2 65 76 75.2 67.7	72 72.5 79.2 80 77.7	59 64	NNW S SW WNW	N SSE SSW WNW SSW	S S W WNW SSW	97 145 193 172 126	1 5.2 3 4.7 1.2	2 3 2 4 3	8 7 6 7 4 8	3 0 9 2 5	1.15 P.M. 1.30 A.M.	2.30 A.M. oh 50 m PM	.02	
18 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	29.802 68.5 29.896 62.5 29.972 66.5 29.992 65.5 30.208 67.2 30.216 69.5 30.020 77.5 30.022 76.5	29.890 66 29.920 66 29.982 76 30.028 80 30.182 84 30.000 87 30.002 87 30.003 89	29 • 7 29 • 5 29 • 5 30 • 5 30 • 5 30 • 5 30 • 5 30).938).966).970).098).204).100).004).938	62 66 74 71 77 80 81 82.5	68.5 62.5 66.5 67.2 69.5 76 77.5	65 60.5 60 59 61.5 61 68.7	66.7 76.5 77.2 80.5 84.5 87.5 87.5	64.5 62.5 60.5 63 65.5 68 70 73	62 66 74 71 77 80 81 82.5	60.5 64 63 64 66.7 62.5	ENE NE NW NW NW W W SE SW	ENE ENE WSW WNW SW W SE SSE	E SE WSW W SSW WSW WSW WSW	215 151 128 117 102 143 152 119 252	4.7 2 2.5 1.5 2.5 1.5 2.5	9 10 1 6 0 2 0 0 0	9 10 5 7 6 4 6 0 6	10 5 6 0 2 0 3 0	10.30 P.M. oh om AM. 8.45 P.M. 5 A.M.	12 P.M. 2 A.M. 12 P.M. 8.15 A.M.	.4) .02 .24 .01	-
27 28 29 30	30.110 72 30.170 73.7 30.048 75.7 30.038 77.7 30.130 73.7	30.142 74 30.164 83 30.006 81 30.070 85	. 2 30 . 5 30 . 2 30	0.184 0.120 0.007 0.076	74·7 76 75 78·7	72 73·7 75·7	68.7 71 70.5	74.2 83.5	72 71.2 74.2 73	75 78.7	70 72 70.2	S WNW SSW W NW	SE SSE SE NW E	SE SSE SW WNW SSE	151 88 111 85 79	3.5 1.2 2.5 1.7 0.7	8 9 0 2	8 8 6 8	10 9 10 2 7	oh, om. A.M	7 P.M. 11.15 P.M.	1.36 .52	

	Е	Barom	ETER (Then hed).	nomete	er	Tı	HERM	omet open	ER (S air).	Shade	in			WIND.			(CLOU	os		RAIN AND S	Snow.	
	7 A	.м.	2 P	м.	9 P.	м.	7 /	ν.м.	2 1	.м.	91	.м.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	ty in for 24 ending M.	e 24 Ibs.						Amount	Deptl
DATE.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity miles for hours end at 9 P M.	Maximum force during the 24 hours in 1bs. per square ft.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	of Water Inches.	of Snow Inche
	30.058				30.002			71	36.2		(i		s	s	wsw	129	4	9	8	10	{ 4.10 A.M. 9.30 P.M.	5 A.M. 9-40 P M	.01 .02	
3	29.988 29.922	75 78	29.954 29.904 30.164	89.2	29.948 29.966 30.206	79·7	75 78	70.5 73.2 61.5	85.5 89.2	77 78.2 63.5	79 · 7	73·5 68.2 64·7	WSW NW	S SSE NNE	SW NW NNE	93 106 98	1 7 7.2 2	0 5	9 7 8	7	3.30 Р.М.	5-30 P.M.	.19	
5 6 7 8 9 0	30.266 30.222 30.106 29.930 30.032 30.152 30.172	68.7 64.7 66.7 73.2 66.2 68.5	30.282 30.264 30.034 29.920 30.058 30.166	78.5 79 83.5 78.2 81 79	30.286 30.200 29.976 29.964 30.090 30.176 30.174	74 75 79 76 76.5 73.5	68.7 64.7 66.7 73.2 72 66.2	57.2 61 62 68 62.5 57.5	78.5 79 83.5 78.2 81 79	62.5 65 68.5 71.2 64 62.5	74 75 79 76 76.5 73.5	65 67 69.2 70 64.5 65	NNE WNW WSW NNE NNE ENE E	ESE WNW WSW WSW E SE SE	WNW SSE SW WSW SSW SE SE E	115 59 227 160 122 129 125	2.2 2.7 1.7 1.7 3.7 3.2	9 3 6 0 6	6 2 5 9 2 2 1 6	5 4 9 2 4 5 4 9	7.30 A.M.	9.30 A.M.	.29	
- 1		" -	-	1.	30.012				l' .				ENE	ENE	NE	400	14.5	10	10	10	4 A.M. 2 P.M.	5 A.M 12 P.M.	.03	
4	29.852	63.5	29.848	65.2	29.910	64	63.5	62.5	65.2	64		62	ENE NE	ENE E	NE SE	470 115	15.2	10	10	10	ch, om, A,M.	1.30 P.M.	1.74	
5 :	29.890	70	29.904	8r.5	29.984	76.7	70	67.2	81.5	69.5	76.7	70	wsw	sw	sw	135	3	10	5	9	3 A.M. 10,40 P.M.	4.15 A.M. 12 P.M.	.15	
7	30.136	64	30.172	73	30.210	70.2	64.	бо.2	73	5 1	70.2	62.7	NNE	ENE	SE	132	3.7	7	7	10	oh.40 m. A,M	3.40 A.M.	.05	
1		1 1	30.110	1	30.058	1 1	66.5			62.2	68	65.2	E	ENE	E	183	6.5	9	10	10	6 oh.om.a.m 8.30 a.m.	1.35 A.M. 12 P.M.	.01	
3	30.042 30.106	67.2	30.072	75.5	30.088	74	67.2	64.5	75·5 08.7	70 66. e		70	NNE NE	NE ENE	SE ESE	46 96	0.2	10	9	10	oh. om. A.M. 6,30 A M	9 A.M. 12 P.M.	.65	
11.	-	1 1		1	30.158	1 .	67 7	1 -	71.5	1	- 1	68	ENE	ENE	ENE	146	1.5	10	10	10	∫oh.om, A.M	TP.M.	4.15	
1	30.126	1	30.096	1	30.098		1)	70.2	1	73 - 5		71.2	wsw	sw	sw	79	1.5	10	7	4	10 P.M. 5.15 A.M. 4.30 P.M.	10.30 P.M. 6 A.M 5.15 P.M	.01 .03 Slight.	
3	30.074	73.5	30.052	85.5	30.068	73	73.5	69.2	85.5 67	72	73	63	W NW	WNW	NW WNW	78	13	6	4	7	4.30	3/23	Origina.	
51:	30.024	58.7	30.056 29.944	72	30.038	68.5	58.7	54.5	72	60			W	W	W	270 102	7 1	9	9	0				
2	29.868 20.036	66.7	29.874 30.124	74 - 5	29.930	70 68.5	66.7	64	74.5	64	70 68.5	65.5	WNW ENE	NNE E	NNE S	72 88	2.5	4	9	7				
il.	30.260	63.7	30.302	75-5	30.318	68.5	63.7	60.7	75.5	66	68.5	63	SSW	SSE	SW	41	0.2	5	9	3 6				
0 3	30.186	66.7	30.354 30.160	78	30.278	7Í	66.7	61.7 64.5	75 78	64.5 69.5	71	66.5	NNE	W	SE WSW	71 87	1.5	10	7 8	10	oh. om. A.M.	12 P.M. 3 A.M.	.04	
1	30.050	69	29.968	84.2	29.960	75	69 ′	67	84.2	73		71	wsw	sw	S	122	5.5	8	9	10	4.15 P.M.	5 P.M.	.50	

_	Ваі	ROME	TER (T		ometei	r	T	HERM		ER (S		in			WIND.			С	LOUD	s.		Rain and	Snow.	
	7 A.N	а.	2 P.	м.	9 P.	м.	7 /	λ.м.	2 P	.м.	9 F	.м.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	in 24 ing	the 24 in lbs.					!	Amt. of	Donth
DATE.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity in miles for 24 hours ending at 9 P.M.	Maximum for during the hours in 1 per square	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.		of Snow.
2	29.864 29.922 30.106	65	29.772 29.940 30.136	75.5	30.016	68	65	70·7 62 55·5	75.5	64		70.7 60.7 64.5		WSW WNW WSW	W W SSE	172 145 91	5.2 5.7	6 o 3	7 4 2	5 0 8	4.20 A.M.	5.15 A.M.	.01	į
4	29.944	73 76	29.864 29.906	83.5 85.2	29.850 30.024	79·5	73 76	1	83.5	75	79.5	74 64.5	s sw	ssw wsw	SSW NNW W	169 229	4 3.5	10	7 9 8	8	2.10 A.M. 10 A.M.	5 A.M. 11 A.M.	-32 -21	
7 8	30.140 30.278 30.268 30.400	55·5 61·7	30.324	64 68.5	30.250 30.200 30.364	65	62 55·5 61·7	53·5 57	64 68.5 68.5	58.5	65 61.5	56.7 60 55 54.2	NNE NW	NNE ENE N ENE	S NNE SE	108 102 128 137	3 1.2 2.7 4	0 8 8	9 9 6	4 10 6 0	8 P.M. oh. om. A.M.	12 P.M. 4 A.M.	.24	
10 11 12	30.306 30.180 30.066	57 60 62.5	30.250 30.126 30.040	63.7 69 77	30.206 30.106 30.016	64 66.2 68.5	57 60 62.5	51.2 58.5 59.5	63.7 69	58.7 60 66.5	64 66.2 68.5	60.5 61.5 63.5	NE NNE WSW	NE ENE SSW	SSE S	123 101 59	3 1 2	3 10 0	9 4 4 8	0 0		10.30 P.M.	•04	
14 15 16	29.902 29.862 30.200 30.036	52.2 48.5 56	29.958 30.170 30.016	58 60 73	30.118	50.5 58.2 66.5	52.2 48.5 56	49·5	75·5 58 60 73 65·5	48 48	50.5 58.2 66.5	44.2 50 59	NW WSW	SSE NW W W	NW NW SSW W	125 187 80 151	2 4·7 2 2·5	0 10 3 7	9 1	10 0 4 3	8.30 P.M. oh. om. A.M.	10 P.M. 9 A.M.	.12	
18 19 20 21	30.228 30.192 29.898 29.774 30.234 30.334	59.5 69.5 51.7 49.2	30.152 29.740 29.846 30.274	74 · 7 68 59 · 7 60 · 2	30.088 29.684 30.040 30.310	67.2 52.5 56 5	69.5	56.5 67 46.2	74·7 68 59·7 60.2	64.2 64.7 49.5	69 67.2 52.5 56.5		NE E SSW WNW NW WSW	NE SE SE NW W SSE	SE SSE NNE WNW WSW E	59 272 66 86	2.2 2 5 11 0.7 2.7	7 10 7 0	0 5 10 2 1	5 10 3 4	2.30 A.M.	10 P.M.	.86	
23	30.100	59•5	30.036	68.5	29 994	63.7	59-5	57	68.5	61	63.7	60	w	SSE	ESE	86	2	9	9	10	6 A.M. 6.10 P.M.	7 A.M. 12 P.M.	.0i	
25 26 27	29.888 30.080 30.164 30.246	61 64 60.5	30.072 30.206 30.230	68.5 75.2 77.2	30.058 30.230 30.222	66 67 71	61 64 60.5	:158.5	68.5 75.2	61 67.2	67 71	60 62 68.5		NNE SSE NW SSW	NNE SSE SW WSW	98 131 74 127	1.2 2.5 1 1.5	9 8 7 0	9 9 0	5 10 0 2	oh. om. A.M. 11.30 P.M. oh. om. A.M.	6 A.M. 12 P.M. oh 30 m AM	.74 .04 .02	
29	30.186 29.972 29.960	68	29.856	77 - 5	30.076 29.848 30.066	73	68	66.5	77 - 5	71.2	70.7 73 53.5	66.5 70 47	SSW NW	SSW SW N	WSW NNE	156 223 214	1.7 4 4.7	9 9	9	0 10 2	7 P.M. oh. 15 m. AM.		.16	

1	Вакомі	ETER (". attacl	Thern red).	nomete	r.	Tı	IERM	омет ореп			in			WIND.			C	Loui	os.		RAIN AND S	w.	
	7 A. M.	2 P.	м.	9 P.	м,	7	Λ.М.	2 1	Υ.М.	91	.M.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	in 24 ng	% 24 fr							
DATE.	Observed Height. Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Observed Height.	Ther- mometer.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction.	Direction.	Velocity in miles for 24 hours ending at 9 P.M.	Maximum force during the 24 hours in 1bs. per square ft.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 Р.М.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	Amount of Water. Inches.	of Snow,
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	30.238 52.5 30.184 57 29.780 63.2 29.674 63 29.548 41 29.754 46 30.100 51 30.180 49.5 30.056 49 29.792 54.2	30.220 30.214 30.104 29.750 29.530 29.654 29.838 30.150 30.166 29.960 29.764 30.106	65.5 69.2 71.5 67.5 44 63 63.5 63.5 61.5	30.220 29.978 29.764 29.586 29.708 29.954 30.174	62.2 64.7 64 65.5 50 45 57 52.5 57.2 59.5 49.5	52.5 57 63.2 63 41 46 51 49 5 49 5	47.7 50 54 60 60 40 39 46.2 44 43.2 48 38	65.5 69 64.2 71.5 67.5 44 63 63 68.5 61	54.7 58.7 60.2 65 38.5 50.7 54 50 50.5 52.7 43.5	62.2 64.7 64 65.5 50 45 57 52.5 57.2 59.5 49.5	57 60.2 60 48.5 39.2 49.5 47.5 50 50.5 42.5	NNW NW E SW SSE WNW NW N NNE NNE W NW SW	W SE WNW SSE WSW SE WNW NNE NNE NW WWW SW	SW SSE SW NNW NNW NNE NNE W SW WNW	100 89 35 140 161 190 333 267 244 114 46 113 264	0.7 0.7 0.5 5.2 2.2 13.2 9 8.7 9 1.7 0.2 4.5 11.2	0 7 3 3 5 9 4 0 0 0 9 0 I	1 3 5 9 5 0 0 0 0 9 1 0	5 4 5 2 10 5 0 0 0	10 P.M. 2.10 P.M. oh. om. A.M.	12 P.M. 12 P.M. 7 A.M.	.13 .89 .30	
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	30.464 51 30.180 58.2 30.244 53.5 30.040 63.5 30.040 63.5 29.510 66 29.654 54 30.060 49.2 30.202 50.5 30.182 50.5	30.502 30.282 30.254 30.160 29.944 29.426 30.206 30.186 30.218 30.086	64.7 68.5 64 70.2 68.2 58.7 60.2 65.2 65.2 7 54 59 60 57	30.490 30.208 30.306 30.116 29.780 29.324 29.984 30.156 30.214	58.5 61.2 56.5 62 63.7 70 54.2 58.5 52.7 45.5 57 43.3 44.2	51 49.5 58.2 53.5 63.5 66 54 49.2 50.5 55.2 43.5 44 60 47.5 33 35	45 47 54 50 60 64.5 48 42.7 45 50.7 38 41.5 41.5 42.30	64.7 68.5 64 61 70.2 68.2 58.7 60.2 65.2 62.7 54 59	51 58 54 56.2 64.7 65 48 47.5 53.5 44.5 47.5 47.5 47.5 47.5	58.5 61.2 56.5 62.7 70 54.2 58.5 52.7 45.5 57 52 43 39 44.2	50.7 55 51 57 62.7 66 46 46.5 52 47.7	W SSE NW E SSE SSE SSE SSW WSW WSW NNW N S S NNW N S NNW N S S NNW N S NNW N S N S	E SW N SE SE SE SW SSE SW NE SE SW SW SSE SW WSW SW	SW SE SSE E SE SW WSW NW SSW NW N SSE W W	476 477 111 148 146 127 444 293 136 87 86 119 84 298 95 279 136	1.7 0.5 2.5 4 1.5 10.5 15.7 6 1.7 1.5 1.5 46.2 3.5	9 9 9 10 8 0 0 3 0 10 6	9 6 10 7 3 4 9 1 7 10 1 8 9	0 4 2 10 10 10 0 0 5 3 10 5 6 6	oh.om. A.M. oh.om. A.M. 5 A.M. 9.30 P.M. oh. om. A.M. 10 P.M.	12 P M 7 A.M. 10 P.M. 6 A.M. 12 P.M. 3.30 P.M. 10.30 P.M. 3 P.M.	.09 .57 .04 .01 .66 Slight	

NOVEMBER, 1873.

