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4	Transcript of	the Meeting of the
5	CHARTER REVISI	ON COMMISSION
6	held on Tuesda	y, May 3, 2005
7	at St. Francis	: College
8	183 Remsen Str	reet
9	Borough of BRO	OOKLYN
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1	Meeting convened at 7:25 p.m.
2	P R E S E N T
3	DR. ESTER FUCHS, Chair
4	DALL FORSYTHE, Vice Chair
5	COMMISSIONERS:
6	ROBERT ABRAMS
7	AMALIA BETANZOS
8	DAVID CHEN
9	ANTHONY CROWELL
10	MARY McCORMICK
11	STEPHANIE PALMER
12	Also Present:
13	TERRI MATTHEWS, Executive director
14	BRIAN GELLER, Analyst
15	BRIAN GEDDER, ANALYSC
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Τ.	CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: I'd like to call this
2	public meeting of the New York City Charter Revision
3	Commission to order. I am Ester Fuchs and I am Chair of
4	the Charter Revision Commission. With us today are
5	members of the Commission: The Honorable Robert Abrams,
6	Mr. David Chen, Ms. Amalia Betanzos, Dr. Dall Forsythe,
7	Dr. Mary McCormack, Ms. Stephanie Palmer and Mr. Anthony
8	Crowell.
9	And I would like to before we begin, welcome
10	our host, president Frank Macchiarola.
11	(Applause.)
12	CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Who I was about to thank
13	for graciously hosting this public meeting of the
14	Charter Revision Commission. Would you like to say a
15	couple of words before we begin?
16	MR. MACCHIAROLA: Well, what I would say is
17	I couldn't think of a nicer group of people to support
18	City issues, not only nice, but smart, decent. Good
19	luck on it. I hope you did better than I did. I'm sure
20	that won't be hard.
2.1	CHAIDDEDCON EIGHG. Thank you go much

MR. MACCHIAROLA: Thank you. Bye-bye.

CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: As I mentioned, this is

a public meeting, not a public hearing and the rules of

a public meeting are that the public can observe, but

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they cannot testify.

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2 We do, however, continue to welcome comments 3 from the public and they can call us at 212-676-2060, or they can send us mail at 2 Lafayette Street, 14th floor, 5 New York, New York, 10007, or you can go on line and find us at www.nyc.gov/charter. You can sign up to be 7 on our mailing list or on our e-mail list at the back of the room and you can pick up a copy of our first report, 8 9 Summary of Issues Under Consideration for Charter 10 Revision.

We have two meetings scheduled now for the future and we will have one more round of public hearings where the public will be invited to testify at the point in which we have a draft version of our propositions for the ballot. The next public meetings will be May 16th at 7 p.m. at New York Presbyterian Hospital, 3969 Broadway at 165th Street, first floor conference room in upper Manhattan, and on Wednesday, May 23rd, 7 p.m. at 22 Reade Street, in Spector Hall

- which is in lower Manhattan.
- 21 The way we would like to proceed for the
- 22 Commission this evening is ask our Executive Director,
- 23 Terri Matthews, to summarize the testimony from the
- 24 expert witnesses, as well as the staff recommendations
- 25 in two areas: Fiscal stability and in administrative

- 1 judicial reform.
- Then we will, first we'll do fiscal
- 3 stability and then we will have a discussion among the
- 4 members of the Commission and then we will address
- 5 administrative judicial reform. So, Terri, why don't
- 6 you begin.
- 7 MS. MATTHEWS: Hello, can you hear?
- 8 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Yes.
- 9 MS. MATTHEWS: To review, on the 23rd of
- 10 March, in Brooklyn, at the public library, we had a
- 11 panel of experts focusing on the topic of fiscal
- 12 stability. There was a general consensus among these
- 13 experts that the City should import the salutary
- 14 financial planning practices mandated by the FEA that
- 15 are not currently in the Charter, such as requiring GAAP
- 16 budget balance at the end of the fiscal year, details of

the four-year financial plan process, including the
quarterly modification of the four-year financial plan
and restrictions on short-term indebtedness.

There was additional consensus that the
reporting of and discussion about the four-year
financial plan and modifications were positive features
of the monitoring process that has evolved while the FEA

25 the panel members about the value of a State Control

has been effective. There were differing views among

1 Board that could impose sanctions on the City for

2 failing to comply with the imported financial practices.

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3 Furthermore, State law would be required to compel state

officials to participate on a board of this nature.

5 So these are the recommendations of your

6 staff.

