



ATTACH TO FORM NYC-1 OR NYC-1A

For CALENDAR YEAR 2022 or Fiscal Year beginning _____, 2022 and ending _____

Print or Type ▼

Name	- EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER -												
	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> </table>												

Computation of Underpayment

1. 2022 Tax (from NYC-1, Schedule A, line 5 or NYC-1A, line 7)	1.	
2. Credits (from NYC-1, Schedule A, lines 6, 8a and 8b or NYC-1A, Schedule A, lines 8, 10a and 10b)	2.	
3. Line 1 less line 2	3.	
4. 90% of line 3	4.	

Enter quarterly due dates of installments:	1 - FIRST	2 - SECOND	3 - THIRD	4 - FOURTH

5. 2021 Tax	5.				
6. Enter 25% of line 5 if over \$1,000 or, if Form NYC-EXT was filed for 2020, enter amount paid on Form NYC-EXT, line 2	6.				
7. Line 4 less line 6	7.				
8. Enter amount of the installments due in quarters 2, 3 and 4 (see inst.)	8.				
9. Amount paid or credited for each period	9.				
10. Overpayment of previous installment (see instructions)	10.				
11. Total of lines 9 and 10	11.				
12. OVERPAYMENT quarter 1 - line 11 less line 6 quarters 2, 3 and 4 - line 11 less line 8	12.				
13. UNDERPAYMENT quarter 1 - line 6 less line 11 quarters 2, 3 and 4 - line 8 less line 11	13.				

→ COMPUTATION CONTINUES ON PAGE 2

Exceptions that Avoid the Underpayment Penalty

Total cumulative amount paid or credited from the beginning of the taxable year through the installment dates that correspond to the 15th day of the 3rd, 6th, 9th and 12th months of the taxable year	1 -FIRST QUARTER	2 -SECOND QUARTER	3 -THIRD QUARTER	4 -FOURTH QUARTER
▲ EXCEPTION 1 - Prior year's tax (2021) \$ _____ (see instructions)		50% of 2021 tax	75% of 2021 tax	100% of 2021 tax
▲ EXCEPTION 2 - Tax on prior year's facts and law using 2022 rates (attach computation) (see instructions)		Enter 50% of tax	Enter 75% of tax	Enter 100% of tax
▲ EXCEPTION 3 - Tax on annualized 2022 income (attach computation) (see instructions)		Enter 45% of tax	Enter 67.50% of tax	Enter 90% of tax
▲ EXCEPTION 4 - Tax on recurring seasonal 2022 income (attach computation) (see instructions)				

COMPUTATION OF PENALTY					1 - FIRST	2 - SECOND	3 - THIRD	4 - FOURTH
14.	Enter the date of payment or the 15th day of the 3rd month after the close of the taxable year, whichever is earlier	14.						
15.	Number of days from due date of installment to the date shown on line 14	15.						
16.	Number of days on line 15 after 3/15/2022 and before 4/1/2022 ...	16.						
17.	Number of days on line 15 after 3/31/2022 and before 7/1/2022 ...	17.						
18.	Number of days on line 15 after 6/30/2022 and before 10/1/2022 .	18.						
19.	Number of days on line 15 after 9/30/2022 and before 1/1/2023 ...	19.						
20.	Number of days on line 15 after 12/31/2022 and before 4/1/2023 .	20.						
21.	Number of days on line 15 after 3/31/2023 and before 7/1/2023 ...	21.						
22.	Number of days on line 15 after 6/30/2023 and before 10/1/2023 .	22.						
23.	Number of days on line 15 after 9/30/2023 and before 1/1/2024 ...	23.						
24.	Number of days on line 15 after 12/31/2023 and before 3/15/2024 .	24.						
25.	Number of days on line $16 \times 7.5\% \times$ amount on line 13 365	25.						
26.	Number of days on line $17 \times 8\% \times$ amount on line 13 365	26.						
27.	Number of days on line $18 \times 9\% \times$ amount on line 13 365	27.						
28.	Number of days on line $19 \times 10\% \times$ amount on line 13 365	28.						
29.	Number of days on line $20 \times \% \times$ amount on line 13 365	29.						
30.	Number of days on line $21 \times \% \times$ amount on line 13 365	30.						
31.	Number of days on line $22 \times \% \times$ amount on line 13 365	31.						
32.	Number of days on line $23 \times \% \times$ amount on line 13 365	32.						
33.	Number of days on line $24 \times \% \times$ amount on line 13 366	33.						
34.	Add lines 25 through 33	34.						
35.	To complete this line, refer to the instructions for line 35	35.						
36.	Add line 34 (or line 35, if applicable) quarters 1 through 4. Enter total and transfer amount to Form NYC-1, Schedule A, line 15c or Form NYC-1A, Schedule A, line 17c (see instructions)	36.						



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***For information regarding interest rates, call 311.**
If calling from outside of the five NYC boroughs,
please call 212-NEW-YORK (212-639-9675)
or consult the Finance website at nyc.gov/finance

PURPOSE OF FORM

Form NYC-222B will enable subchapter S banking corporations to determine if they paid the correct amount of estimated tax by the proper due date. If the minimum amount was not paid timely, an underpayment penalty may be imposed for the period underpaid. This form helps you to determine whether or not you are subject to this penalty.