Barom	T	THERMOMETER (Shade in open air).						Wind.					LOU	s.	RAIN AND SNOW.					
7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	7 -	А.М.	2 F	.м.	9 P.	м.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	ty in for 24 ending M.	orce e 24 lbs. e ft.						Amount	Depth
Observed Height. Ther-	Observed Height. Ther- mometer.	Observed Height, Ther-	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Direction.	Direction,	Direction.	Velocity miles for hours end at 9 P.M.	Maximum force during the 24 hours in lbs. per square ft.	7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.	of Water. Inches.	of Snow Inches
1 30.124 33.2 2 30.374 37 5 3 29.948 50 4 30.228 38 5 30.034 46 6 30.220 33 7 30.278 34	30.190 47 30.264 55.5 30.018 53 30.108 49.5 30.096 52 30.232 48 30.168 50 29.568 51	30.356 40 30.122 50 30.194 39	37 · 5 50 38 46 33 34	33 41 29 28	53 49·5 52 48 50	36 43 41 39 42 38 42.7	50 2 39 3 49 • 7	32 30.7 14	WSW WSW WSW W W NNE NE	W SSW WNW SW WNW NW ESE	W SSW WNW SSW NNE NE ENE WNW	198 161 314 144 158 139 191	5.5 4 13 2.2 3.7 2.5 6.5	0 0 8 0 8 5 8	7 5 0 2 9	0 9 0 6 8 7	3.15 P.M. {oh.om, A.M	12 P.M. 5 A.M.		
9 29.712 42.5 0 29.990 32 11 29.992 31 12 29.538 42.5 13 29.582 32	29.684 51 29.890 34.5 29.988 41 29.506 40.7 29.630 35	29.804 41 29.054 29. 29.888 42. 29.458 40.	42.5 32 31 42.5	28 29.5 40.5 30.5	51 34.5 41 40.7 35	44 34 35·5 38·5	41 29.5 42.2 40.5	35·5 29·5 38 39 28·2	W NW W W	W NW SW WNW	NW WNW SE WSW W	212 347 129 148 273	6.5 10 2 3	8 8 8 10	9 4 2 9 8	8 2 9 10	9.45 P.M. 6h.om.A.M 2 P.M.	3.30 P.M. 12 P.M. 5 A.M. 4 P.M.	.04	
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APPENDIX D.

REPORT

OF THE

DIRECTOR OF THE MENAGERIE,

For the Year ending May 31st, 1873,

AND A

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT

For the remainder of the Year 1873.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS,
OFFICE OF DESIGN AND SUPERINTENDENCE,
NEW YORK, 4th August, 1873.

To the Board of Commissioners of the Department of Public Parks:

GENTLEMEN,—I herewith present the Annual Report of the Director of the Menagerie.

Respectfully,

FRED. LAW OLMSTED,

Landscape Architect.

REPORT

OF THE

DIRECTOR OF THE CENTRAL PARK MENAGERIE,

For the Year ending May 31st, 1873.

FRED. LAW OLMSTED, Esq., Landscape Architect, and General Superintendent Department Public Parks:

SIR,—I herewith respectfully submit the following report of the animals exhibited in the Central Park Menagerie for the past year.

It will be seen that there is a noticeable increase over other years in the number of animals exhibited, as well as in the variety of species, the total number of specimens this year being 806, showing an increase of 205 over the previous year.

The permanent collection of the Department also shows a satisfactory increase, as appears from the following table:

	APRIL IST.				
	1871.	1872.	1873.		
Quadrupeds	89	103	199		
irds	143	208	347		
Reptiles	14	11	35		

This increase is very gratifying, as it expresses the great interest manifested by the people in the success of the Menagerie, which has proved so important a means of instruction as well as of entertainment for the masses.

No death has occurred among the valuable animals of the permanent collection during the year. The most interesting events recorded are the following births:

Two Lions, Felis leo.

One Leopard, Felis leopardus.

Two Pumas, Felis concolor.

One Camel, Camelus dromedarius.

One Hyæna, *Hyæna crocuta*, which is believed to be the first Hyæna born in America.

Among the most valuable gifts may be mentioned the following:

One Sooty Monkey, Cercocebus fuliginosus, presented by General Bomford, U. S. A.

One Sambur Deer, Rusa aristotelis, presented by Consul Heyse, of Swindimundi, Prussia.

Two large-eared Brockets, *Coassus auritus*, one presented by Hon. Henry S. Sanford, the other by Mr. Thomas P. Ramsdell.

One Paisano, Geococcyx californianus, presented by Mr. Ben. Honnet, of Texas.

The Menagerie continues to be largely indebted to Mr. P. T. Barnum, Mr. George F. Bailey, Mr. Louis Ruhe, Messrs. Van Amburgh & Co., and Messrs. Charles Reiche & Bro., for the number and rarity of specimens placed by them on exhibition. Among these specimens, of greatest importance are the three Giraffes, Giraffa camelopardalis; two Sea Lions, Eu-

metopias stelleri; one Manatee, Manatus americanus; one Malayan Tapir, Tapirus malayanus, all exhibited by Mr. P. T. Barnum.

The Manatee is expressly worthy of note, inasmuch as it is the first of the species exhibited in New York, and the success in keeping it alive was hardly hoped for, owing to the difficulty in obtaining the proper food. The Tapir is the first of the species ever imported to this country.

Very respectfully,

WILLIAM A CONKLIN,

Director.

Mammalia.

Order: QUADRUMANA. Family: Cercopithecidæ. Genus: Chlorocebus.

C. sabæus (Linn.), Green Monkey. Hab. West Africa. a, b. Placed on exhibition February 12, 1873.

C. engythithea (Herm.), Grivet Monkey. Hab. Northeast Africa. a. Presented by Miss Fanny Elkins, January 25, 1872.

Genus: Cercocebus.

C. fuliginosus, Gèoffr., Sooty Mangabey. Hab. West Africa, a. Presented by General Bomford, Eighth infantry, U. S. A., May 4, 1872.

Genus: Macacus.

M. sinicus, Desm., Bonnet Macaque. Hab. India. a. Placed on exhibition October 16, 1871.

M. pileatus, Shaw, Toque Monkey. Hab. Ceylon. a-c. Presented October 12, 1871. d. Placed on exhibition November 20, 1872. e-g. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872.

M. nemestrinus (Linn.), Pig-tailed Monkey. Hab. Java. a, b. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872. c. Placed on exhibition February 12th, 1873.

M. cynomolgus (Linn.), Macaque Monkey. Hab. India. a. Placed on exhibition October 12, 1871. b. Purchased, 1871. c. Presented, 1871.

M. crythræus (Schreb.), Rhesus Monkey. Hab. India. a. Placed on exhibition 1870. b. Placed on exhibition December 28, 1872. c-c. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872.

Genus: Hamadryas.

H. aegyptiaca (Linn.), Arabian Baboon. Hab. Arabia and Abyssinia. a. Placed on exhibition November 9, 1871.

Genus: Cynocephalus.

- C. porcarius (Bodd.), Chaema Baboon. Hab. South Africa. a-e. Placed on exhibition May 5, 1873.
 - C. babouin, Desm., Yellow Baboon. Hab. West Africa.
- a, b. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872
- C. sphinx (Linn.), Guinea Baboon. Hab. West Africa. a. Purchased July 6, 1871. b, c. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872.

Family: Cebidæ. Genus: Ateles.

- A. melanochir, Desm., Black-handed Spider Monkey. Hab. Central America. a. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872.
- A. belzebuth, Geoff., Marimonda Spider Monkey. Hab. Guiana. a. Placed on exhibition February 12, 1873.

Genus: Cebus.

C. apella (Linn.), Brown Capuchin. Hab. Brazil. a. Placed on exhibition October 12, 1871. b. Presented by Professor S. F. B. Morse, December 29, 1871. c. Placed on exhibition October 31, 1872. d. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872. e. Placed on exhibition May 5, 1873.

C. capucinus, Geoff., Weeper Capuchin. Hab. Brazil. a. Placed on exhibition November 7, 1872. b, c. Placed on exhibition October 17, 1872. d. Placed on exhibition March 29, 1873.

C. hypoleucus (Humb.), White-throated Capuchin. Hab. Central America, a. Placed on exhibition March 7, 1873.

Genus: Chrysothix.

C. sciureus (Linn.), Tee-tee Monkey. Hab. Brazil. a. Placed on exhibition October 17, 1872.

Family: Hapalidæ.

Genus: Facchus.

F. vulgaris (Linn.), Black-eared Marmoset. Hab. Brazil. a. Presented by Mr. Frederick Emmons, October 12, 1872. b. Presented by Mr. W. A. Conklin, November, 1872. c. Presented by Messrs. L. J. Phillips & Co., May 18, 1873.

Order: CARNIVORA.

Family: Felidæ,

Genus: Felis.

F. leo, Linn., Lion. Hab. Africa and South Western Asia. a, b. Purchased July 20, 1871. c, d. Placed on exhibition April 9, 1872. e, f. Placed on exhibition May 1, 1872. g-i. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872. j, k. Born in the menagerie, January 25, 1873.

F. tigris, Linn., Tiger. Hab. India. a. Placed on exhibition

November 28, 1871. b-d. Placed on exhibition February 13, 1872. e. Placed on exhibition May 28, 1872.

F. leopardus, Linn., Leopard. Hab. Southern Asia and Africa. a. Presented by A. A. Silver, Esq., U. S. Commercial Agent, Africa, October 3, 1868. b. Purchased May 23, 1871. c. Born in the menagerie October 28, 1872. d, e. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872. f, g. Placed on exhibition May 5, 1873. h, i. Placed on exhibition May 17, 1873. j-m. Placed on exhibition May 28, 1873.

F. leopardus, var. melas, Piron, Black Leopard. Hab. Southern Asia and Africa. a. Placed on exhibition May 30, 1873.

F. onca, Linn., Jaguar. Hab. South America. a. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872. b. Placed on exhibition February 5, 1873.

F. concolor, Linn., Puma. Hab. North and South America. a. Presented by Brigadier-General N. B. McLaughlin, U. S. A., November 17, 1868. b. Presented by Philip Figyelmesy, Esq., U. S. Consul, Demerara, April 28, 1869. c. Purchased January 12, 1871. d, e. Born in the menagerie August 24, 1872. f, g. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872.

F. pardalis, Linn., Ocelot. Hab. Texas and South America.

a. Placed on exhibition February 12, 1873.

Genus: Lynx.

L. rufus, Raf. Wild Cat. Hab. North America. a. Presented by Mr. John Lynch, May 1, 1872. b. Presented by Professor F. S. Holmes, June 26, 1872.

Family: Guepardidæ.

Genus: Gueparda.

G. guttata (Schreb.), Cheetah. Hab. Africa and Asia. a. Purchased July 20, 1871.

Family: Hyanida.

Genus: Hyæna.

H. crocuta, Erxl., Spotted Hyæna. Hab. South Africa, a. Purchased May 23, 1871. b. Placed on exhibition April 9, 1872. c. Placed on exhibition May 28, 1872. d. Born in Menagerie, January 6, 1873.

H. striata, Zimm, Striped Hyæna. Hab. India. a. Placed on exhibition August 2, 1872.

Family: Viverridæ.

Genus: Paradoxurus.

P. musanga (Raffle), Musanga Paradoxure. Hab. Indian Archipelago. a. Presented by Mr. Charles J. Wirner, 1872. b. Presented by Capt. J. W. Downing, 1872. c, d. Presented by Mr. John Olsen, May 21, 1872.

Genus: Suricata.

S. zenik (Gm.), Suricate. Hab. South Africa. a. Presented by Mr. C. H. Lynch, October 9, 1872.

Family: Canida.

Genus: Canis.

C. latrans, Say., Prairie Wolf. Hab. Western United States. a. Born in the Menagerie, 1868. b. Presented by Mr. John Wolf, 1871. c. Presented by Mr. Ira Spaulding, Chief-Engineer Northern Pacific R. R., April 8th, 1872. d. Presented by Mr. Ben. Honnet, October 12, 1872.

C. occidentalis, var. griseo-albus, Rich., Grey Wolf. Hab. Western United States. a, b. Presented by Col. Floyd Jones, U. S. A., August 21, 1871.

C. occidentalis, var. ater, Rich., Black Wolf. Hab. Southern United States. a. Purchased July 10th, 1871.

Genus: Vulpes.

V. fulvus, Desm., Red Fox. Hab. North America. a. Presented by Mr. Sigourney W. Fay, 1871. b. Presented by Mr. R. W. St. Clair, January 11, 1872. c, d. Presented by Mr. J. A. Caldwell, August 25, 1872. c, f. Presented by Mr. W. C. Tracy, November 28, 1872. g. Presented by Mr. D. C. Dey, April 4, 1873.

V. virginianus, Rich., Gray Fox. Hab. United States. a, b. Purchased July 6, 1871. c, d. Presented by Mr. C. Muller, February 27, 1872.

V. vulgaris, Briss., Red and Gray Fox. Hab. Europe. a. Presented by Mr. F. Hollender, June 15, 1872.

Family: Mustelidæ. Genus: Mephitis.

M. mephitica (Shaw), Common Skunk. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Mr. C. A. W. Ryerson, December 4, 1871.

Family: Ursidæ. Genus: Ursus.

U. maritimus, Linn., Polar Bear. Hab. Polar regions. a, b. Placed on exhibition September 20, 1872. c. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872.

U. horribilis, Ord., Grizzly Bear. Hab. Western United States. a. Presented by Mr. T. C. Durant, November 28, 1868.

U. americanus, Pall., Black Bear. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Mr. John J. Crooke, August 8, 1868. b. Presented by Col. E. H. Durfee, U. S. A., August 24, 1868. c. Placed on exhibition April 24, 1869. d. Presented by Hon. John T. Deweese, June 21, 1869. e. Presented by Lieut. C. A. Earnest, U. S. A., February 9, 1870. f, g. Presented

sented by Mr. W. E. Morris, June 13, 1871. h. Placed on exhibition July 13, 1872. i, j. Presented by Mr. Paul McGowan, July 16, 1872. k. Presented by Miss Neilson, May 26, 1872.

U. americanus, var. cinnamoneus, Aud. and Bach., Cinnamon Bear. Hab. Western United States. a. Presented by Major General G. A. Custer, U. S. A., May 22, 1871.

U. arctos, Linn., Brown Bear. Hab. North Europe. a, b. Placed on exhibition October 31, 1871. c. Placed on exhibition October 30, 1873.

U. malayanus, Raffl., Sun Bear. Hab. India. a. Presented by Mr. Washington Irving, U. S. N., September 12, 1868. b, c. Placed on exhibition May 23, 1873.

Family: Procyonidæ.

Genus: Nasua.

N. rufa, Desm., Red Coatimundi. Hab. Tropical America. a. Placed on exhibition October 18, 1872. b. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872.

N. narica (Linn.), Brown Coatimundi. Hab. South America.
a. Presented by Mr. William Krohue, August 10, 1871. b.
Purchased September 19, 1871. c. Presented July 20th, 1872.
d. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1871.

Genus: Procyon.

P. lotor, Storr., Raccoon. Hab. United States. a, b. Presented by Wm. W. Strew, M.D., June 15, 1870. c. Presented by Mr. I. J. Peter, November 9, 1870. d. Presented by Mr. Rich'd H. Thurston, July 11, 1871. e, f. Presented by Mr. Thos. Concannon, July 19, 1871. g. Presented by Mrs. J. E. Ford, August 15, 1871. h. Presented by Mr. J. H. Eccles, August 22, 1871. i.

Presented by Messrs. G. & J. Woolbridge, May 24, 1871. j. Presented by Mr. Henry B. Hagan, September 6, 1871.

Family: Otariidæ. Genus: Eumetopias.

E. stelleri, Peters. Sea Lion. Hab. Northern Pacific Ocean, a-c. Placed on exhibition April 12, 1872. d, e. Placed on exhibition April 15, 1873.