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7 Since the FEA does not expire immediately,

8 there is an opportunity in this Charter revision process

9 to import into the Charter those elements of the FEA

10 that all agree are positive financial planning and

11 management tools for the City to continue to use. There

is still time, however, for the various stakeholders to

continue discussing other elements of the FEA about

which there is less consensus and achieve consensus

before the FEA expires. Indeed, we think having 15 16 imported some of the provisions into the Charter may 17 make for a better discussion about the remaining 18 provisions. 19 With respect to the debt service fund, which 20 was another item that had been on the list, we believe 21 that legislation proposed by the City is a better way to 22 deal with the particular part about the debt service

fund. So, thus, we recommend that you, the Commission,

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consider a ballot proposal that adds the following

25 features of the FEA to the Charter:

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1 That the City end the fiscal year, each

2 fiscal year, with a GAAP balanced budget with no more

3 than 100 million operating deficit.

4 The City continues preparation of the

5 four-year financial plan document, with quarterly

6 modifications during the year.

7 Three, the City consider stricter limits on

8 short-term indebtedness, and, four, that the City

9 continue to produce and make available to the public on

10 a regular basis financial plan statements showing

11 updated actual financial information compared to

- projections, which will enable public assessment of the progress the City is making towards achieving end of year budget balance.
- So that's -- do you want me to do the next topic?
- 17 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: No. So why don't we
  18 open for discussion issues around the ballot proposal as
  19 we have it from the staff at this point. Commissioner
  20 Abrams.
- 21 COMM. ABRAMS: Terri, where did we get the 22 hundred million dollar figure for the maximum amount of 23 deficit that the City would have to adhere to?
- MS. MATTHEWS: That's currently in the FEA,
  the Financial Emergency Act, that's the State law that's

1 the subject of this importation.

2 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: But that has been an
3 issue among some of the experts, that that's too low,
4 given the changing size of the City's budget, and there
5 was an alternative that was floated to change this to 1
6 percent of the operating budget.

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If we want to discuss that, we can. There

are plusses and minuses to changing it. We didn't want

it to look, obviously, like we were doing something less

- 10 restrictive, so we didn't want to call attention to
- saying, oh, we're now going to allow for a larger gap in
- 12 terms of importing it into the Charter.
- 13 On the other hand, I think it's true that it
- 14 would be rational to up this number at this point. It's
- not reflective of the changes that have occurred during
- 16 the past thirty years.
- 17 COMM. CROWELL: So that was based on a
- 18 number from thirty years ago?
- MS. MATTHEWS: Yes.
- 20 COMM. CROWELL: So what percentage of the
- 21 City's annual budget was that, expense budget?
- 22 MS. MATTHEWS: From talking to people, it
- was 1 percent.
- 24 COMM. CROWELL: So obviously now it's far,
- 25 far more.

1 MS. MATTHEWS: Yes.

- 2 COMM. ABRAMS: What is 1 percent of the
- 3 current budget?
- 4 MS. MATTHEWS: I think when we had
- 5 discussions it was 400 million.
- 6 COMM. FORSYTHE: Closer to five.

- 7 MS. MATTHEWS: There is some talk it was 8 pegged not to the whole budget but to the City tax levy 9 portion of it, that portion -- but somewhere, it would 10 be bigger than \$100 million.
- 11 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: If we were going to
  12 change it, we didn't want to put a number in and be
  13 caught in that same place again. Most of us prefer the
  14 percentage of either the operating budget or of the City
  15 tax levy revenues.
- 16 Is there any sense, does anybody have a 17 sense here that we should move in that direction or not? 18 COMM. FORSYTHE: Just a comment for 19 information more than my own preference. The City has 20 been able to balance its budget within something like \$5 21 million at the end of every year for many, many, many 22 years, so although the argument we're having sounds perfectly rational --23
- 25 COMM. FORSYTHE: I'm sorry, the discussion

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CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Discussion.

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1 we're having sounds perfectly rational about whether

3 very worst years in these last 21 or 22 years, well, 24

that limit ought to be adjusted, in fact, even in its

4 years, I guess, while the City's had GAAP balanced

- 5 budget, I don't believe it's ever had a surplus more
- 6 than \$10 million and it's never had a deficit, so the
- 7 band within which the City has been able to manage its
- 8 GAAP results was already very narrow.
- 9 As a practical matter, I don't know that it
- 10 matters, and if as a practical matter it doesn't matter,
- 11 then the Chair's thought that there is not much point in
- sending an incorrect signal might be compelling.
- 13 COMM. ABRAMS: I subscribe to that. To me
- it sounds pretty persuasive.
- 15 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Are there any other
- issues around the propositions of importing what we're
- 17 viewing as the salutary fiscal practices from the Fiscal
- 18 Control Act into the Charter and putting this on the
- 19 ballot in the fall? Yes, Dall. First Commissioner
- 20 McCormick and then Commissioner Forsythe.
- 21 COMM. McCORMICK: I just have a question for
- information and that is in the discussion with the
- 23 experts and your own deliberations on the next point,
- that the City must continue preparation of four-year
- 25 financial plan documents with quarterly modifications