Family: Phocidæ.

P. vitulina, Linn., Common Seal. Hab. North Atlantic. a. Placed on exhibition June 29, 1872.

Order: RODENTIA. Family: Sciuridæ. Genus: Sciurus.

S. carolinensis, Gm., Gray Squirrel. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Mr. Steven McIntosh, September 14, 1870. b. Presented by Master Henry Burrows, 1871. c. Presented by Miss M. Augusta Andrews, May 24, 1871. d. Presented by Mr. C. Schwartz, July 6, 1871. c. Presented by Mr. W. A. Shaw, May 13, 1872. f. Presented by Miss Van Houten, May 16, 1872. g. Presented by Master Richard E. Purdy, September 5, 1872. h, i. Presented by Mr. H. S. Jaffary, December 11, 1872.

S. carolinensis, var. nigra, Bach, Black Squirrel. Hab. Southern United States. a. Presented by Mr. S. M. Andrews, July 6, 1871. b. Presented by A. Liautard, M. D., February 2, 1872. c. Presented by Mr. Willis Benner, February 21, 1872.

S. ludovicianus, Custis, Western Fox Squirrel. Hab. Western United States. a. Presented by Mr. John O'Shaughnessy, May 14, 1872. b-d. Presented by Dr. J. Simms, June 3, 1872.

- S. cinereus, Linn., Fox Squirrel. Hab. Central United States.

 a. Presented 1870.
- S. hudsonius, Pall, Red Squirrel. Hab. Northern U. S. and Canada. a, b. Presented by Master J. H. Clark, October, 1872.

Genus: Pteromys.

P. volucella, Pall, Flying Squirrel. Hab. United States. a-c. Presented by Richard E. Kunze, M. D., January 18, 1873.

Genus: Cynomys.

C. ludovicianus, Ord., Prairie Dog. Hab. Western United States. a. Presented by Mr. Rington J. Davis, April 23, 1872.

Genus: Arctomys.

A. monax, Gm., Woodchuck. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Mr. O. S. Boyden, June 3, 1871. b. Presented by Mr. Philip Holmes, August 18, 1871. c. Albino var. Presented by Master Henry A. Robinson, November 4, 1871. d. Presented by Patrick Fitzpatrick, October 30, 1872. e. Presented by Mr. Samuel H. Mead, Jr., May 12, 1873. f. Presented by Mr. Frank Gutberlet, May 22, 1873.

Family: Castoridæ.

Genus: Castor.

C. canadensis, Kuhl., American Beaver. Hab. Western United States. a. Purchased 1870. b. Presented April 28, 1872.

Family: Muridæ.

Genus: Fiber.

F. zibethicus (Linn.), Musk-rat. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Mr. Frank Carryl, January 23, 1873.

Family: Hystricidæ.

Genus: Hystrix.

H. cristata (Linn.), African Porcupine. Hab. North Africa. a-c. Placed on exhibition May 28, 1872.

Genus: Erethizon.

E. dorsatus, F. Cuv., White-haired Porcupine. Hab. Northern United States. a, b. Presented by Mr. Maurice M. Schultz, May 13, 1872.

Genus: Dasyprocta.

- D. leporina, Linn., Agouchy. Hab. Guiana. a. Presented by Master W. N. Lawrence, May 10, 1871.
- D. aguti (Linn.), Golden Agouti. Hab. South America. a. Presented by Messrs. Day & Evans, September 28, 1871. b. Presented by T. F. Gallaher, February 12, 1872. c. Placed on exhibition August 26, 1872. d. Presented by Mr. J. H. Kemp, April 3, 1873.

Genus: Cavia.

C. caprera, Linn., Guinea-pig. Hab. Brazil. a. Presented by Master Willie A. Pendleton, April 29, 1872.

Genus: Hydrochoerus.

H. capybara, Erxl., Capybara. Hab. South America. a. Placed on exhibition October 18, 1872.

Order: PROBOSCIDEA.

Family: Elephantidæ.

Genus: Elephas.

E. indicus, Linn., Indian Elephant. Hab. India. a, b. Placed on exhibition April 27, 1872. c. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872. d. Placed on exhibition May 28, 1873.

E. africanus, Blum., African Elephant. Hab. Africa. a. Placed on exhibition January 23, 1873.

Order: UNGULATA.

Sub-order: Artiodactyla.

Family: Camelidæ.

Genus: Camelus.

- C. dromedarius, Linn., Common Camel. Hab. Arabia. a. Purchased 1868. b. Purchased July 8, 1871. c, d. Placed on exhibition October 5, 1872. e. Born in the menagerie July 16, 1873.
- C. bactrianus, Linn., Bactrian Camel. Hab. Central Asia. a. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872.

Genus: Auchenia.

- A. vicugna, Mol., Vicuna. Hab. Peru. a. Presented by H. Schuber, Esq., January 12, 1871.
- A. huanaco, Tsch., Guanaco. Hab. Peru and Chili. a. Placed on exhibition July 20, 1872.
- A. glama (Linn.), Llama. Hab. South America. a. Purchased July 6, 1871. b. Placed on exhibition July 3, 1873.

Family: Giraffidæ.

Genus; Giraffa.

G. camelopardalis (Linn.), Giraffe. Hab. Africa. a-c. Placed on exhibition September 18, 1872.

Family: Bovidæ.

Genus: Bos.

B. taurus, Linn., Domestic Cattle. Hab. Europe. a. Kerry var. Placed on exhibition 1868. b-d. Flores var. Born in the menagerie.

B. indicus, Linn., Zebu. Hab. India. a. Presented by Captain William Brown, Royal Navy Reserve, April 23, 1869. b. Placed on exhibition October 25, 1871. c. Placed on exhibition May 15, 1872. d, e. Placed on exhibition November 14, 1872.

Genus: Bubalus.

B. caffer (Sparm.), Cape Buffalo. Hab. South Africa. a. Presented by Brigadier-General Meigs, U. S. A., April 10, 1865. b. Born in the menagerie March 5, 1868. c. Born in the menagerie April 24, 1872.

Genus: Bison.

B. americanus (Gm.,) American Bison. Hab. Western United States. a. Presented by officers 7th U. S. Cavalry, May 1, 1868. b. Presented by Columbus Smith, Esq., January 25, 1871. c. Presented by Colonel Floyd Jones, U. S. A., June 8, 1871. d. Born in the menagerie November 22, 1871.

Genus: Oreas.

O. canna (Pall.), Eland. Hab. South Africa. a. Placed on exhibition July 2, 1872.

Genus: Gazella.

G. dorcas (Linn.), Dorcas Gazelle. Hab. North Africa. a. Placed on exhibition May 8, 1872.

Genus: Portax.

P. picta (Pall.), Nylghau. Hab. India. a. Placed on exhibition May 8th, 1872.

Genus: Capra.

C. hircus, Linn., Syrian Goat. Hab. North Africa. a, b. Placed on exhibition May 9, 1873.

Genus: Ovis.

- O. aries, Linn., Sheep, Syrian var. Fat-tailed. a. Presented by Messrs. Nichols & Hoadley. b-d. Purchased July 5, 1871. e-g. Born in the menagerie. Black African var. a-c. Presented by Mr. Louis Ruhe, February 19, 1872.
- O. tragelaphus, Desm., Aoudad. Hab. North Africa. a. Placed on exhibition May 30, 1873.

Family: Cervidæ.

Genus: Dama.

D. vulgaris, Gray, Fallow Deer. Hab. Europe. a. Presented by Mr. A. H. Barney, May 14, 1870.

Genus: Cervus.

C. canadensis, Erxl., American Elk. Hab. Western United States. a. Presented by Charles M. Elleard, December 18, 1864. b, c. Born in the menagerie. d, e. Placed on exhibition July 29, 1872. f. Purchased August 21, 1872. g, h. Placed on exhibition March 17, 1873.

Genus: Rusa.

R. aristotelis, Cuv., Sambur Deer. Hab. India. a. Presented by Consul Heyse, December 6, 1871.

Genus: Axis.

A. maculata, Gray, Axis Deer. Hab. India. a. Presented by Captain Napoleon Collins, U. S. N., November 25, 1867. b. Purchased July 6, 1871.

Genus: Cariacus.

C. virginianus, Bodd., American Deer. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Mr. G. T. D. Lanier, November 30th, 1867. b. Presented by Mrs. James F. Wenman, March, 9, 1868. c.

Presented by Mr. Turner, July 12, 1869. d. Presented by Mr. Paul S. Thebaud, September 14, 1869. e. Presented by Mr. William J. Pease, January 9, 1868. f. Presented by Captain Blake, November 9, 1869. g. Presented by Messrs. J. M. Sublett & Co., April 9, 1870. h, i. Presented by Hon. August Belmont, May 4, 1870. j. Presented by Mr. William Roy, January 31, 1871. k. Placed for exhibition May 25, 1871. l. Purchased July 7, 1871. m. Presented by Judge O'Sullivan. September 14, 1871. n. Placed on exhibition January 27, 1872. o. Presented by Mr. Ira Spaulding, April 8, 1872. p. Presented by William Radde, Esq., July 25, 1872. q. Placed on exhibition August 1st, 1872. r. Presented by Tilden Brown, M. D., May 31, 1873. s-ee. Born in the menagerie.

Genus: Coassus.

C. auritus, Gray, Large-eared Brocket. Hab. Brazil. a. Presented by Mr. Thomas P. Ramsdell, August 12, 1872. b. Presented by Hon. Henry S. Sanford, December 5, 1872.

Genus: Capreolus.

C. caprea, Gray, Roebuck. Hab. Europe. a, b. Placed on exhibition February 19, 1872. c, d. Placed on exhibition May 16, 1872. e, f. Placed on exhibition February 6, 1873.

Family: Suidæ.

Genus: Sus.

S. scrofa, Linn., Wild Swine. a. Japanese var. Presented by W. A. Conklin, 1867. b, c. African var. Placed on exhibition May 20, 1872.

Sub-Order: Perissodactyla.

Family. Equidæ.

Genus: Equus.

E. caballus, Linn., Pony. a. Shetland var. Placed on ex-

hibition, April 4, 1873. b. East Indian var. Placed on exhibition January 8, 1872.

E. burchellii, Gray, Burchell's Zebra. Hab. South Africa. a, b. Placed on exhibition, June 7, 1871.

Family: Tapiridæ.

Genus: Tapirus.

T. americanus (Linn.), American Tapir. Hab. South America. a. Placed on exhibition June 24, 1872. b. Placed on exhibition August 10, 1872. c. Placed on exhibition October 18, 1872. d, e. Placed on exhibition February 4, 1873.

T. malayanus, Horsf., Malayan Tapir. Hab. Malay Islands. a. Placed on exhibition May 30, 1873.

Order: SIRENIA.

Family: Trichecludæ.

Genus: Manatus.

M. americanus, Cuv., Manatee. Hab. Eastern coast of America. a. Placed on exhibition May 28, 1873.

Order: EDENTATA.

Family: Bradypoidæ.

Genus: Cholopus.

C. didactylus (Linn.), Two-toed Sloth. Hab. Brazil. a. Presented June 5, 1872.

Order: MARSUPIALIA.

Family: Didelphyidæ.

Genus: Didelphys.

D. virginiana, Shaw, Opossum. Hab. Southern United States. a. Presented by Master Charles Willenauer, May 25, 1872. b. Presented by Mr. R. W. Levering, June 4, 1872. c. Pre-

sented by John H. Wilson, M. D., December 19, 1872. d. Presented by Mr. John A. Greiley, December 20, 1872. e. Presented by Mr. C. T. Foster, January 26, 1873. f. Presented by Mr. William Brown, March 10, 1873. g. Presented by Mr. George E. Sherman, April 2, 1873. h. Presented by Mr. J. S. Blanck, May 7, 1873. i. Presented by Mr. Thomas W. Cross, May 18, 1873. j. Presented by Mr. George Ferguson, May 21, 1873.

Family: Dasyuridæ.

Genus: Dasyurus.

D. maugaei, Geoffr., Mauge's Dasyure. Hab. Australia. a. Presented by Rev. Dan. Greatorex, October 22, 1872.

Family: Macropodidæ.

Genus: Macropus.

M. giganteus, Shaw, Great Kangaroo. Hab. New South Wales. a. Placed on exhibition October 17, 1871.

Genus: Halmaturus.

H. derbianus, Gray, Derbian Wallaby. Hab. Australia. a. Purchased April 29, 1871.

Aves.

Order: Passeres.

Family: Turdidæ.

Genus: Turdus.

T. musicus, Linn., Song Thrush. Hab. Europe. a. Presented by Mr. Robert Kemp, June 26, 1871. b. Presented by Mr. William J. Hiscox, March 18, 1873.

T. iliacus, Linn., Red-wing Thrush. Hab! Europe. a. Purchased October 28, 1871.

T. merula, Linn., Black Bird. Hab. Europe. a. Purchased April 28, 1871. b-d. Purchased May 23, 1871.

T. migratorius, Linn., American Robin. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Mr. John Fagin, November 13, 1867. b. Presented by Mr. John Leicht, August 15, 1872. c. Presented by Mr. Hugh Smith, November 1, 1872. d. Presented by Mr. Charles J. Drew, May 21, 1873.

Genus: Erithacus.

E. rubecula (Lath.), English Robin. Hab. British Islands. a-l. Presented by Henry Reiche, May 10, 1872.

Let loose in the Park.

Genus: Harporhynchus.

H. rufus (Linn.), Brown Thrush. Hab. Eastern United States. a. Presented May, 1871. b. Presented July, 1872.

Genus: Mimus.

M. polyglottus (Linn.), Mocking Bird. Hab. Southern United States. a. Purchased August 1, 1871. b. Placed on exhibition April 16, 1872. c. Presented by Mrs. Richard M. Gage, May 20, 1872.

Family: Saxicolidæ.

Genus: Salia.

S. sialis (Linn.), Blue Bird. Hab. North America. a, b. Purchased May 23, 1871. c. Presented April, 29, 1873.

Family: Ploceidæ.

Genus: Estrelda.

E. amadava (Linn.), Amaduvade Finch. Hab. India. a, b. Presented 1872.

E. cinerea (Vieill.), Common Waxbill. Hab. West Africa. a, b. Presented 1872.

Genus: Amadina.

A. fasciata (Gm.), Cut-throat Finch. Hab. West Africa. a, b. Presented 1872.

Genus: Donacola.

D. castanoethorax, Gould, Chestnut-breasted Finch. Hab. Queensland. a, b. Presented by Mr. Henry Erben, June 14, 1872.

Genus: Padda.

P. orysivora (Linn.), Java Sparrow. Hab. Java. a-j. Purchased May 23, 1871. k, l. Presented by Mr. Henry Erben, June 14, 1872.

Family: Fringillidæ.

Genus: Cynaospiza.

- C. cyanca (Linn.), Indigo Bird. Hab. United States. a. Purchased April, 1871.
- C. ciris (Linn.), Nonpareil. Hab. Southern United States. a-c. Purchased June 6, 1871.

Genus: Paroaria.

P. larvata (Bodd.), Red-headed Cardinal. Hab. Brazil. a-e Purchased April, 1871.

Genus: Cardinalis.

C. virginianus (Briss.), Cardinal Bird. Hab. Southern United States. a, b. Purchased June 6, 1871. c. Placed on exhibition August 14, 1871. d. Presented by Miss Nannie Roburg, September 5, 1872.

Genus: Passer.

P. domesticus Linn., European Sparrow. Hab. Europe. a, b. Bred in the menagerie.

Genus: Ligurinus,

L. chloris (Linn.), Greenfinch. Hab. Europe. a, b. Presented by Master George Schrader, May 25, 1872.

Genus: Serinus.

S. canarius (Linn.), Canary. Hab. Canary Islands. a-h. Purchased August 9, 1872. i, j. Bred in the menagerie.

Family: Icteridæ.

Genus: Icterus.

I. vulgaris (Daud.), Troupial. Hab. South America. a. Purchased January 17, 1871.

Genus: Lampropsar,

L. tanagrinus (Sphix.), Crow Black Bird. Hab. Bahia. a. Purchased 1872.

Genus: Quiscalus.

Q. versicolor Vieill., Purple Grackle. Hab. Eastern United States. a. Purchased May 21, 1871.

Family: Sturnidæ.

Genus: Acridotheres.

A. tristis (Linn.), Common Mynah. Hab. India. a. Presented 1870.

Genus: Gracula.