- 2 that, such as instead of quarterly, twice a year?
- 3 MS. MATTHEWS: No.
- 4 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: That's interesting,
- 5 because even OMB has agreed that the quarterly
- 6 modifications have worked very well for them.
- 7 COMM. McCORMICK: I'm sure they worked well
- 8 for OMB and from a financial point they're harder from
- 9 the program service delivery perspective.
- 10 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: That's true.
- 11 COMM. McCORMICK: That was why I was
- wondering if anyone had brought it up, that they only do
- it twice a year.
- MS. MATTHEWS: You think, though, that
- 15 having it be less frequent would be easier or better in
- 16 some way?
- 17 COMM. McCORMICK: The question is, if it
- 18 were less frequent, what would be the fiscal
- 19 implications of that, and I think for agencies not
- 20 having to take PEGs quite so frequently, that it would
- 21 be somewhat helpful to them. It's just a question.
- 22 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: It's a good question.
- 23 COMM. FORSYTHE: I have a comment on that,
- 24 and I do think that the MSRB, the Municipal Securities
- 25 Rule Making Board I think probably requires at least

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1 quarterly reporting. Whether it requires modification
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- 2 or not, I'm not sure.
- But once you've established a GAAP
- 4 requirement for the end of the year, it's extremely
- 5 difficult for a Government to report poor results and
- 6 not take steps towards adjusting its budget to meet
- 7 those. So I think that the GAAP balance requirement may
- 8 push it towards modification, no matter what.
- 9 I have a different topic, but I'd be glad to
- 10 postpone that discussion until we finish talking about
- 11 this one.
- 12 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: No, I think the point
- 13 you make is really well taken, which is if we have to
- 14 report to meet GAAP requirements, we don't want to be
- out there reporting a problem and not doing something
- about it. So if there's already a requirement for
- 17 quarterly reporting, it makes sense for us to try and
- 18 remedy the problem in that quarter as opposed to
- 19 postponing it.
- If there hadn't been that quarterly
- 21 reporting requirement, although I think Commissioner
- 22 McCormick's point would be very well taken from the
- 23 perspective of the agencies, it is a huge task, and the
- 24 providers to have to deal with the modifications that
- occur quarterly. If we did it just biannually, it would

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1 make sense from the programmatic point of view.
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2 COMM. FORSYTHE: The question I want to ask
3 is whether the fourth suggestion you've made, that
4 reporting of actuals against financial plan numbers on a
5 quarterly basis really sufficiently covers the
6 information needs of the ongoing monitoring, at least as

7 it exists now.

Under the Financial Control Board, I think there's a fair amount of other information that's been put forward on a regular basis, and that now has become fairly routine in its provision, and I'd love for you, Terri, to think about whether there's some mechanism by which the monitors know and they can discuss those informational needs and do so in a way that puts them forward so that they can be met or at least some judgments can be made about whether they're being met or not.

The reason why I'm worried about this is because I was a budget director, and I think that the DNA of a budget office is to restrict information flow. I don't think that's true of OMB and the City of New York, because of years of practice, but I think that the DNA could reassert itself without the requirements and expectations of a fuller information flow and I think that would be unfortunate and create problems for the

2 Government, probably for the City Council as well, so I 3 would just offer that as a thought and ask whether you wouldn't think about that a little more and think about 5 whether there should be additional detail, although I don't think it's wise right now to discuss what those 7 requirements ought to be, or some process for review, discussion or action on the informational needs as the 9 monitors might see them. 10 MS. MATTHEWS: Although I did want to 11 mention that the fourth point, at some point the draft 12 of the language, you'll be seeing it, so I think that 13 would be the time, you could see whether the language 14 works, but -- because we have a sneak preview of some of 15 it on the staff. The regular basis isn't the quarterly. The 16 17 intent is to be somewhat more frequently than quarterly. 18 COMM. FORSYTHE: It's not so much the 19 frequency as what the types of data are as well. 20 MS. MATTHEWS: I did know that it was more 21 than quarterly, and you will see it and we could have a

two controllers, IBO and non-profit monitors outside of

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discussion about that.

- 23 COMM. FORSYTHE: Okay, thank you.
- 24 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Any other points on the
- 25 fiscal issues?

- 1 Then I'm going to ask the Executive Director
- 2 to report on the second area, which is administrative
- 3 judicial reform.
- 4 MS. MATTHEWS: Thank you.
- 5 COMM. ABRAMS: Before we leave, Madam Chair,
- 6 may I just ask?
- 7 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Sure.
- 8 COMM. ABRAMS: Just to refresh at least my
- 9 recollection, what are we leaving out from the FEA that
- 10 might be incorporated into the Charter? Obviously, the
- 11 Financial Control Board is one.
- 12 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: That's really it.
- 13 COMM. ABRAMS: Is that the only thing?
- 14 MS. MATTHEWS: The only thing we're leaving
- out, there was a reference to a debt service fund where
- we did establishment of a general debt service fund to
- 17 pay bond holders in related City bond holder covenants.
- 18 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Terri, is that in the
- 19 FEA?
- 20 MS. MATTHEWS: Yes, it is in the FEA and the

consensus of OMB and the Law Department, they proposed
legislation already in Albany to do this. The thought
is that to do it at the local level wouldn't be as
strong as doing it at the State level, considering its
bond covenants, so that --

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2 MS. MATTHEWS: -- is something that we wouldn't be doing because it's being handled at the 3 State level and that's kind of it. 4 5 COMM. FORSYTHE: Just to elaborate on your point about the Control Board being the thing that's 7 left out, the other thing that's left out if the Control Board is left out are any consequences of a failure to 9 balance the budget according to GAAP, so the way the law 10 works now, if the City fails to meet its targets, and 11 again for 24 years it has met those targets, and done so 12 with a varying great deal of precision, but if the City 13 fails to meet its targets, then something happens, the 14 control period is reestablished. There are 15 consequences, as Mark Page described it in his very

CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: That's a good point.

17 So it's not just the existence of the

thoughtful testimony.

18 Control Board which people said is helpful as a place where State and City officials could discuss City 19 20 finances and keep current with them, but also the fact 21 of some consequences if the budget doesn't get balanced. 22 But I should add that I like the proposal that you've made and I think that -- I think the City 23 24 has outgrown the need for that particular shackle so I 25 think it's a wise proposal.

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to omit the Control Board it's also wise to consider not 3 putting in consequences for failure to meet standard? COMM. FORSYTHE: I don't think anybody's 5 come up with a good proposal for consequences absent a б Control Board and a control period, so I think at this 7 stage, yes, I think it's wise to omit it. But just, we should be real clear on what the big things are that 8 9 would be included. 10 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: I would add to that two 11 points. There are consequences that already exist. As 12 every municipality has to deal with this issue of a possible State takeover of their finances if they go out 13 14 of budget balance. So Yonkers, Nassau, Buffalo, have 15 all gone into essentially receivership in some way,

COMM. ABRAMS: Does it follow if we choose

- shape or form, modelled after this Financial Control

  Act, and the State has the authority to continue doing

  that and seems to be able to do it fairly effectively

  and fairly quickly when there is a crisis.
- In one of the conversations we had in our

  outreach, someone pointed out to me that it doesn't make

  sense to have a bureaucracy in place that's really about

  a crisis, to be operating in what is considered to be

  sort of standard time in which we're not really in

  crisis, we're doing normal budgeting.

So the only point I would add is that we are still under State law and the State could still do what

it has to do if we fall out of balance.

And the other issue is, I don't think we have, and Terri, you can correct me here, I don't think we have the legal authority through Charter to create a Financial Control Board mechanism because it involves State actors, so we would have to make some recommendation to the State, even if we thought it was a

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good idea.

I for one am convinced at this point that
there is sufficient oversight to the City finances when

- you include the State Comptroller's office, which does
  not have to sunset; the City Comptroller, the IBO, the
  credit rating agencies, as well as other good Government
  organizations in New York like Citizen's Budget
  Commission and others who are out there continually
  monitoring the City's finances.

  We are the most monitored City, probably the
- 19 We are the most monitored City, probably the
  20 most monitored Government in the country right now, and
  21 I think we've earned the right to be considered sort of
  22 a normal municipality in terms of this issue of
  23 oversight. That's what I was convinced of from
  24 listening to the experts and the staff on this issue at
  25 this point in time.

- So I agree with what Dall was saying, I would just add that point.
- Well, then I'm going to ask the Executive

  Director to report to us on administrative judicial

  reform.
- MS. MATTHEWS: On March 7th, we had the
  expert panel on administrative judicial reform. The
  experts at that panel generally agreed that the creation
  of the position of Administrative Justice Coordinator
  was a necessary first step to assuring appropriate

- uniform standards and greater coordination among the City's administrative tribunals.
- 13 There was consensus, however, that it was 14 not necessary to create such a position by ballot 15 initiative, since the Mayor has the authority to create 16 it by Executive Order and further, that sufficient study 17 has occurred as a result of what we did and a result of 18 what the 2002 Charter Revision Commission did when they 19 looked at this issue, to support the creation of such a 20 position.
- 21 Although there is value in creating the 22 position by ballot initiative, there was a consensus 23 that the higher value was establishing the position as 24 soon as practicable. The thought is having had 25 experience with such a position created by

- administrative action would increase the support down
  the road for creating the position in a more permanent
- 4 So that's on the first half of the topic.

place in the Charter.