G. intermedia Hay, Larger Hill Mynah. Hab. NorthernIndia. a. Purchased April, 1871.

Family: Corvidæ.

Genus: Corvus.

C. americanus, Aud., Common Crow. Hab. North America. a. Presented by Mr. George Young, Jr., July 9, 1872. b. Presented by Master John Leicht, August 13, 1872. c. Presented by Mr. W.

E. Rogers, October 28, 1872. d, e. Presented by Richard E. Kunze, M.D., April 12, 1873.

Order: ZYGODACTYLI.

Family: Cuculidæ. .

Genus: Geococcyx.

G. californianus, Less., Paisano. Hab. Texas and New Mexico. a. Presented by Mr. Ben. Honnet, October 12, 1872.

Family: Psittacidæ.

Genus: Calopsitta.

C. novæ-hollandiæ (Gm.), Crested Ground Parrakeet. Hab. Australia. a-c. Purchased July 6, 1871.

Genus: Cacatua.

- C. moluccensis (Gm.), Rose-crested Cockatoo. Hab. Moluccas. a. Purchased May 23, 1871. b, c. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872.
- C. cristata, Wagler, White-crested Cockatoo. Hab. Moluccas. a. Purchased July 6, 1871.
- C. galerita (Lath.), Greater Sulphur-crested Cockatoo. Hab. Australia. a-j. Purchased August 9, 1872. k. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872.
- C. sulphurca (Gm.), Lesser Sulphur-crested Cockatoo. Hab. Moluccas. a. Purchased August 7, 1872.
- C. leadbeateri (Vig.), Leadbeater's Cockatoo. Hab. Australia. a, b. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872.
- C. roscicapilla, Vieill., Roseate Cockatoo. Hab. Australia. a. Purchased May 23, 1871. b-e. Purchased August 9, 1872.

Genus: Licmetis.

L. tenuirostris (Wagl.), Slender-billed Cockatoo. Hab. South Australia. a-e. Purchased August 9, 1872. d-i. Placed on exhibition February 5, 1873.

Genus: Ara.

- A. chloroptera, Gray, Red and Yellow Macaw. Hab. South America. a. Placed on exhibition 1870. b. Presented by Mr. W. De Peyster, August 24, 1870. c. Presented July 10, 1871. d. Placed on exhibition December 9, 1872. e. Placed on exhibition February 12, 1873.
- A. ararauna (Linn.), Blue and Yellow Macaw. Hab. South America. a-c. Placed on exhibition October 18, 1872. d. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1872. e. Placed on exhibition February 12, 1873.

Genus: Conurus.

- C. carolinensis (Linn.), Carolina Conure. Hab. Southern United States. a-e. Purchased August 7, 1872.
- C. xantholæmus, Scl., St. Thomas Conure. Hab. West Indies, a, b. Presented September 8, 1871.

Genus: Palæornis.

P. torquata (Bodd.), Ring-necked Parrakeet. Hab. India. a, b. Purchased April 29, 1871. c, d. Purchased July 6, 1871.

Genus: Platycercus.

- P. pennantii (Lath.), Pennant's Parrakeet. Hab. New South Wales. a. Purchased May 23, 1871.
- P. eximius (Shaw), Rose-hill Parrakeet. Hab. New South Wales. a. Purchased January 17, 1871.

Genus: Psephotus.

P. multicolor (Brown), Many-colored Parrakeet. Hab. Australia. a. Purchased April 28, 1871.

Genus: Aprosmictus.

A. scapulatus (Kuhl.), King Parrakeet. Hab. New South Wales. a, b. Purchased August 7, 1872.

Genus: Polytelis

P. barrabandi (Swains.), Barraband's Parrakeet. Hab. New South Wales. a. Purchased August 7, 1872.

Genus: Electus.

E. grandis (Gm.), Grand Electus. Hab. Gilolo. a. Purchased August 7, 1872.

Genus: Chrysotis.

- C. sallæi, Scl., Salle's Amazon. Hab. St. Domingo. a, b. Purchased August 7, 1872.
- C. viridigenalis, Cass, Green-cheeked Amazon. Hab. Columbia. a. Presented by Miss Schuyler, May 10, 1873.
- C. auripalliata (Less.), Golden-naped Amazon. Hab. Guatemala. a. Presented by Mrs. S. E. Wright, May 23, 1873.
- C. amazonica (Linn.), Blue-fronted Amazon. Hab. South America.

 a. Presented by Mrs. Peter Buchanan, June 25, 1872.

Order: Accipitres.

Family: Strigidæ.

Genus: Syrnium.

S. nebulosum (Forst.), Barred Owl. Hab. North America. a. Presented by Mr. Thomas Fatheringham, January 10, 1873.

Genus: Bubo.

B. virginianus (Gm.), Great Horned Owl. Hab. North America. a. Presented by Mr. B. F. Stiles, January 24, 1872. b. Presented by Mr. W. B. Skidmore, February 5, 1872. c. Presented by Mr. G. H. Banta, June 15, 1872. d. Presented by Mr. Louis Ruhe, October 30, 1872. c. Presented by Master Arthur K. Hiscox, November 28, 1872. f. Presented by Mr. J. H. Kemp, April 3, 1873.

Genus: Nyctea.

N. nivea. (Daud.), Snowy Owl. Hab. Northern United States.

a. Presented by Mr. H. S. Jaffray, May 4, 1872. b. Presented by Mr. Henry Sansom, May 24, 1872.

Family: Falconidæ.

Genus: Haliætus.

H. albicilla (Linn.), Sea Eagle. Hab. Europe. a, b. Presented by Consul Heyse, September 28, 1871.

H. leucocephalus Linn., Bald Eagle. Hab. North America. a, b. Presented by Mr. J. N. Jordan, October 28, 1867. c. Presented by Mr. William Bement, April 14, 1868. d. Presented by Americus Club, September 12, 1868. e. Presented by G. T. Laird, October 6, 1868. f. Presented by Mr. N. Dexter, January 20, 1869. g. Presented by Hon. A. B. Cornell, June 26, 1869. h. Presented by Bt. Lieut. Col. H. S. Gansevoort, U. S. A., April 27, 1869. i. Presented by Capt. R. W. Reed, May 24, 1869. j, k. Presented by Mr. William Stuart, May 28, 1869. l, m. Presented by Hon. Allen Munroe, August 27, 1869. n. Presented by Mr. David Wisder, October 22, 1869. o. Presented by Hon. William G. Eergen, December 19, 1870. p. Presented by Mr. David Johnson, December 13, 1871. q. Presented by Mr. William H. Radford, February 5, 1872. r. Presented by Mr. William Hegner, July 28, 1872. s. Presented by National Republican Committee, September 23, 1872.

Genus: Thrasætus.

T. harpyia (Linn.), Harpy Eagle. Hab. South America. a. Presented Frebuary 23, 1872. b. Placed on exhibition February 13, 1873.

Genus: Buteo.

B. borealis (Gm.), Red-tailed Hawk. Hab. Eastern North America. a. Presented by George E. Sherman, April 3d, 1872.

Genus: Archibuteo.

A. lagopus (Gm.), Rough-legged Hawk. Hab. North America. a, b. Presented by Mr. Clinton L. Bagg, June 22d, 1872. c. Presented by Mr. H. F. Simmons, April 24, 1873.

Family: Cathartidæ. Genus: Gyparchus.

G. papa (Linn.), King Vulture. Hab. South America. a. Placed on exhibition June 12, 1871. b. Placed on exhibition February 12, 1873. c. Placed on exhibition May 23, 1873.

Order: Pullastræ.
Family: Columbidæ.
Genus: Columba.

C. livia, var. domesticus, Linn., Domestic Pigeon. a-y. bred in the menagerie.

Genus: Gopelia.

G. striata (Linn.), Barred Dove. Hab. India. a-c. Presented by Mr. C. Knapp, January 9, 1873.

Genus: Turtur.

T. chinensis (Scop.), Chinese Dove. Hab. India. a, b. Purchased January 9, 1873.

T. risorius (Linn.), Turtle Dove. Hab. Africa and India. a. Presented by Mr. H. R. Bishop, August 26, 1871. b-d. Presented by Master Leonard Benedicks, September 10, 1871. e. Presented by Mr. Frank Copeland, September 18, 1871. f. Presented March 17, 1873.

Family: Penelopidæ.

Genus: Penelope.

P. greeyi (Gray), Greey's Guan. Hab. New Granada. a.

Presented by Hon. Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State, October 24, 1870.

Family: Cracidæ.

Genus: Crax.

C. alector, Linn., Crested Curassow. Hab. Guiana. a. Presented by Hon. Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State, October 15, 1870. b. Presented by Mr. Franklin Allen, July 10, 1871.

Order: GALLINÆ.

Family: Meleagrididæ.

Genus: Meleagris.

M. mexicanus, var. domesticus (Linn.), Domestic Turkey. Albino var. α. Presented by Mrs. Kelly, March 13, 1871. b. Received in exchange May 11, 1872.

Family: Perdicidæ.

Genus: Ortyx.

O. virginianus (Linn.), Common Quail. Hab. United States. a-f. Presented by Mr. John D. Crimmins, April 16, 1873. g. Presented by Edwards Hall, M. D., May 19, 1873.

Family: Numididæ.

Genus: Numida.

N. meleagris (Linn.), Guinea-fowl. Hab. Africa. 48 specimens bred in the menagerie.

Family: Pavonidæ.

Genus: Pavo.

P. cristatus, Linn., Peafowl. Hab. India. a, b. Placed on exhibition October 17, 1871. Albino var., c, d. Presented by Misses S. V. and E. Beach, June 26, 1871. e. Presented by Master Victor C. Sanford, November 19, 1872. 26 specimens bred in the menagerie.

Family: Phasianidæ.

Genus: Phasianus.

P. colchicus, Linn., English Pheasant. Hab. British Islands. a. Presented by Samuel W. Francis, M. D., June 6, 1871. b. Purchased 1871. c. Placed on exhibition February 12, 1873. d. Hybrid between this species and Gallus domesticus, Presented by Mr. J. Brice, March 4, 1873.

P. torquatus, Gm., Ring-necked Pheasant. Hab. China. a. Purchased March 6, 1871.

Genus: Thaumalea.

T. picta (Linn.), Golden Pheasant. Hab. China. a-h. Placed on exhibition August 15, 1873. i-l. Placed on exhibition May 16, 1873.

Genus: Euplocamus.

E. nycthemerus (Linn.), Silver Pheasant. Hab. China. a. Presented by Mr. R. L. Maitland, Jr., February 26, 1867. b, c. Placed on exhibition January, 1872. d. Bred in the Menagerie. e-k. Placed on exhibition May 16, 1873.

E. albo cristatus (Vig.), White-crested Kaleege. Hab. Northwest Himalayas. a. Hybrid, between this species and E. nycthemerus. Presented by Mr. J. Brice, March, 4, 1873.

Genus: Gallus.

G. domesticus, Linn., Domestic Fowl. a. Silky var. Presented by Dr. J. P. Macgowan, February 9, 1869. b. Silky var. Presented by Mr. A. M. Halsted, May 14, 1873. c. Hybrid var. Presented by Mr. W. B. Dinsmore, June 1, 1869. d. Hybrid var. Presented by Mr. W. H. Bailey, December 15, 1871.

Order: Brevipennes.

Family: Struthionidæ.

Genus: Struthio.

S. camelus, Linn., Ostrich. Hab. Africa. a. Placed on exhibition September 9, 1871. b. Placed on exhibition April 12, 1872.

Family: Casuariidæ

Genus: Casuarius.

C. galeatus, Vieill., Common Cassowary. Hab. Ceram. a, b. Placed on exhibition May 16, 1873.

Genus: Dromæus.

D. novæ-hollandiæ, Vieill., Emu. Hab. Australia. a. Purchased May 23, 1871. b, c. Placed on exhibition May 16, 1872

Order: GRALLÆ.

Family: Gruidæ.

Genus: Grus.

- G. cinearea, Bechst., European Crane. Hab. Europe. a. Presented by Consul Heyse, Swindimundi, Prussia, September 28, 1871.
- G. canadensis (Linn.), Sand-hill Crane. Hab. Western United States. a. Presented by Mr. Ira Spaulding, April 8, 1872.

Family: Ciconiidæ.

Genus: Ciconia.

C. nigra, Ray., Black Stork. Hab. Europe and Africa. a-c. Purchased October 17, 1871. d-f. Placed on exhibition April 7, 1873.

Genus: Xenorhynchus.

X. senegalensis, Shaw., Saddle-billed Stork. Hab. West Africa. a. Purchased October 17, 1871.

Genus: Leptoptilus.

L. crumeniferus (Cuv.), Marabou Stork. Hab. West Africa. a. Placed on exhibition May 14, 1872.

Family: Ardeidæ.

Genus: Ardea.

A. cinerea, Linn., English Heron. Hab. Europe. a. Presented by W. A. Conklin, October 27, 1869.

A. herodias, Linn., Blue Heron. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Mr. A. J. Huntoon, April 19, 1871. b. Presented by Mr. B. F. McCreary, August 23, 1872.

Genus: Demeigretta.

D. pealii, Bonap, Peal's Egret. Hab. Florida. a. Placed on exhibition August 2, 1871.

Genus: Nyctiardca.

N. gardeni (Gm.), Night Heron. Hab. United States. a. Presented 1871.

Genus: Tigrisoma.

T. cabanisi (Heine.), Bittern. Hab. Central America. α. Presented by Mr. Henry Arthur, October 28, 1865.

Family: Rallidæ.

Genus: Rallus.

R. crepitans, Gm., Clapper Rail. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Prof. Schumpff, October 11, 1872.

Order: LAMELLIROSTRES.

Family: Anatidæ.

Genus: Cygnus.

C. olor (Gm.), White Swan. Hab. Europe. 43 specimens bred in the menagerie.

C. buccinator, Rich., Trumpeter Swan. Hab. North America.

a. Presented by Adolph Strauch, September 23, 1865.

C. atratus, Lath., Black Swan. Hab. Australia. a. Presented by Mr. Charles M. Rice, August 25, 1869. b, c. Placed on exhibition May 9, 1873.

Genus: Plectropterus.

P. gambensis (Linn.), Spur-winged Goose. Hab. West Africa. a, b. Purchased May 31st, 1871.

Genus: Chenalopex.

C. jubata (Spix.), Orinoco Goose. Hab. South America. a. Purchased September 19, 1871.

Genus: Anser.

- A. brachyrhynchus, Baill, Pink-footed Goose. Hab. Europe. a, b. Purchased May 23, 1871.
- A. cygnoides, Linn., Chinese Goose. Hab. China. a-d. Presented 1869.

Genus: Bernicla.

- B. leucopsis, Bechst., Bernicle Goose. Hab. Northern Europe. a, b. Purchased May 23, 1871.
- B. canadensis (Linn.), Canada Goose. Hab. Northern United States. a-c. Presented by Hon. August Belmont, May 14, 1870. d-e. Presented 1870. f-l. Purchased September 12, 1872.

Genus: Dendrocygna.

D. autumnalis (Linn.), Red-billed Tree Duck. Hab. South America. a, b. Purchased May 23, 1871.

Genus: Anas.

A. domesticus, Linn., Domestic Duck. Rouen var., 9 specimens bred in the menagerie. Cayuga var. 2 specimens pre-

sented by Mr. J. Y. Bicknell, October 12, 1872. White var, 50 specimens bred in the menagerie.

Genus: Mergus.

M. serrator, Linn., Red-breasted Merganser. Hab. North America. a. Presented by Mr. Charles Shultz, April 29, 1873.

Order: STEGANOPODES.

Family: Pelecanida.
Genus: Pelecanus.

P. fuscus, Linn., Brown Pelican. Hab. Southern United States. a. Purchased October 17, 1871. b. Presented by Mr. John S. Tenner, November 2, 1871. c. Presented by Mr. Louis Isaacs, October 9, 1871. d. Presented March 25, 1873.

Family: Plotidæ.

Genus: Plotus.

P. anhinga, Linn., Water Turkey. Hab. Southern United States. a. Placed on exhibition July 17, 1872.

Order: LONGIPENNES.

Family: Laridæ.

Genus: Larus.

L. argentatus, Brunn., Herring Gull. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Master Robert Brown, April 2, 1872.

Order: Pygopodes.

Family: Colymbidæ.

Genus: Colymbus.

C. torquatus (Linn.), Great Northern Diver. Hab. North America. a. Placed on exhibition May 16, 1873. Family: Podicipidæ.

Genus: Podilymbus.

B. podiceps (Linn.), Pied-bill Grebe. Hab. Atlantic States. a. Presented by Mr. Patrick Foley, April 5, 1873.

REPTILIA.

Order: CROCODILIA.

Family: Crocodilidæ.

Genus: Alligator.

A. mississippiensis (Daud.), Alligator. Hab. Southern United States. a. Presented by Mr. Harry McCoun, April 27, 1871. b. Presented by Mr. William Miller, June 3d, 1871. c. Presented by Mr. John S. Griffiths, June 4, 1871. d. Purchased July 10, 1871. e. Presented by Mr. Louis W. Blake, October 2, 1871. f, g. Placed on exhibition June 26, 1872. sented by Mr. A. P. Barnard, June 24, 1872. i. Presented by Mr. C. Brand, July 18, 1872. j. Presented by Mr. J. Polk Hewett, August 10, 1872. k. Presented by Mr. F. W. Parry, September 23, 1872. l. Presented by Mr. J. A. Aspinwall, September 23, 1872. m. Presented by Mr. Augustus S. Jenkins, December 25, 1872. n, o. Presented by Mr. E. Myer, March 8, 1873. p, q. Placed on exhibition April 4, 1873. Presented by Mr. F. W. Hutchins, April 26, 1873. sented by Mr. L. W. Parker, May, 9, 1873. t. Presented by Master Nelson T. Sansom, May 24, 1873. u. Presented by Mr. Douglas Hilger, May 26, 1873. v. Presented by Miss. Hattie Banks, May 27, 1873. w. Presented by Miss M. F. de Velasco, May 31, 1873.

Order: SAURIA.

Family: Iguanidæ.

Genus: Phrynosoma.

P. cornuta, Gray, Horned Toad. Hab. Texas. a. Presented by Mr. William Evans, June 6, 1872. b. Presented by Mr. Ben. Honnet, October 15, 1872.

Order: OPHIDIA.

Family: Boidæ.

Genus: Boa.

B. constrictor, Linn., Common Boa. Hab. South America. a. d. Placed on exhibition October, 1872.

Genus: Eunectes.

E. murinus (Linn.), Anaconda. Hab. South America. a. Placed on exhibition October, 1872.

Family: Coluberidæ.

Genus: Pituophis.

P. melanoleucus, Halbr., Pine Snake. Hab. New Jersey. a. Presented August, 1872.

Family: Viperidæ.

Genus: Vipera.

V. berus, Linn., Common Adder. Hab. North America. a. Presented by Mr. H. Grosmayer, June 20, 1872.

Family: Crotalidæ.

Genus: Crotalus.

C. durisses, Linn., Common Rattlesnake. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Mr. W. A. Green, May 31, 1872. b, c. Presented by Arthur Mathewson, M. D., June 1, 1872. d, c. Presented by Arthur Mathewson, M. D., June 1, 1872.

sented by Mr. Albert H. Thayer, June 1, 1872. f. Placed on exhibition May 23, 1873.

C. horridus, Linn., Diamond Rattlesnake. Hab. Western United States. a. Presented by Mr. W. H. Green, May 31, 1872. b. Presented by Mr. Robert Barry, April 9, 1873.

List of Animals which have been bred in the Menagerie during the year.

2 Lions.	Felis leo.	Africa.
1 Leopard.	Felis leopardus.	Africa.
2 Pumas.	Felis concolor.	North America.
1 Spotted Hyena.	Hyæna crocuta.	South Africa.
1 Camel.	Camelus dromedarius.	Arabia.
1 Cape Buffalo.	Bubalus caffer.	South Africa.
2 Fat-tailed Sheep,	Ovis aries.	Syria.
6 Red Deer.	Cariacus virginianus.	United States
13 Guinea Fowls.	Numida meleagris.	Africa.
11 Pea Fowls.	Pavo cristatus.	India.
16 Swans.	Cygnus olor.	Europe.
6 Rouen Ducks.	Anas domesticus.	France.
100 White Ducks.	Anas domesticus.	

List of Species which have been exhibited for the first time during the year.

Mammalia.

Quadrumana.		
Sooty Mangabey.	Cerceobus fuliginosus.	West Africa.
Bonnet Macaque.	Macacus sinicus.	India.
Toque Monkey.	Macacus pileatus.	Ceylon.
Macaque Monkey.	Macacus cynomolgus.	India.

Guinea Baboon. West Africa. Cynocephalus sphinx. Ateles melanochir. Cent'l America. Spider Monkey. CARNIVORA. India. Striped Hyena. Hyæna striata. Mausanga Paradoxure. Paradoxurus musanga. India. Suricate. Suricata zenik. South Africa. Polar Bear. Ursus maritimus. Polar regions. Sea Lion. Pacific Ocean. Eumetopias stelleri. RODENTIA. Capybara. Hydrochærus capybara. South America. Ungulata. Giraffe. Africa. Giraffa camelopardalis, Dorcas Gazelle. Gazella dorcas. North Africa. Syrian Goat. North Africa. Capra hircus. African Sheep. South Africa. Ovis aries. Aoudad. Ovis tragelaphus. North Africa. Sambur Deer. Rusa aristotelis. India. Large-eared Brocket. Coassus auritus. Brazil. Sus Scrofa. North Africa. African Hog. Shetland Isl'ds. Shetland Pony. Equus caballus. India. East India Pony. Malayan Tapir. Tapirus malayanus. Sumatra. SIRENIA.

Manatee. Manatus americanus.

E.C. of America.

Marsupialia.

Mauge's Dasyure. Dasyurus maugæi.

Australia.

Aves.

PASSERES.

Amaduvade Finch.

Common Wax-bill.

Cut-throat Finch.

Crow Black Bird.

Larger Hill Mynah.

Estrelda amadava.

Estrelda sinerea.

Amadina fasciata.

Lampropsar tanagrinus.

Gracula intermedia.

India.

West Africa.

West Africa.

Bahia.

Northern India.

Zygodactyll.

Paisano.

Leadbeater's Cockatoo.

Slender-billed Cockatoo. Liemetis tenuirostris.

Carolina Conure.

Barraband's Parrakeet.

Grand Electus.

Salle's Amazon.

Green-cheeked Amazon. Chrysotis viridigenalis.

Golden-naped Amazon.

Blue-fronted Amazon.

Geococcyx californianus.

Cacatua leadbeateri.

Conurus carolinensis.

Polytelis barrabandi.

Electus grandis.

Chrysotis sallaei.

Chrysotis auripalliata.

Chrysotis amazonica.

Texas.

Australia.

Australia.

Southern U.S. N. S. Wales.

Gilolo.

St. Domingo.

Columbia.

Guatemala.

South America.

Pullastræ.

Barred Dove.

Chinese Dove.

Gopelia striata.

Turtur chinensis.

India

India.

GRALLÆ.

Marabou Stork.

Leptoptilus crumeniferus. West Africa.

LAMELLIROSTRES.

Red-breasted Merganser. Murgus serrator.

North America.

STEGANOPODES.

Water Turkey.

Plotus anhinga.

Southern U.S.

LONGIPENNES.

Pied-bill Grebe.

Podilymbus, podiceps.

Atlantic States.

Reptilia.

OPHIDIA.

Pine Snake.

Common Adder.

Pituophis melanoleucus.

Vipera berus.

New Jersey.

North America.

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE CENTRAL PARK MENAGERIE FOR THE PERIOD OF SEVEN MONTHS FROM 1ST OF JUNE TO 31ST DECEMBER, 1873.

To the Board of Commissioners of the Department of Public Parks:

Gentlemen,—I have the honor to present the following Supplementary Report of the Central Park Menagerie, from June 1st to December 31st, 1873, including a classified list of the animals presented to the Menagerie and of those placed on exhibition during that period.

The additions to the collection have numbered 280, made in the following manner:

	MAMMALIA.	BIRDS	REPTILES.	TOTAL.
By gift	46	47	9	102
Placed on exhibition	76	15	5	96
Purchased	ı	4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5
Received in exchange	4	4		8
Born in Menagerie	9	52		61
Captured on Park		8		8
	136	130	14	280

As will be seen from the subjoined table, the sums expended in the purchase of animals for the past two years have been, compared with the previous year, exceedingly small—the Menagerie depending almost entirely on gifts and specimens placed on exhibition:—

	1871,	1872.	1873.	
Mammalia	\$4,013 50	\$60 00	\$50 00	
Birds	695 50	550 00	20 00	
Reptiles	27 00			
	\$4,736 00	\$610 00	\$70 00	

The number of visitors to the Menagerie during the past year averaged over 7,000 daily; being more than twice as many as visited the London, Dublin and Hamburg gardens combined. The obvious inference is, that no feature of the Park has thus far proved so attractive to the multitudes of visitors, who daily throng its walks, and is a convincing proof of the necessity of establishing a complete and permanent Menagerie on a plan similar to that of the Jardin des Plantes of Paris.

The authorities of that city, recognizing the inestimable advantages to be derived by the public from the constant observation of the hahits of animals, their endless varieties and wonderful peculiarities, have spared neither efforts nor expense to found a complete collection.

The temporary exhibition of borrowed specimens can never be a source of so great an interest or instruction to the observer, inasmuch as the arbitray removal of them at any moment takes away the hope of a protracted and satisfactory examination. The naturalist, who wishes to ascertain by patient and industrious watching, the true basis of a zoological classification, not only must have within reach a numerous and well assorted collection, but must be assured that his task will not be frustrated in a moment, nor the results of assiduous observation go for nothing.

The propagation of animals in the Menagerie, for which a complete collection would also afford opportunities, is a subject of interest not only to the naturalist, but to the ordinary observer, and would prove a fruitful source of revenue through the sale of animals. By this means, too, exchanges of specimens with the different gardens could be effected.

The following comparative exhibit of the expenses of maintaining different collections will show that, in providing for the wants of the animals in this Menagerie, the most rigid economy has prevailed:

	CENTRAL PARK MENAGERIE.		LONDON GARDEN.			HAMBURG GARDEN.			Dublin Garden.			
	Mammals.	Birds.	Reptiles.	Mammals	Birds.	Reptiles.	Mammals.	Birds.	Reptiles.	Mammals.	Birds.	Reptiles.
No of specimens exhibited during year	367	456	40	573	1,208	229	295	1,115	••••	174	220	g
Salaries and wages Provisions Menagerie expenses	\$7,700 00 6,665 00 840 00		\$24,110 00 22,095 00 11,025 00		\$10,131 00 7,845 00 2,932 00		\$3,685 00 5,085 00 1,280 00					
Total	\$15,205 00		\$57,230 00		\$20.908 00		\$10,050 00					

Among the valuable gifts to the Department may be mentioned the following:

One young Lion, Felis leo, presented by Mr. Thomas C. Durant.

One Gentle Cat, Felis mitis, presented by Lieut. J. W. Mil-

ler, U. S. N., brought from Nicaragua. This species is the smallest of the South American occlots, and occurs in Central America and the northern portions of South America.

Two Kerry Cattle, Bos taurus, imported from Ireland, presented by Mr. Thomas P. Ramsdell.

One Burrowing Owl, *Pholeoptynx cunicularia*, which alighted on board of the ship *Lord Clarendon*, 250 miles from the coast of Uruguay, presented by Capt. A. W. Lavender.

One Aplomado Hawk, Falco femoralis, presented by Ernst F. Hofmann, M. D. It is a native of South America and Mexico. In Chili this bird is used in hunting the partridge.

One rare Thrush, *Turdus magallenicus*, from Chili, presented by Mrs. Mary J. Conklin.

Of most importance among the births are:

Two Lions, Felis leo, being the second litter in one year from the same lioness.

Four Pumas, Felis concolor.

One Cape Buffalo, Bubalas caffer. This is the fourth specimen born in the Menagerie.

One Wapiti, Cervus canadensis.

The following are some of the rarest specimens placed on exhibition:

One Negro Monkey, Lagothrix humboldtii, exhibited by Mr. P. T. Barnum. Humboldt, during his visit to South America, first discovered this animal on the Guaviare, a branch of the Orinoco.

One Sloth Bear, Melursus labiatus, a native of India, exhibited by Messrs. Charles Reiche & Bro.

One Ant Bear, Orycteropus æthiopicus, a native of northeast Africa, exhibited by Mr. Louis Ruhe. This was the first of the species ever brought to America. It remained in the Menagerie thirty-three days, during which time it attracted much attention.

One Condor, Sarcorhampus gryphus, exhibited by Mr. D. H. Bumpus. This bird was captured on Mount Chimborazo.

Two Fallow Deer were received from the London Zoological Society, in exchange for a pair of Virginia Deer. For the transportation of these animals, free of expense, the Menagerie is indebted to the White Star Line.

The Library has received the following publications:

Smithsonian Reports, 1860-71, 11 vols.

Report of the Zoological Society, London, 1873.

Catalogue of the Library Zoological Society, London, 1872.

Eilfter-Bericht der Zoologischen Gesellschaft in Hamburgh, 1873.

Bulletin mensuel de la Societe d'acclimation, No. 8, 1873.

Appleton's Journal,

American Sportsman,

Forest and Stream,

Pet. Stock & Poultry Bulletin,

La Chasse, Illustrée,

Der Zoologische Garten.

Notwithstanding the insufficiency of accommodation, the mortality has been very light. Yet I have no hesitation in stating that it would be still less were the sanitary conditions of the buildings better, overcrowding being the chief fault to be complained of. The herbivora and the carnivora should be placed in separate buildings, as the present one is barely sufficient for the purposes of a carnivorium.

The monkey house is exposed to frequent currents of air, and the prevalence of pneumonia among its occupants is the consequence.

The most important among the deaths were those of the Manatee, Manatus Americanus, and the Elk, Cervus canadensis. The Manatee had been in the Menagerie for five months, and during that time required unusual care, owing to the difficulty of adapting it to the changed condition of its capitivity. Every effort was made to nurse it successfully, but it resisted all treatment, and died of inanition. The post-mortem examination revealed no organic lesion. The skin was prepared and sent to the Smithsonian Institute, Washington.

The Elk had been in the Menagerie 84 years, and died of acute inflammation of the bowels.

The total number of animals in the Menagerie December 31, belonging to the Department:

	NUMBER.	SPECIES.	$VALUE_{\bullet}$
Mammals	116	48	\$13,144 00
Birds	251	80	3,231 00
Reptiles	14	4	112 00-
Total	381	132	\$16,487 00

The number of animals on exhibition on the same date not belonging to the Department:

And the second of the second o	NUMB3R.	SPECIES.	VALUE.
Mammals	48	26	\$31,850 00
Birds	20	. 9	655 00
Reptiles	6	2	110 00
Total	74	37	\$32,615 00

Making a total value of the specimens on exhibition \$49,102.00.

Respectfully,

WILLIAM A. CONKLIN,

Director.

Mammalia.

Order: QUADRUMANA.

Family: Cercopithecidæ.

Genus: Semnopithecus.

S. cristatus, Is Geoff., Chingkau Monkey. Hab. Sumatra. a. Placed on exhibition December 16, 1873.

Genus: Chlorocebus.

C. pygerythrus, F. Cuv., Vervet Monkey. Hab. South Africa. a. Presented by Mr. C. E. Hunter, September 26, 1873.

Genus: Macacus.

- M. sinicus, Desm., Bonnet Monkey. Hab. India. b. Placed on exhibition December 6, 1873.
- M. nemestrinus, (Linn.), Pig-tailed Monkey. Hab. Java. d. Placed on exhibition September 30, 1873.
- M. cynomolgus, (Linn.), Macaque Monkey. Hab. India. d. Placed on exhibition December 5, 1873.

M. erythræus, (Schreb.), Rhesus Monkey. Hab. India. f. Placed on exhibition November 13, 1873. g. Placed on exhibition December 30, 1873.

Genus: Cynocephalus.

- C. porcarius, (Bodd.), Chacma Baboon. Hab. South Africa. f, g. Placed on exhibition July 4, 1873.
- C. sphinx, (Linn.), Guinea Baboon. Hab. West Africa. d-k. Placed on exhibition July 4, 1873.
- C. mormon, (Linn.), Mandrill. Hab. West Africa. a Placed on exhibition July 2, 1873.

Family: Cebidæ.

Genus: Ateles.