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On the second half, the panel has also

discussed perceptions of Administrative Law Judges and

Hearing Officer conduct at hearings and the advisability

- 8 of creating a uniform Code of Conduct for ALJ's and 9 hearing officers. The lack of a formal standard Code of 10 Conduct governing hearings has created cause for concern 11 about a system in which many litigants represent 12 themselves without counsel. It is extremely important 13 and necessary to insure that the tribunals have 14 credibility and be sure the public perceives them as 15 resolving their disputes in a fair manner.
- 16 So the staff recommends that the Commission 17 request the Mayor to establish an Office of 18 Administrative Justice by Executive Order, in view of 19 the consensus of experts that a coordinator is necessary 20 to assess the State and the City's administrative 21 tribunal system and make recommendations for appropriate 22 coordination and better practices, and that it is not 23 necessary to put such creation before the voters, the 24 staff recommends that the Commission send a letter to 25 the Mayor requesting him to create such a position by

- administrative action, and we have sent around a draft
- of a letter that, you know, we would like you to
- 3 consider.
- 4 And then the second recommendation is that
- 5 you consider a ballot proposal to authorize the Conflict

- of Interest Board to establish uniform ethics for ALJ's

  and hearing officers. The existing general conflicts of
- 8 interest statute and related rules do not specifically
- 9 address the quasi judicial aspect of the work that the
- 10 ALJ's and hearing officers perform. The Conflicts of
- 11 Interest Board is the appropriate entity to establish
- 12 rules governing the conduct of ALJ's and Hearing
- 13 Officers that would be more appropriate than the general
- 14 provisions, given the unique quasi judicial nature of
- 15 the work. The Charter amendment would provide a
- 16 meaningful opportunity to insure adequate enforcement
- 17 measures that are in place to properly implement the new
- 18 rules.
- 19 Thus, we would recommend that you consider
- this as a ballot initiative.
- 21 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Discussion?
- 22 Commissioner Abrams?
- 23 COMM. ABRAMS: With respect to the second
- recommendation, the Conflicts of Interest Board is the
- 25 appropriate entity to establish rules governing the

1 conduct of ALJ's, how about the issue of training and

2 the standards for appointment? Shouldn't there be some

more uniformity and actual standards set out, and is
that contemplated as part of what the Conflicts Board
would do or does it have the authority to do that? It
seems to me, it's not just ethical considerations, but
training and standards.

MS. MATTHEWS: Do you want to --

COMM. CROWELL: I assume you were going to say that would be the mandate of the Criminal Justice Coordinator itself, that office would do the training and the standards setting for -- I don't think it's explained in our briefing document, but I think that would be the, what I would envision as the mandate for the person who holds that office and then the ethics component would be something that would be in the Charter and enforceable through the Conflicts of Interest Board. I think to do that, I think if I'm correct to amend the Charter dealing with conflicts, you actually need a referendum to do that.

COMM. ABRAMS: That sounds satisfactory to me, but we should perhaps state in the proposition of the recommendation for the establishment of the Office of Administrative Justice by the Executive Order as part of its mandate that it should include, it should

- 1 promulgate training standards or guidelines and
- 2 standards for the appointment of those who are to be
- 3 Administrative Law Judges.
- 4 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: That's important. We
- 5 can put that in the letter to the Mayor and have the
- 6 Mayor include that directly in the Executive Order.
- 7 MS. MATTHEWS: But that was the plan. The
- 8 ability for us to know at this moment just what the
- 9 standards are to apply across to all the -- we're not in
- 10 a position to really know. The thought is and what you
- 11 heard among the experts is that somebody needs to take
- 12 the time to do an assessment of the whole system and to
- see what goes on, and so that would be one of the most
- important jobs of this coordinator. And I'm sorry, I
- 15 didn't -- I was trying to be brief so I didn't go into
- 16 all the things that we were hoping.
- 17 But maybe, do you want to talk about some of
- 18 the things the administrative judicial coordinator would
- 19 cover, the functions?
- 20 COMM. CROWELL: Certainly you'd want to --
- 21 this was an issue that we put on the ballot in 2003,
- when I was sitting in Terri's spot, and obviously the
- 23 Mayor wanted it to be revisited. Training was
- definitely at the top. Ethics and obviously operational
- 25 procedures. I don't think that there was ever a thought