A paniscus, (Linn.), Red-faced Spider Monkey. Hab. Guiana. a, b. Placed on exhibition October 8, 1873. c. Placed on exhibition November 11, 1873.

A. belsebuth, (Geoff.), Marimonda Spider Monkey. Hab. Guiana. b. Placed on exhibition October 1, 1873.

Genus: Lagothrix.

L. humboldtii, (Geoff.), Humboldt's Lagothrix. Hab. Peru. a Placed on exhibition June 27, 1873.

Genus: Cebus.

- C. apella, (Linn.), Brown Capuchin. Hab. Brazil. f. Placed on exhibition July 2, 1873. g. Presented by Mrs. Fred. Lewis, December 15, 1873.
- C. capucinus, Geoff., Weeper Capuchin. Hab. Brazil. e. Placed on exhibition September 18, 1873.

Family: Hapalidæ.

Genus: Facchus.

F. vulgaris (Linn.), Black-eared Marmoset. Hab. Brazil. d.

Presented by V. Mott Francis, M. D., August 7, 1873. e. Presented by Mrs. V. E. Wetmore, September 3, 1873. f, g. Presented by Mr. Hubert Gibson, October 29, 1873.

Order: CARNIVORA.

Family: Felidæ.

Genus: Felis.

F. leo, Linn., Lion. Hab. Africa and Southwestern Asia. l, m. Born in the Menagerie, June 22, 1873. n. Presented by Mr. Thomas C. Durant, July 3, 1873.

F. tigris, Linn., Tiger. Hab. India. f, g. Placed on exhibition August 28, 1873.

F. leopardus, Linn., Leopard. Hab. Southern Asia and Africa.

n. Placed on exhibition October 8, 1873.

F. concolor, Linn., Puma. Hab. North and South America. h-k. Born in the Menagerie, July 5, 1873.

F. pardalis, Linn., Ocelot. Hab. Texas and South America. b. Placed on exhibition October 8, 1873. c. Placed on exhibition September 20, 1873.

F. mitis, F. Curv., Gentle Cat. Hab. Nicaragua. a. Presented by Lieut. J. W. Miller, U. S. N., Oct. 8, 1873.

F. serval, Schreb., Serval. Hab. Africa. a, b. Placed on exhibition July 19, 1873.

Genus: Lynx.

L. rufus, Raf., Wild Cat. Hab. North America. c. Placed on exhibition August 12, 1873.

Family: Hyænidæ.

Genus: Hyæna.

H. crocuta, Erxl., Spotted Hyena. Hab. South Africa. e. Placed on exhibition November 17, 1873.

Family: Canidæ.

Genus: Canis.

- C. latrans, Say., Prairie Wolf. Hab. Western United States. e. Placed on exhibition July 5, 1873.
- C. occidentalis, var. ater, Rich., Black Wolf. Hab. Southern United States. b. Presented by Mr. W. P. Bensel, July 30, 1873.
- C. familiaris, Linn., Chihuahua Dog. Hab. Mexico. a. Presented by Mr. F. Bowen, S. S. Colon, July 17, 1873.

Genus: Vulpes.

- V. fulvus, Desm., Red Fox. Hab. North America. h, i. Presented by Mr. Henry D. Felter, July 31st, 1873.
- V. virginianus, Rich., Gray Fox. Hab. United States. e, f. Presented by Messrs. Melius, Trask & Ripley, July 10, 1873.

Family: Mustelidæ.

Genus: Putorius.

- P. cicognanii, Bonap., Brown Weasel. Hab. North America.
- a, b. Presented by Master Charles A. Heald, August 2, 1873.
- P. vison, Briss., Common Mink. Hab. North America. a. Presented by Mr. Charles H. Bohde, July 16, 1873.

Genus: Taxidea.

T. americana (Zimm.), American Badger. Hab. North America. a. Placed on exhibition July 4, 1873.

Genus: Mephitis.

M. mephitica (Shaw.), Common Skunk. Hab. United States. b-e. Presented by Master Bennie P. Hope, June 13, 1873.

Family: Ursidæ.

Genus: Ursus.

U. americanus, Pall., Black Bear. Hab. United States. I, m,

Placed on exhibition June 5, 1873. Captured in Ulster County, New York. n. Young. Presented by Mr. M. H. Alberger, October 22, 1873.

Genus: Melursus.

M. labiatus, (Blainv.), Sloth Bear. Hab. India. a. Placed on exhibition August 28, 1873.

Family: Procyonidæ.

Genus: Procyon.

P. lotor, Storr., Raccoon. Hab. United States. k. Presented by Mr. S. G. Friedenrich, August 21, 1873.

Family: Phocidæ.

Genus: Phoca.

P. vitulina, Linn., Common Seal. Hab. North Atlantic. b, c. Placed on exhibition June 4, 1873. d-f. Placed on exhibition July 4, 1873.

Order: RODENTIA.

Family: Sciuridæ.

Genus: Sciurus.

- S. vulpinus, Gm., Southern Fox Squirrel. Hab. Southern United States. a. Presented by Mr. M. C. Lefferts, December 8, 1873.
- S. carolinensis, Gm., Gray Squirrel. Hab. United States. j. Presented by Mrs. Anna Meyer, August 29, 1873. k, l. Presented by Mrs. S. J. Zabriskie, September 29, 1873. m. Presented by Miss Annie Clevenger, October 4, 1873.
- S. hypophyrrhus, Wagl., Red-bellied Squirrel. Hab. Vera. Cruz. a. Presented by Master D. S. Wylie, September 27, 1873.
- S. bicolor, Sparrm., Jelerang Squirrel. Hab. India. a. Presented by Mr. James Egan, July 2, 1873.

Genus: Pteromys.

P. volucella, Pall., Flying Squirrel. Hab. United States. d, e. Presented by Mr. Louis V. Jensen, June 30, 1873. f. Presented by Mr. Henry C. Carter, November 29, 1873.

Genus: Cynomys.

C. Iudovicianus, Ord., Prairie Dog. Hab. Western United States. b. Presented by Mr. J. McLaren, June 5, 1873.

Genus: Arctomys.

A. monax, Gm., Woodchuck. Hab. United States. g. Presented by Master Frederick H. Blakeman, August 13, 1873. h, i. Presented by Mr. James Murtha, August 15, 1873.

Family: Muridæ.

Genus: Mus.

M. musculus, Linn., House Mouse. Hab. Europe. a, b.Albinoes. Presented by Miss Rosa Rich, July 12, 1873.

Family: Hystricidæ.

Genus: Erethizon.

E. dorsatus, F. Curv., White-haired Porcupine. Hab. Northern United States. c, d. Presented by Mr. J. H. Blood, December, 17, 1873.

Genus: Capromys.

C. pilorides, Say., Fournier's Capromys. Hab. Cuba. a-h. Placed on exhibition July 4, 1873.

Genus: Hydrocharus.

H. capybara, Erxl., Capybara. Hab. South America. b, c. Placed on exhibition August 6, 1873.

Family: Leporidæ.

Genus: Lepus.

L. hibernicus (Linn.), Hare. Hab. Ireland. a. Presented by Mr. Thomas Hamilton, December 24, 1873.

Order: PROBOSCIEDEA.

Family: Elephantidæ.

Genus: Elephas.

E. indicus, Linn., Indian Elephant. Hab. India. c. Placed on exhibition June 22, 1873. f, g. Placed on exhibition December 4, 1873.

Order: UNGULATA.

Sub-order: ARTIODACTYLA.

Family: Camelidæ.

Genus: Camelus.

C. bactrinus, Linn., Bactrian Camel. Hab. Central Asia. b-d. Placed on exhibition June 25, 1873.

Genus: Auchenia.

A. glama (Linn.), Llama. Hab. South America. c-f. Placed on exhibition August 28, 1873.

Family: Giraffidæ.

Genus: Giraffa.

G. camelopardalis (Linn.), Giraffe. Hab. Africa. d-g. Placed on exhibition June 25, 1873.

Family: Bovidæ.

Genus: Bos.

B. taurus, Linn., Domestic Cattle. Hab. Ireland. b, c. Kerry var. Presented by Mr. Thomas P. Ramsdell, December 24, 1873.

Genus: Bison.

B. grunniens (Linn.), Yak. Hab. Tibet. a, b. Placed on exhibition August 7, 1873.

Genus: Bubalus.

B. caffer (Sparrm.), Cape Buffalo. Hab. South Africa. d. Born in the menagerie July 18, 1873.

Genus: Catoblepas.

C. gnu (Gm.), White-tailed Gnu. Hab. South Africa. a. Placed on exhibition August 28, 1873.

Family: Cervidæ.

Genus: Dama.

D. vulgaris, Gray, Fallow Deer. Hab. Europe. b, c. Received in exchange from London Zoological Society, October 1, 1873.

Genus: Cervus.

C. canadensis, Erxl., American Elk. Hab. Western United States. i. Born in the menagerie July 31, 1873.

Genus: Cariacus.

C. virginianus, Bodd., American Deer. Hab. United States. f, f. Born in the menagerie June 25, 1873. g, g. Presented August 20, 1873. h, h. Placed on exhibition October 6, 1873. i, i. Received in exchange November 6, 1873.

Family: Phacochæridæ.

Genus: Phacocharus.

P. æthiopicus (Pall.), Æthiopian Wart Hog. Hab. Southeast Africa. a. Placed on exhibition June 25, 1873. b. Placed on exhibition July 4, 1873.

Family: Suidæ.

Genus: Dicotyles.

D. tajacu (Linn.), Collared Peccary. Hab. South America.

1. Placed on exhibition November 29, 1873.

Sub-order: Perissodactyla.

Family: Equidæ.

Genus: Equus.

E. burchellii, Gray., Burchell's Zebra. Hab. South Africa. c, d. Placed on exhibition August 7, 1873.

Family: Tapiridæ.

Genus: Tapirus.

T. americanus (Linn.), American Tapir. Hab. South America. f. Placed on exhibition June 27, 1873. g. Purchased August

1, 1873. h. Placed on exhibition August 29, 1873.

Order: EDENTATA.

Family: Orycteropodidæ.

Genus: Orycteropus.

O. athiopicus, Sund., Æthiopian Ant Bear. Hab. Northeast Africa. a. Placed on exhibition June 25, 1873.

Order: MARSUPIALIA.

Family: Didelphyidæ.

Genus: Didelphys.

D. virginiana, Shaw., Opossum. Hab. Southern United States. k. Presented by Mr. S. G. Friedenrich, August 21, 1873.

Family: Macropodidæ.

Genus: Halmaturus.

H. derbianus, Gray., Derbian Wallaby. Hab. Australia. b. Received in exchange October 2, 1873.

Aves.

Order: Passeres.

Family: Turdidæ.

Genus: Turdus.

T. iliacus, Linn., Red-wing Thrush. Hab. Europe. b. Presented by Mr. J. Brice, Nov. 21, 1873.

T. migratorius, Linn., American Robin. Hab. United States. e-g. Captured on Central Park July 21, 1873.

T. magellanicus, King, S. A. Thrush. Hab. Chili. a. Presented by Mrs. Mary J. Conklin, November 13, 1873.

Genus: Galeoscoptes.

G. carolinensis (Linn.), Cat Bird. Hab. Eastern United States. a-b. Captured on Central Park, July 21, 1873.

Family: Fringillidæ.

Genus: Passer.

P. domesticus, Linn., Sparrow. Hab. Europe. c, d. Captured on Central Park, July 21, 1873.

Family: Alaudidæ.

Genus: Melanocorypha.

M. mongolica (Gm.), Chinese Lark. Hab. China. a-c. Presented by Dr. J. V. Mansfield, July 5, 1873.

Family: Icteridæ.

Genus: Agelæus.

A. phæniceus (Linn.), Red-wing Blackbird. Hab. United States.
a. Presented by Dr. J. V. Mansfield, July 5, 1873.

Family: Tyrannidæ.

Genus: Tyrannus.

T. carolinensis, Baird, King Bird. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Master Thomas Sesnan, July 2, 1873.

Order: ZYGODACTYLI.

Family: Psittacidæ.

Genus: Cacatua.

C. sulphurea (Gm.), Lesser-sulphur-crested Cockatoo. Hab. Moluccas. b. Received in exchange, November 24, 1873.

C. philippinarum (Gm.), Red-vented Cockatoo. Hab. Philippine Islands. a. Presented by Chief Justice Charles P. Daly, October 14, 1873.

C. roseicapilla, Vieill, Roseate Cockatoo. Hab. Australia. f. Received in exchange, November 24, 1873.

Genus: Ara.

- A. macao (Linn.), Red and Blue Macaw. Hab. South America.

 a. Received in exchange November 24, 1873.
- A. ararauna (Linn.), Blue and Yellow Macaw. Hab. South America. f. Presented by Mr. David H. Tolck, September 23, 1873.

Order: Accipitres.

Family: Strigidæ.

Genus: Otus.

O. wilsonianus, Less., Long-eared Owl. Hab. United States. a, b. Presented by Mr. Franklin Benner, July 7th, 1873.

Genus: Syrnium.

S. nebulosum, Forster, Barred Owl. Hab. North America. b. Captured on Central Park, July 3, 1873.

Genus: Bubo.

B. virginianus (Gm.), Great Horned Owl. Hab. North America. f. Presented by Mr. R. H. Harding, June 18, 1873. g. Presented by Mr. Charles Grubert, June 27, 1873. h. Presented by Mr. E. C. Jefferis, July 2, 1873. i. Presented by Mr. John D. Hop-

kins, July 23, 1873. j, k. Presented, July 23, 1873. l, m. Presented by Master Willie W. Wilcox, Jr., August 7, 1873.

Genus: Scops.

S. asio (Linn.), Mottled Owl. Hab. North America. a. Presented by Mr. S. Green, August 21, 1873.

Genus: Pholeoptynx.

P. cunicalaria (Mol.), Burrowing Owl. Hab. Brazil. a. Presented by Captain A. W. Lavender, ship Lord Clarendon, November 11, 1873.

Family: Falconidæ.

Genus: Aquila.

A. canadensis (Linn.), Golden Eagle. Hab. North America. a. Presented by Mrs. Joanna K. Ebbets, August 13, 1873.

Genus: Haliætus.

H. leucocephalus, Linn., Bald Eagle. Hab. North America. t. Presented by Master S. Mortimer Lesher November 1, 1873. Captured in Texas. u. Presented by Mrs. Capt. O. P. Hazard, November 29, 1873. Captured in Florida.

Genus: Falco.

F. femoralis, Temm., Aplomado Hawk. Hab. Chili. a. Presented by Ernst F. Hofmann, M. D., Dec. 5, 1873.

Genus: Hypotriorchis.

H. æsalon (Linn.), Merlin. Hab. Europe. a. Presented by Mr. John Sutherland, November 13, 1873. Flew on board the S. S. Cuba 250 miles from Queenstown, Ireland.

Genus: Buteo.

B. lineatus, Gm., Red-shouldered Hawk. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Messrs. R. M. Bowne & Son, July 25, 1873.

b. Presented by Mr. Henry Stienway, November 3, 1873. c. Presented by Mr. James Halpin, November 19, 1873.

Family: Cathartidæ.

Genus: Cathartes.

C. aura (Linn.), Turkey Buzzard. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Mr. Cyrus J. Van Gorder, December, 6, 1873.

Genus: Sarcorhamphus.

S. gryphus (Linn.), Condor Vulture. Hab. South America. a. Placed on exhibition September, 20, 1873.

Order: PULLASTRÆ.

Family: Columbidæ.

Genus: Geopelia.

G. striata (Linn.), Barred Dove. Hab. India. d, e. Presented by Dr. J. V. Mansfield, July 5, 1873.

Genus: Turtur.

T. risorius (Linn.), Turtle Dove. Hab. Africa. g. h. Presented by Mr. Dennison Cushing, June 12, 1873. i. Presented by Mr. Charles J. Drew, July 3, 1873. j. Presented by Miss Blanche P. Brown, July 11, 1873. k. Placed on exhibition, July 15, 1873.

Order: Gallinæ.

Family: Meleagrididæ.

Genus: Meleagris.

M. gallopavo, Linn., Wild Turkey. Hab. Western United States. a, b. Purchased December 24, 1873.

M. mexicanus var. domesticus (Linn.), Domestic Turkey. c, d. Albino var. Bred in the menagerie July, 1873.

Family: Tetraonidæ.