at the last Commission that the Administrative Justice

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        Coordinator would get involved with the day-to-day
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        decision making when you're on the bench and having
        people appear before you, but making sure there's the
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        right processes in place, the right technology, to make
        sure the work gets done, that there's not a backlog of
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        cases and that the public is served well and
        respectfully.
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                    And I think certainly training was at the
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        top of that.
                    One of the thoughts, as I've been working
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        with staff, one of the thoughts is to even create an
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        Administrative Law Judge training institute to actually
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        have the ongoing CLE training with them. That's
        something I think would be great. As the Deputy Mayor
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        Robles-Roman spoke about in her testimony, we actually
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        had a retreat at Gracie Mansion where a number of chief
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        ALJ's and their staff came. It went extremely well.
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                    It was the first time in the history of the
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        City that they actually came together to have such a
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        meeting, surprise surprise, but it was over sixty
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25 The Mayor organized three separate

they asked for more.

people. There was enormous value, they've gone back and

trained their staff with the information they've got and

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committees; one on ethics, one on training and one on
        technology. So that's going on contemporaneously with
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        the work of this Commission. It's quite promising, I
        think.
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                    COMM. ABRAMS: As we move forward towards
        the development of recommendations for either inclusion
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        in the Charter or by Executive Order, the more ample we
        can be as the rationale for making these
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        recommendations, I think, you know, the better the
        prospect for the public understanding why we're doing
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        it, the need for it, and why they should be supportive
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        of these efforts.
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                    CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Commissioner Forsythe?
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                    COMM. FORSYTHE: Along the same line,
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        Anthony, maybe you could speak to this. It sounds like
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        you said that the coordinator would also be involved in
        the ethics issues, but then I thought Terri was
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        proposing that that was going to be the Conflict of
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        Interest Board, so I'm just a little confused.
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                    COMM. CROWELL: That's what we had looked
        at, that the coordinator would look to -- in '03 what we
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looked at was the coordinator would be involved in the

ethics interest and the issue of having the conflicts

25 coordinator would actually assist of course, because it

- 26
- 1 would be a facilitator of the tribunals and the thinking
- obviously, you want to consult with all the chief ALJ's
- 3 and the coordinator in terms of the development of those
- 4 rules, but also that there be ethics training and I
- 5 think while the Conflicts of Interest Board would have
- 6 some role in that I think the Coordinator of
- 7 Administrative Justice would have a role in ethical
- 8 issues.
- 9 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Terri, maybe you would
- 10 want to address, though, the issue of what we think
- around ethics should be a ballot proposition. That's
- 12 what I think Commissioner Forsythe was getting at, that
- we're actually reserving the ethics piece for a ballot
- 14 proposition. Not to disagree with anything you said,
- 15 that will be part of what the judicial administrative
- 16 coordinator does, but this is a piece that we feel needs
- 17 to be done in the Charter, as opposed to simply through
- 18 an Executive Order.
- 19 So it really gets at Commissioner Abrams'
- 20 point as well.
- 21 MS. MATTHEWS: It's just that currently

there's nothing that covers all of them. To the extent
they are lawyers, they're covered by the code of
professional responsibility. To the extent they are
City employees or deemed City employees they're covered

27

by the conflict of interest provisions that apply to all

2 of us.

But when you look at the conflict of 3 interest provisions, they're not focused on the role of 5 quasi judicial issues. It's just working in a City 6 Agency, so the ballot proposal would authorize the 7 Conflict of Interest Board to promulgate a special set of rules applicable to this particular milieu, and we 8 9 believe that you can't do that administratively and have 10 it be effective and enforceable. So there's an overlap, I guess, in the issue of ethics that the Conflicts of 11 12 Interest Board would promulgate the rules and the 13 coordinator, as they're both developing, the coordinator 14 gets up and running and the Conflict of Interest Board 15 is beginning its work, they'll be talking to each other. 16 The coordinator will be sharing what he learns or she 17 learns -- the first, as we talk to people, it seems one 18 of the first thing this persons needs to do is a survey

of what goes on at all of the tribunals. It's a little
embarrassing, but it seems like this -- they were
created over a period of time. A lot of this stuff that
went to them came out of the, when they decriminalized a
lot of offenses, and it's been just a period of things
getting thrown over there, so there will be a period of
time where I think they'll be overlapping, but the

- 1 actual rules, we believe, have to be done by the Board
- 2 because that's the place in the City where that kind of
- 3 stuff gets done. But they'll be working together,
- 4 sharing information, I think.
- 5 Does that help?
- 6 CHAIRMAN FUCHS: Yes. Commissioner Abrams?
- 7 COMM. ABRAMS: Is it contemplated that the
- 8 coordinator position is a full time position?
- 9 MS. MATTHEWS: Yes, absolutely.
- 10 COMM. CROWELL: There will be a staff, too,
- 11 I imagine.
- 12 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: There will be a staff,
- 13 it will be a full time position. It's modelled on some
- 14 level to the criminal Justice coordinators office which
- 15 was also originally done in Executive Order and after it
- 16 was found to be successful, it was put directly in the