Genus: Bonasa.

B. umbellus (Linn.), Ruffed Grouse. Hab. Eastern United

States. a. Presented by Mrs. William D. Sparks, October 26, 1873.

Family: Numididæ.

Genus: Numida.

N. meleagris (Linn.), Guinea Fowl. Hab. Africa. 10 specimens bred in the menagerie.

Family: Pavonidæ.

Genus: Paro.

P. cristatus, Linn., Pea Fowl. Hab. India. f. Presented by Mr. George Bing, September 15, 1873. 10 specimens bred in the menagerie.

P. muticus, Horsf., Javan Pea Fowl. Hab. Java. a, b. Placed on exhibition October 10, 1873.

Family: Phasianidæ.

Genus: Euplocamus.

E. nycthemerus (Linn.), Silver Pheasant. Hab. China. 1-o. Placed on exhibition October 8, 1873.

Order: Brevipennes.

Family: Casuariidæ.

Genus: Casuarius.

C. galeatus, Vieill, Common Cassowary. Hab. Ceram. c. Placed on exhibition June 26, 1873.

Order: GRALLÆ.

Family: Ardeidæ.

Genus: Ardea.

A. herodias, Linn., Blue Heron. Hab. United States. c, d. Placed on exhibition September 13, 1873.

Genus: Butorides,

B. virescens, Bonap., Green Heron. Hab. Eastern United

States. a. b. Presented by Master Edward W. Davis, September 20, 1873.

Genus: Herodias.

H. egretta, (Gm.), White Heron. Hab. Southern United States. a. Presented by Master Charles Earle, October 14, 1873.

Genus: Nyctardea.

N. gardeni, (Gm.), Night Heron. Hab. United States. b, c. Presented by Mr. Peter Sutor, July 2, 1873. d. Presented by Mr. W. I. L. Davids, August 11, 1873. e. Presented by Mr. Louis Ruhe, August 18, 1873.

Family: Rallidæ.

Genus: Aramides.

A. cayennensis (Gm.), West Indian Rail. Hab. West Indies. a-c. Placed on exhibition July 4, 1873.

Order: LAMELLIROSTRES.

Family: Anatidæ.

Genus: Cygnus.

C. olor, (Gm.), White Swan. Hab. Europe. 8 specimens bred in the menagerie.

C. atratus, Lath, Black Swan. Hab. Australia. d-g. Received in exchange August 28, 1873.

Genus: Chenalopex.

C. ægyptiaca, (Linn.), Egyptian Goose. Hab. Africa. a. Placed on exhibition October 8, 1873.

Genus: Anser.

A. cygnoides, Linn, Chinese Goose. Hab. China. e. Presented by Messrs. Steinway and Sons, September 11, 1873.

Genus: Bernicla.

B. canadensis (Linn.), Canada Goose. Hab. Northern United States. m, n. Presented by Messrs. Steinway and Sons, September 11, 1873.

REPTILIA.

Order: TESTUDINATA.

Family: Emydidæ. Genus: Chelydra.

C. serpentina, (Linn.), Snapping Turtle. Hab. United States. a. Presented by Samuel W. Francis, M. D., July 15, 1873.

Family: Chelonidæ.

Genus: Eretmochelys.

E. imbricata, Fitz., Hawksbill Turtle. Hab. warm parts of Atlantic. a. Presented by Mr. W. E. Damon, August 19, 1873.

Order: CROCODILIA.
Family: Crocodilidæ.
Genus: Alligator.

A. mississippiensis (Daud.). Alligator. Hab. Southern United States. x. Presented by Captain R. W. Lockwood, S. S. Champion, June 27, 1873. y. Presented by Mr. George S. Schermerhorn, Jr., July 2, 1873. z. Presented by Mr. Edward Butler, September 5, 1873. aa. Presented by Mrs. M. A. Hazard, September 19, 1873. bb. Presented by Sanford H. Steele, Esq., October 9, 1873.

Order: Sauria.

Family: Iguanidæ.

Genus: Iguana.

I. tuberculata, Laur., Tuberculated Iguana. Hab. West Indies and Central America. a. Placed on exhibition, July 3, 1873.
b. Presented by Mr. William T. Travis, August 4, 1873.

Genus: Phrynosoma.

P. cornuta, Gray, Horned Toad. Hab. Texas. c. Presented by R. M. Fuller, M. D., June 9, 1873. d. Presented by Ernst F. Hofmann, M. D., June 11, 1873. e. Presented by P. Albert Morrow, M. D., June 23, 1873. f. Presented by Master Paul Voorhess, June 28, 1873. g, h. Presented by Mr. William H. Beers, July 9, 1873. i. Presented by Mr. Samuel Wetmore, August 1, 1873. j, k. Presented by Mr. George Kyte, August 9, 1873. l, m. Presented by Mr. E. P. De Mott, September 10, 1873. n. Presented by Miss Nina Worth, November 7, 1873.

Order: OPHIDIA.

Family: Coluberidæ. Genus: Ophibolus.

O. sayi, B. & G., King Snake. Hab. Gulf States. a. Placed on exhibition July 5, 1873.

Family: Crotalidæ.

Genus: Crotalus.

C. horridus, Linn., Diamond Rattlesnake. Hab. Southern United States. c. Presented by Mr. J. F. Gilbert, June 7, 1873. This snake is seven feet three inches long.

Genus: Toxicophis.

T. piscivorus, B. & G., Moccasin Snake. Hab. Gulf States. a-c. Placed on exhibition July 5, 1873.

List of Animals which have been bred in the Menagerie.

2 Lions.

Felis lco.

Africa.

4 Pumas.

Felis concolor.

North America

1 Cape Buffalo.

Bubalus caffer.

South Africa.

1	American Elk.	Cervus canadensis.	W. U. States.
1	Virginia Deer.	Cariacus virginianus.	United States.
2	White Turkeys.	Meleagris domesticus.	Mexico.
30	Guinea Fowls.	Numida meleagris.	Africa.
10	Pea Fowls.	Pavo cristatus.	India.
8	White Swans.	Cygnus olor.	Europe.

List of Animals Exhibited for the First Time.

Mammalia.

Qτ	JADRU	MANA.
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Chingkau Monkey. Semnopithecus cristatus. Sumatra. Red-faced Spider Monkey. Ateles paniscus. Guiana. Humboldt's Lagothrix. Lagothrix humboldtii. Peru.

CARNIVORA.

Gentle Cat. Felis mitis. Nicaragua.

Serval. Felis serval. Africa.

Chihuahua Dog. Canis familiaris. Mexico.

Brown Weasel. Putorius cicognanii. North America.

Sloth Bear. Melursus labiatus. India.

RODENTIA.

Southern Fox Squirrel. Sciurus vulpinus. S. U. States. Red-bellied Squirrel. Sciurus hypopyrrhus. Mexico.

Jelerang Squirrel. Sciurus bicolor. India.

Irish Hare. Lepus hibernicus. Ireland.

EDENTATA.

Æthiopian Ant Bear. Orycteropus æthiopicus. N. E. Africa.

Aves.

Passeres.

S. A. Thrush.

Chinese Lark.

Red-wing Blackbird.

King Bird.

Turdus magellanicus.

Melanocorypha mongolica.

Agelæus phæniceus.

Tyrannus carolinensis.

Chili.

China.

United States.

United States.

Accipitres.

Burrowing Owl.

S. A. Haw

Merlin.

Pigeon Hawk.

Red-shouldered Hawk.

Condor Vulture.

dor Vulture.

Pholeoptynx cunicalaria.

Falco femoralis.

Hypotriorchis æsalon.

Buteo lineatus.

Sarcorhamphus gryphus.

Brazil.

Chili.

Europe.

Hypotriorchis columbarius. N. America.

United States. S. America.

GALLINÆ.

Ruffed Grouse.

Wild Turkey.

Javan Pea Fowl.

Bonasa umbellus.

Meleagris gallopavo.

Pavo muticus.

E. U. States.

W. U. States.

Java.

GRALLÆ.

White Heron.

West Indian Rail.

Herodias egretta.

Aramides cayennensis.

S. U. States.

S. America.

Reptilia.

OPHIDIA.

King Snake.

Moccasin Snake.

Ophibolus sayi.

Toxicophis piscivorus.

Gulf States.

Gulf States.

APPENDIX E.

REPORT

OF THE

CIVIL AND TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEER,

ON THE

WORK AT THE NORTH END OF THE ISLAND; THE HARLEM RIVER IMPROVEMENT; AND THE WESTCHESTER DISTRICT.

REPORT

OF THE

CIVIL AND TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEER.

CITY OF NEW YORK, DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS,
OFFICE OF CIVIL AND TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEER,
Mt. St. Vincent, Central Park,

December 31st, 1873.

HON. SALEM H. WALES,

President of the Department of Public Parks:

SIR,—I submit the following report of the progress and condition of the work under my charge, up to the present date.

FIRST DIVISION—North End of the Island.

During the past year the laying out of the street, generally known as the Ridge road, has been completed, and the maps and profiles filed. This street extends northwardly from the Eleventh avenue at 159th street, along the ridge between the Kingsbridge road and the Western boulevard, a distance of 12,521.88 feet; the width is generally 80 feet, but is reduced to 60 feet at the northerly end, where it passes over broken and rugged ground.

A short street of 80 feet in width, has been laid out and filed in connection with this street, near its southerly end, extending eastwardly to the Kingsbridge road. A street, 577 feet in length and 50 feet wide, known as F street, extending northerly from Inwood street to the street known as the Bolton road, has been laid out and filed.

A parade ground, containing 82 acres, has been laid out north of Sherman's creek, and east of the Kingsbridge road, and, a map filed. This was done under the joint action of the Board of Commissioners and the Major-General commanding the first division of the National Guard of the State of New York, in pursuance of chap. 628 of Laws of 1871.

Surveys and examinations have been made for several new streets, which have been applied for by property owners, and for changes of streets formerly laid out but not filed by the Department; several narrow streets, of 30 feet in width, have also been surveyed, for the purpose of affording necessary outlets of drainage and footways from established streets and boulevards. The above work is all situated north of 155th street.

The plan of streets north of Inwood, between the Hudson and Harlem rivers, which was adopted in 1869, has not been filed; the streets, therefore, have not become legally established. The portion of the Kingsbridge road extending through the same district, which was adopted in 1867, is in the same condition.

The bulk-head lines, extending around the north end of the island, from Fifty-fifth street on the Hudson, to Third avenue on the Harlem river, were established by chap. 388 of Laws of 1868, with a provision authorizing the Commissioners to alter and amend any part or parts of the same, along Spuyten Duyvil creek and the Harlem river, if deemed necessary for the public interests.

The exterior, or River street, north of 155th street, on the Hudson and Harlem rivers, was adopted November 25th, 1867, but has not been filed.

It is probable that this latter street and the bulk-head lines will require some modifications along Spuyten Duyvil creek and Harlem river, before they are finally established, in order to adapt them to the plan of improved navigation of the Harlem river.

With the exception of such points as may be affected by plans of tunnels and bridges, and their approaches, and by new adaptations of bulk-head lines, there seems to be nothing to prevent the early closing up of all the unfinished and projected work north of 155th street.

SECOND DIVISION—Harlem River.

But little work has been done upon the Harlem river Division during the past year. I submit a general statement of the progress that has been made, and the character and condition of the work.

The tidal channel, separating Manhattan Island from the mainland, known under the general name of Harlem river, consists of the Harlem river proper, and Spuyten Duyvil creek, the latter name applying to the narrow and crooked portion of the westerly end, for a distance of \mathbb{I}_{4}^{1} miles, or from Kingsbridge to the Hudson river. The Harlem river is $7\frac{1}{4}$ miles long, measuring from its entrance into the East river at the south end of Ward's Island, the whole length of the channel, from river to river, being $8\frac{1}{2}$ miles.

The length, as the channel winds, is 2 miles more than by a straight line. A stretch of about half a mile in the vicinity of Kingsbridge is not navigable, by reason of a broad reef of limestone rock rising here in the bed of the stream to about low water mark. Two bridges also cross this part of the channel. The balance of the stream is considered navigable, the

depth, however, being only sufficient, at low tide, to float vessels drawing three to four feet of water in Spuyten Duyvil creek, and five to seven feet of water in three and a half miles of the upper or westerly portion of the Harlem river.

These portions of the channel are narrow and irregular, varying in width, at a depth of six feet below low water, from fifty to two hundred and fifty feet.

The bottom, where rock is not shown, is generally mud and sand, so far as surface indications can determine, no borings or tests having been made of the material, except at points where sites for tunnels or bridges have been examined. The principal rock in the way of improved navigation is that mentioned at Kingsbridge; this rises to about low water mark in the highest part, and has been traced by borings, along the channel to points east and west, where the surface declines to twenty feet or more below low water. The length of the rock, between points where its surface is 12 feet below low water, is 1,300 feet, and the length, between points where the surface is 20½ feet below low water, is about 1,500 feet.

The only other point where rock is distinctly exposed, is at the site of the projected tunnel at the head of Seventh avenue. The surface of the rock is here irregular, having at the deepest part a depth below low water mark of $20\frac{1}{2}$ feet for a width of channel of 80 feet, and rising to the easterly shore to a height of $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet above low water. The portion between the greatest height and a depth of $20\frac{1}{2}$ feet below low water, measures, in the direction of the channel, about 700 feet.

The quantity of rock to be excavated at these two points, for a navigable depth of 12 feet at low water, would be, approximately, 110,000 cubic yards, and for 20½ feet of water, 225,000 cubic yards, the width between the bulk-head lines being 200

AUTOMATIC TIDI

Drawn by F. GREIFFENBERG.

f., thumb screw holding clack in position holder. i, weight to pencil holder.

d.recording pencil.

b, cylinder revolving in 24 hours.

a, clock.

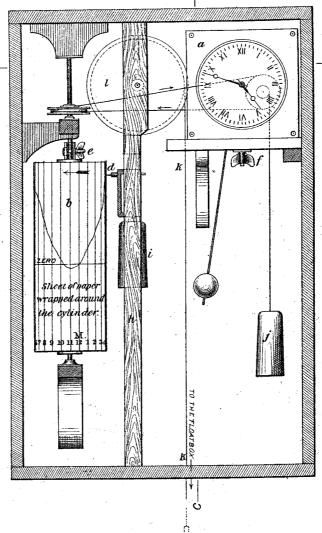
e, clamp screw for detaching cylinder.

g. pervil holder; j. clock weight.

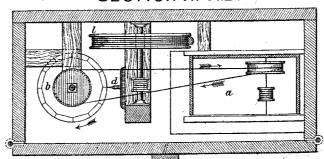
with rise and fall of tide.

hh, guides to pencil holder. i, weight to pencil hold k k, float cord winding and unwinding on pinion. L_1

FRONT VIEW



SECTION AT A.B.



SCAL

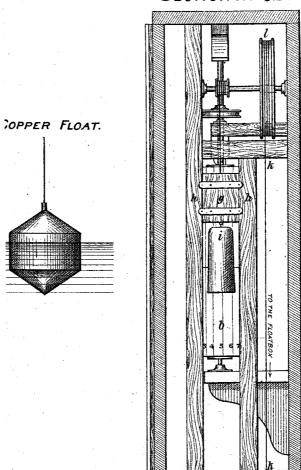
E REGISTER,

W.H.GRANT,

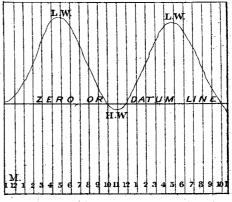
Designed by (

Civil & Topographical Engineer. 1871.

SECTION AT C.D.



SHEET SHOWING RECORD OF TIDE FOR 24 HOURS.



E 1/0

feet at Kingsbridge, and 400 feet at the head of Seventh avenue. The rock at this latter point is gneiss stratified nearly vertically: the rock at Kingsbridge is limestone, and would be much less expensive in removal.

The most economical mode of removing this latter rock would be in connection with the tunnel proposed at this point, as the two works would derive great advantage from being carried on together.

The cost of improving the navigation, throughout the entire channel, must be conjectural until soundings and tests are made of the material overlying the rock, to determine its quantity and character. It is not improbable that additional points of rock will be developed.

Gen. Newton, of the United States engineers, in charge of improvements in New York harbor, has estimated, on the part of the General Government, the cost of removing 2,950 cubic yards of rock and other obstructions, in that part of Harlem river east of Third avenue, to give a depth of 12 feet at low water, at \$167,875.