- 17 Charter. So we think that makes sense.
- 18 We also think that it should be part of the
- 19 Mayor's office, so that it would have as much authority
- to coordinate as anybody could possibly have, given the
- 21 variety of agencies which will have to be dealt with.
- 22 COMM. ABRAMS: So I think, if I may, that
- 23 kind of little bit of amplification also to be in the
- 24 letter to the Mayor, so that, again, the public knows
- 25 that this is not just some flimsy temporary or part time

1 appointment, somebody else has a different

- 2 responsibility, they're asked to do this, it's a full
- 3 time position with a staff and where it's to be located

- 4 as the Chair indicated, the Mayor's office, I think that
- 5 would be helpful.
- 6 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Any other suggestions?
- 7 I'd like to read into the record a draft
- 8 letter to the Mayor, then, taking into account the very
- 9 specific suggestions by Commissioner Abrams, where we
- 10 need amplification, we will amplify.
- 11 "Dear Mayor Bloomberg: You asked this
- 12 Commission to consider administrative judicial reform.
- 13 We have heard testimony from Deputy Mayor for Legal

14	Affairs, Carol Robles-Roman, in which she outlined the
15	issues facing the City's administrative tribunals, as
16	well as the proposal to create the position of
17	Coordinator of Administrative Justice.
18	"We have also heard from a panel of expert

"We have also heard from a panel of experts on this topic and Commission staff has reported to us the many conversations they have had with other experts and stakeholders.

"There is a wide consensus that creating the position of Administrative Judicial Coordinator is a necessary first step towards assessing the state of the City 's administrative tribunal system and making

- recommendations to approve its operation. There is also a consensus that it is not necessary, either legally or practically, to put the creation of this position before the voters in a ballot proposition.
  - "The Commission endorses the establishment of a Coordinator of Administrative Justice, which should be a full-time appointment with staff in the Mayor's office, and respectfully request that you create such a position by Executive Order as soon as practicable."
- 10 Any comments on the letter? I will be
  11 producing a letter that we will be then sending to the

- 12 Mayor.
- COMM. CROWELL: And we're going to give you
- 14 express authorization here to modify it as you see
- appropriate in light of the discussion with what the
- 16 transcript says about adding additional information in,
- so we're giving her full authority as Chair to do that.
- 18 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Commissioner Abrams.
- 19 COMM. ABRAMS: Madam Chair, when do you
- 20 contemplate this letter going out? Because what's
- 21 running through my mind is the synchronization and
- 22 coordination of this Commission's actions, you know.
- 23 Maybe at the time -- maybe it shouldn't go out right
- 24 away, maybe at the time that we release our suggested
- 25 proposals for Charter revision, that that's the moment

that the letter be released, so that there is the total

- 2 package of, you know, what this Commission has
- 3 considered and what it's recommending. Just a thought.
- 4 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: That's an interesting
- 5 question. Because I think the staff thinks at this
- 6 point that we should send this letter to the Mayor as
- 7 soon as possible so that the proposition of having an
- 8 ethics proposition on the ballot reflects the fact that

- 9 we have a judicial administrative coordinator in place
  10 through an Executive Order as recommended by the Charter
  11 Commission. So sequentially, it seemed like it would be
  12 more difficult to put on the ballot a recommendation for
  13 this ethics standard without having this operational
  14 apparatus, really, in place, that could make it
  15 meaningful.
- Having said that, I'm open to any
  suggestions from the Commission on how, when we should
  bring this letter to the Mayor, and how it should be
  placed in terms of the work of the Commission.
- 20 COMM. ABRAMS: And what if the ballot
  21 proposal does not succeed? You know, if the letter goes
  22 out, the Mayor appoints the coordinator, and we have a
  23 series of recommendations and let us assume that at an
  24 appropriate time we adopt this recommendation of the
  25 ethics board and it goes on the ballot and the people

- 1 reject it.
- 2 So now we have in place and in being an
- 3 Executive Director. I guess there's no problem with
- 4 respect to that, the Executive Director could even work
- 5 with the ethics board at that point in time to develop
- 6 guidelines, et cetera, et cetera, et cetera. Just

- thinking through what we're doing and the timing of it,
  what makes the most sense.
- 9 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: No, that's a very good point and I think part of the reasoning that we took 10 11 away from the earlier discussions about putting this on 12 as an Executive Order was essentially not to repeat what 13 might have happened in the past, that this is so 14 important, that we're convinced now from the discussion 15 that we've had on the Commission that this needs to be done and it's clear that it doesn't have to be done 16 17 through a ballot initiative, unlike pretty much 18 everything else we are probably going to propose.
- So in keeping with the spirit of the

  Commission as we outlined it in the beginning of making

  proposals to other branches of Government to act when we

  see something important, this area in which the Mayor

  specifically asked us to look at, I think we've looked

  at pretty effectively and I think there's complete

  consensus that this is an idea whose time has come

twenty years ago.

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2 This is a mess that's been growing without 3 any operational capacity to fix it. So we were

- 4 concerned and again wanted to use the example of the
  5 Criminal Justice Coordinator, which is go the Executive
  6 Order route first, so that we could move that forward.
- But on the ethics issue, it seemed almost
  essential that we get that in the Charter. It doesn't
  mean there still can't be action on the ethics front,
  but it's principles, it's critical, it's important.

  That part of it, I was advised, is much more appropriate
  to the Charter than an operational fix that we would
- 14 COMM. ABRAMS: And if the letter goes out
  15 quickly, does the Chair contemplate that there be a
  16 public release of the action of this Commission in
  17 authorizing this letter or does it just go out in its

have to do in this other area.

normal course?

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19 CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: I think we need, my
20 proposal to City Hall would be for a public release of
21 this, together with, basically as a proposal from the
22 Charter Revision Commission specifically, and that
23 assuming that there's agreement here, that we're asking
24 the Mayor to act with deliberate speed on this issue,
25 that there isn't -- the work's been done, there's no

2 wait.

As a good government matter and as a matter that is in keeping with the kind of work the Mayor has been doing for the past three years, which is improving efficiency and management and addressing the public's need to make Government more accountable, this is the area, what struck me is this is an area of Government in which every person, and I learned this from Commissioner Crowell, every person has some interaction with these tribunals, and it more or less isn't that good most of the time.

To the extent that we can make Government more accountable in this area and improve the ordinary citizen's experience with the justice system, I think this would be a very important achievement for the Charter Commission to both move the Mayor to act through Executive Order and then bring the ethics issue to the voters to act.

That seems to the staff and to the experts the right division of labor, and I think that the Charter Commission has a unique role here in helping to move this in an expeditious manner, something that might not otherwise move expeditiously, I think now. We on this Commission can help move it that way.

1	COMM. ABRAMS: I agree with everything you
2	said. Listening to you, a thought came to mind. Should
3	we not in the letter perhaps make some reference to the
4	fact that the Commission is considering a possible
5	Charter proposal with respect to the ethics issue and
6	the conflict board, so that, again, it's an ample
7	review, not only for the Mayor, but for the public at
8	large, as to, you know, without, again, precluding the
9	full consideration of the Commission, you know, at the
10	appropriate time as to whether or not we're all going to
11	vote to put it on the ballot, but at least it gives a
12	context and a backdrop to this appointment and what is a
13	possibility to this Commission to put as the Charter
14	proposal.
15	CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Commissioner Palmer, did
16	you want to comment on that?
17	COMM. PALMER: I wanted to support this. As
18	I was listening to Commissioner Abrams I wasn't clear
19	whether or not, if that ballot proposal was voted down,
20	what would be the implications be on the execution of
21	those duties. And I think making this a public
22	education issue is very important.
23	CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Commissioner McCormick.
24	COMM. McCORMICK: I second that.
25	CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: I think this would be

T	part of the amprification in the fetter to the mayor and
2	we will include that. I think that's an excellent point
3	and I like it framed as public education, because that's
4	a very important part of what we have to do with the
5	Commission.
6	Any other points about the letter or this
7	issue?
8	We have a third area that we're preparing,
9	the staff is preparing discussion for, for the next, for
10	our next public meeting, so I'm going to at this point
11	ask the Commission if we have any new business that
12	anybody would like to put before the Commission? Just
13	to remind you, that you've received a calendar from the
14	staff on how we expect to proceed getting draft copies
15	of the amendments to you and making sure that you have
16	sufficient information to deliberate on the issues
17	before the Commission.
18	If there's no new business, I call for a
19	vote to adjourn?
20	COMM. FORSYTHE: So moved.
21	CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Second?
22	COMM. PALMER: Second.
23	CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: All in favor of

24 adjourning?

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                    CHAIRPERSON FUCHS: Thank you very much,
       members of the Commission and members of the public for
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 3
       attending.
                    (Time noted: 8:12 p.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATION
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4	I, LINDA FISHER, a Registered Professional
5	Reporter and a Notary Public, do hereby certify that the
6	foregoing is a true and accurate transcription of my
7	stenographic notes.
8	I further certify that I am not employed by
9	nor related to any party to this action.
10	
11	
12	LINDA FISHER, Shorthand Reporter
13	Shorthand Reporter
14	
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