The distance from Spuyten Duyvil on the Hudson, around by the Battery and the East river, to the mouth of Harlem river at the south end of Ward's Island, is twenty-two miles. The saving of distance, by vessels passing through the improved channel of the Harlem river, would be about thirteen and a-half miles.

The mean rise and fall of tides, as obtained by the use of automatic tide registers, during the months of September, October and November, in 1871, is, at the East river, 5.4 feet, and at the Hudson river, 3.6 feet. The mean difference of levels at the Hudson and East rivers, as obtained from 283 simultaneous observations, taken during the same period, was 14½ inches. It

has been supposed that a larger difference of levels than this existed, between changes of tide, and that it could be made available, after the rock obstructions were removed, in scouring out the channel. Mean high water was found to be $9\frac{1}{2}$ inches lower, and mean low water 12 inches higher, in the Hudson than in the East river.

The time of high water in the Hudson is one hour and ten minutes earlier than in the East river.

The surveys, which were in progress up to the beginning of the last year, with reference to the improvement of the navigation, and tunneling and bridging Harlem river, were suspended at that period for the want of funds. The principal work now remaining to be done, to perfect the necessary information in regard to the improvement of navigation, is the soundings of the bed of the river. The site for the tunnel, which has been located at the head of Seventh avenue, has been fully examined and developed by a series of borings, as also the site for the Suspension Bridge, about 1,800 feet north of the Croton High Bridge.

A site for a tunnel at Kingsbridge has been examined by borings to the rock, sufficient to determine its most favorable location. Other sites have had some attention, but remain to be further developed.

Plans have been prepared for the tunnel at Seventh avenue, but the question of the depth of water for the improved navigation of the river is still open, and this must govern some of the leading features of the structure and its approaches.

The importance of perfecting and increasing the facilities for crossing the Harlem river has been discussed for several years. But one bridge of a permanent and suitable character now exists—that at Third avenue; the others are inferior and perishable structures, needing frequent repairs or renewals at large expense.

The Third avenue bridge is at times inconveniently crowded by the increasing travel, the frequent openings of the draw for passing vessels tending to increase the difficulty, and to limit its capacity. The four existing bridges, such as they are, afford the only crossings, (exclusive of the Harlem Railroad bridge) for the whole length of the river.

The proportional number of bridges for such a distance would be, taking the city of London as an example, as bridges (including two tunnels) now exist over the Thames, twelve; and referring to the city of Paris and the existing bridges over the Seine, the number would be twenty-four. This affords an indication of the number of communications that may hereafter become necessary, by bridges over or tunnels under the Harlem river, and especially suggests the enquiry, whether, in the general progress of improvements and spread of population, the time has not arrived, when one or more such structures should be commenced, (requiring two to four years for completion), at the points where they will be apparently soonest needed. Assuming that future crossings will be required along the river, at distances averaging about half a mile apart, which is about a mean proportion of the distances between the river crossings of the cities of London and Paris, the conformation of the land is such, that three of these crossings may be established by means of suspension bridges, at an elevation sufficient to pass masted vessels; the others, say twelve in number, must be established, either by low bridges with draws, or by tunnels.

It will be many years, probably, before the whole number of crossings will become indispensably necessary, although it cannot be doubted that time is the only element of uncertainty in the case.

If one-half the assumed number should be constructed as

draw-bridges, it would be sufficient to obstruct the free navigation of the river to an extent that can easily be seen would be extremely detrimental. This can be judged from the existing draw-bridges, with the limited business now done on the Harlem river. If all the future crossings, (exclusive of three suspension bridges, which may be practicable) should consist of draw-bridges, it may well be doubted, whether the obstructions to navigation, and the embarrassments to the land travel, which would result from the frequent use of the draws, would not neutralize the benefits which are anticipated from an expensive enlargement and improvement of the channel.

The results growing out of a crowded channel of navigation, crossed by draw-bridges, have been demonstrated within a few years past in the city of Chicago. The detention of vessels on the Chicago river, and the stoppages of the land travel, by reason of the draw-bridges, became so serious a public inconvenience in that city, that two tunnels have been constructed, and it is understood that others are contemplated.

The opinions of those who have given most attention to the subject, have settled upon the expediency of tunnels under the Harlem river, so far as they may be practicable, in preference to low bridges with draws.

To determine fully the practicability of tunnels, to the extent that seems desirable, it is necessary to settle the question as to the character and capacity of the improved navigation of the channel, and more especially the depth of water to be adopted.

Although the execution of this latter improvement may be deferred, the outline of its dimensions must be determined in advance of any tunnel work, for the reason that tunnels should be sunk to the least practical depth, in order to diminish their length, and afford easy ascents and descents of their approaches.

Under the most favorable circumstances of location of tunnels which have been examined, it is found that there is but little, if any, room to allow for contingencies in this respect. So far as the character of the navigation to be adopted may be governed by the question of cost, it is necessary, as I have before mentioned, to complete the hydrographical survey which has been commenced, and develop all the points which may have a bearing upon the most judicious plan. The survey has proceeded so far that not a very large amount of work is required to complete it. I would suggest that whenever funds are available for this object, the surveys be extended through Harlem Kills, between Randall's Island and the main land, to determine whether this route to the Sound may not prove more advantageous than that by way of the south end of Ward's Island.

The distance between the Hudson river and the Sound would be, by this route, eight miles, and would shorten the distance over the present route making the circuit of the island, sixteen miles; the actual gain being by the Harlem Kills channel, as compared with the existing Harlem river channel, by way of the south end of Ward's Island, two and a half miles.

THIRD DIVISION—Westchester District.

The topographical survey of this territory was completed during the last season. This survey, which was preliminary to the laying out of streets, avenues, &c., in the territory, has been in progress since 1869, under the several Acts of the Legislature of 1869, 1870, 1871 and 1872, and with the means which have been available, from year to year, from appropriations by the county of Westchester. The work has been carefully and accurately mapped, in a series of sections with the

topography delineated, on a suitable scale for studying out and laying down the contemplated system of improvements.

A reduced map has been made, which accompanies this report, showing the extent, general topography, and boundaries of the district, together with a portion of the city of New York adjacent. This map also shows a small portion of the city of Yonkers, which, under the original law, was included in the territory to be surveyed.

The extent of the territory, together with some other information of a general character, is shown by the following statement:

Area of the Westchester territory south of the city of Yonkers, 12,317.32		
acres, or	191/4 sq. mile	s.
Extreme length, north and south	7.6 miles.	
Length of Water front		
Extreme breadth, east and west		
Area of low ground below a level of 40 feet above tide	4,058.93 acres	; <u>.</u>
Area above 40 and below 80 feet	3,311.28 "	
Area above 80 and below 200 feet	4,628.48 "	
Area above 200 feet.	318.63 ''	
The most elevated point of land is 282 feet above tide.		
Population	30,742	
Assessed valuation,—real	\$9,844,580	
" —personal	\$248,500	

For comparison, the corresponding items applying to Manhattan Island, are given as follows:

Area of Manhattan Island 13,463 acres, or	21 sq. miles.
Extreme length, north and south	13½ miles.
Extreme width, east and west	21/4 "
Length of water front	301/2 "
Population in 1870	942,292
Assessed valuation,—real (1873)	
"personal (1873)	\$292,447,643

The Westchester area is nearly equal to that of the city and county of New York; the length of the water front is nearly one-half that of New York.

The topographical survey has been made from a system of

parallel lines, having for a base the easterly line of Tenth avenue in the city of New York, with cross lines laid off at right angles to the Tenth avenue parallels; all of these lines having been produced with accuracy to the extremities of the district surveyed.

The progress made in laying out streets and avenues has been limited by the amount of funds supplied by Westchester county. The extent of work done of this character, up to the present date, is as follows:

New streets and avenues laid out, adopted by the Board, and filed	41/2 miles.
New streets planned and submitted to the Board	20 "
New streets in a forward state of preparation	45 "

This work covers in all about 3,500 acres.

Owing to the failure of funds, a part of the work of laying down and monumenting streets, during the last season, was done at the expense of the adjacent property owners, who had previously graded a part of the streets, and desired to have them legally established sooner than could otherwise be done.

The property owners generally of the district, have expressed a strong desire for the early completion of the plans of improvement contemplated, and it would clearly be for their interest that it should be done in the shortest time practicable with work of this character; the provisions of the law, however, have been such, in reference to appropriations, as to prevent greater progress than has hitherto been made.

The necessity for completing the plans has been additionally enhanced, in consequence of the law prohibiting improvements by the local authorities during the progress of the surveys. This prohibition has held in check the opening and extending of communications, except a few which have been authorized by special laws, since 1869.

It would obviously be extremely detrimental to a wide range of public and private interests, if means cannot be devised for expediting the work, so far, at least, as to settle and establish the prominent lines of communication throughout the territory, and lay out, in harmony with them, plans of streets in the local districts, where most required.

The topographical survey and maps having been completed, the ground work is afforded, with all needed accuracy, for devising, without loss of time, the plans best adapted to the varying physical features of the territory, and to the present and prospective public interests. Considerable progress has already been made in this work, in the preparation of designs and studies of the ground, as has been previously stated.

The field work which will hereafter be required, will be of a different character from that which has heretofore been performed, and will consist, chiefly, of transferring to the ground the plans prepared in the office, and setting the necessary monuments to designate and preserve the lines.

By chapter 613 of the Laws of 1873, known as the Annexation Act, the Westchester territory becomes, on the 1st of January, 1874, a part of the city and county of New York, and the plans of improvements to be devised, will form a continuation or extension of the existing plan of the city of New York, prosecuted under municipal laws, and for a municipal object.

This unity of interests and change of relations, will render it more appropriate than heretofore, to study and apply a greater unity of treatment in the plans of the work. Local interests will merge more into the broad and general interests of the consolidated territory, and plans, liberally adapted to the benefit of the whole, will, doubtless, be regarded by all who exercise fore-

thought in the matter, as more fitting and beneficial than those of a local or special character.

The enlarged city will have the following dimensions, population, &c.

Area 25,780 acres, or	40¼ sq. miles
Extreme length, north and south	16 miles.
Extreme breadth, east and west	5 ''
Length of water front	44 ''
Population	
Assessed valuation,—real	\$846,537,960
"personal	\$292,696,143

The length of water front is equal to I₁₀ miles for each square mile of territory, a feature which gives great commercial advantage to the city as compared with other maritime cities; and affords also nearly unrivaled facilities for perfecting drainage, sewerage, and sanitary arrangements. In connection with these advantages the topography of the land is fortunately diversified for the various purposes of occupation: affording elevated and rolling districts for residences, and lower and more easily utilized ground for commercial and manufacturing pursuits.

The basis of the plan for laying out the Westchester territory, which was outlined in a former report (December 31st, 1872), I have found, as far as progress has since been made, to be adapted, about as nearly as it is practicable that a prearranged system of rules could be, to the varying circumstances and necessities of the work. The study of the topography of the ground, and the present and future requirements, local and general, opens a wide field and presents a diversity of questions to be considered and weighed at each successive step.

I mentioned, in the report referred to, the subject of parks and places as one that would require further consideration. In the preparation of a plan for the future development of the territory, which is now sparsely occupied, it will be a prudent exercise of foresight to study out, and set apart, ample areas of ground for public uses. The most suitable sites can now be selected, without encountering costly improvements or local obstacles, which in a few years will grow up and present serious embarrassments.

The following statistics have been procured to give some indications of the extent of grounds appropriate to this object.

The city of London has seventeen public parks and gardens, (two of which are suburban), containing in all 2,600 acres. This gives a proportion of one acre in parks to every twenty-eight acres of city area. In addition to the public parks there are large tracts of land, exterior to the city, belonging to different estates of the crown and nobility, which are used as parks, and are more or less accessible to the public, under restrictions. If these are taken into account, together with the numerous small open squares of the city, the proportion would be much greater than one acre to twenty-eight acres of city area.

The city of Paris has about 4,200 acres of parks and gardens within and immediately contiguous to the city, the larger areas of the Bois de Boulogne and Bois de Vincennes, being without the city. This gives the large proportion of one acre in parks to every $4\frac{6}{10}$ acres of city area.

The city of New York (Manhattan Island) has-

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      I acre in parks and places to every 11\frac{1}{8} acres of city area.

      Chicago has I acre to about 11 " " "

      St. Louis " I " " " 11 " " "

      Philadelphia " I " " " 45\frac{1}{8} " "

      Brooklyn " I " " 26\frac{1}{2} " "
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The existing proportion in New York, would give for parks and places in the new territory, 1,000 acres.

Comparing the areas of parks with the population, rather than with the areas of cities, gives the following results:

London has I acre of parks for every I,313 inhabitants.

Paris " " " 416 "

New York " " 820 "

Estimating the population of the city of New York, as enlarged by annexation, at 2,500,000 at the beginning of the next century, and applying the present proportional area of parks to the population, gives 3,048 acres; deducting the existing parks and places, leaves for the new territory 1,864 acres.

According to the London ratio, the number of acres would be reduced to 716,* while the Paris proportion would require 4,800 acres.

Whatever may be the aggregate amount of land determined upon as appropriate for the several objects, of parks for recreation, health and amusement; sites for future public buildings and institutions, and for reservoirs for water supply, &c., it is essential that the ground should be selected, as far as practicable, as the work of laying out streets and avenues proceeds. This will enable a general harmony and fitness of arrangement to be studied and perfected in regard to all contemplated improvements, and will furthermore conduce greatly to ultimate economy.

A comparative view of the dimensions, population, density of population, and wealth, of the principal cities of this country and some of the older cities of the world, is given in the following table:

^{*} This gives too small a proportion for reasons before stated.

CITIES.	POPULA- TION.	Area, Souare Miles.	POPULA- TION PER ACRE.	VALUATION.
London	3,415,000	1171	45.2	
Paris	1,950,500	30	101.2	
Pekin	1,648,814	26	99	
Yeddo	1,554,848	120	20.2	
Canton	1,236,000	3	643.5	
Constantinople	1,075,000	31	537 - 5	
New York (with annexed territory)	973,034	40 ¹	37.3	\$1,139,234,103
Berlin	828,013	20	64.6	
Philadelphia	674,022	120	8.78	515,515,958
St. Petersburgh	667,026	30	34.7	
Vienna	622,087	314	30.6	
Liverpool	507,567	I 2 ½	63.4	
Glasgow	479,227	9	82.2	
Madrid	475,785	5	148.6	,
Naples	448,743	9	77.9	
Calcutta	430,000	8	83.9	
Brooklyn	396,099	25	23.5	
Birmingham	344,980	27 1/2	19.5	
Dublin	319,985	6	83.2	
St. Louis	310,864	52.7	9.2	
Chicago	298,977	$34\frac{1}{2}$	13.5	223,634,600
Baltimore	267,354	4	104 4	Manage of the Control
Boston	250,526	I 5 ½	25.3	493,573,700
*Cincinnati	216,239	$6\frac{1}{2}$	52	180,361,932
Edinburgh	201,728	4	78.8	
New Orleans	191,418	8	31.5	
San Francisco	149,473	. 36	6.4	99,684,821
Washington	109,199	1114	13.6	62,476,098
Newark	105,059	5	32.8	87,000,000

The growing importance of communications, by bridges or tunnels, between the two portions of territory separated by the Harlem river, which I have before referred to, will be further illustrated by the following:

TABLE of Bridges, Tunnels, &c.

Cities.	No. of Bridges.	Rivers.	EXTREME LENGTH OF RIVER BRIDGED.	AVERAGE DISTANCE APART OF BRIDGES.	LEAST DISTANCE APART OF BRIDGES.	GREATEST DISTANCE APART OF BRIDGES,
			Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.
Paris	26	Seine	39,000	1,500	400	4,700
London	183	Thames	56,700	3,355	500	9,700
Vienna	- 7	Danube	12,200	2,030	950	3,250
Florence	6	Arno	10,000	2,000	950	1,200
Dublin	9	Liffey	11,700	1,460	780	3,600
Berlin	12	Spree	25,080	1,180	250	5,940
Dresden	2	Elbe	2,500	2,500		
Moscow	4	Moscow	13,80)	4,600	2,850	6,600
St. Petersburgh	6	Great Neva	30,000	5,000	4,200	10,500

^{*} Includes two tunnels.

Respectfully submitted,

WM. H. GRANT,

C. & T. Engr.