ESTIMATED TAX

Every subchapter S banking corporation subject to the New York City Tax on Banking Corporations must pay, either with its return (Form NYC-1 or Form NYC-1A) or with its Application for Automatic Extension (Form NYC-EXT), an amount equal to 25% of its preceding year's tax if the preceding year's tax is more than \$1,000.

In addition, corporations must file a Declaration of Estimated Tax (Form NYC-400B) if the estimated tax for the current taxable year after all allowable credits can reasonably be expected to exceed \$1,000. The due date for the declaration and the dates for paying the installments of estimated tax depend upon when the requirements for making a declaration are first met. (*Refer to Form NYC-400B for details.*)

NOTE: If any date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, substitute the next regular workday.

NOTE: A subchapter S banking corporation is not excused from filing a declaration and paying estimated taxes for the current year

merely because its tax liability for the preceding year was \$1,000 or less or it did not file a return for the preceding year. However, if the preceding year's tax was less than \$1,000, the taxpayer is not required to make the 25% prepayment based on the preceding year's tax at the time it files its return (or its application for extension of time for the filing of the return) for that year.

EXCEPTIONS THAT AVOID THE UNDERPAYMENT PENALTY

You will not have to pay a penalty if you made all tax payments on time and they equal or exceed the amount that would have been required to be paid by each installment date if the estimated tax were an amount determined under any of the exceptions listed below.

A different exception may be applied to each underpayment. If no exception applies, complete lines 14 through 36 to determine the amount of the penalty.

NOTE: Large corporations (corporations that had allocated taxable income or entire net income of \$1 million or more in any of the three years preceding the current year) may not use exceptions 1 or 2. Such corporations may only use the exception for annualized income, or the exception for recurring seasonal income (exceptions 3 or 4, respectively).

Exception 1 - Prior Year's Tax
This exception applies if a subchapter S banking corporation paid estimated taxes equal to the tax re-

ported on its prior year's return. To qualify for this exception, the corporation must have filed an income tax return showing a tax liability for the prior year, and that taxable year consisted of 12 months.

Exception 2 - Tax Based On Prior Year's Facts and Law Using Current Year's Rates

This exception applies if a subchapter S banking corporation paid an amount of estimated tax equal to a tax computed by applying the current year's rates, to the facts shown on the return for, and under the law applicable to the prior taxable year. The term "current year's rate" is any of the four methods of calculating the Banking Corporation Tax including the minimum tax.

Exception 3 - Tax On Annualized Income

This exception applies if a banking corporation made an estimated tax payment of at least 90% of the amount it would owe if its estimated tax were a tax computed on annualized taxable income for the months preceding an installment date.

A subchapter S banking corporation may annualize its income:

- a) for the first 3 months, or for the first 5 months if the installment was required to be paid in the 6th month;
- b) for the first 6 months, or for the first 8 months, if the installment was required to be paid in the 9th month; and
- c) for the first 9 months, or for the

first 11 months, if the installment was required to be paid in the 12th month.

To annualize, multiply taxable income for the period by 12 and divide the resulting amount by the number of months in the period (3, 5, 6, 8, 9 or 11 as the case may be).

Exception 4 - Additional Exception for Recurring Seasonal Income

This exception applies to a subchapter S banking corporation with recurring seasonal income. Under this exception, income may be annualized by assuming that income earned in the current year is earned in the same seasonal pattern as in the 3 preceding tax years. *(For information about computing this exception, refer to Section 11-676.4(d) of the NYC Administrative Code. Attach your computation to this form.)*

AUTOMATIC EXTENSION FILERS

Corporations who filed an Application for Automatic Extension (Form NYC-EXT) for the previous year or who were required to make less than four payments on account of estimated tax for the current year may find that the stated percentages on the Exception Worksheet on page 1 do not accurately reflect the computation of the exceptions. Such taxpayers should compute these exceptions on a separate rider and attach it to this form.

LINE 8 - AMOUNT OF INSTALLMENTS DUE

Divide the amount on line 7 by the number of installments required

for the year. Enter the result in the appropriate columns, 2 through 4.

LINE 10 - OVERPAYMENT OF PREVIOUS INSTALLMENT

An overpayment on line 12 in excess of prior underpayments is to be applied as a credit against the next installment. A payment of estimated tax on any installment date is considered a payment of any previous underpayment only to the extent of the excess of the payment over the amount of the installment as computed on line 12.

PAGE 2 - COMPUTATION OF PENALTY

If no exception applies, complete lines 14 through 36 to determine the amount of the penalty for each installment. If you made more than one payment for a given installment, attach a separate computation for each payment. The penalty is computed for the period of underpayment, line 15, at a rate set periodically by the New York City Department of Finance.

For information regarding interest rates, call 311. If calling from outside of the five NYC boroughs, please call 212-NEW-YORK (212-639-9675). You may also call the Bank Tax Unit at 718-403-3691 or consult the Finance website at nyc.gov/finance.

LINE 35 - PENALTY FOR UNDERPAYMENT OF ESTIMATED TAX

In columns 1 through 4 of line 35, for those installment payments (line 11) that equal 80% or more of

line 3 divided by 4, multiply the penalty shown on line 34 in each applicable column by 75%. Enter this result under the applicable column on line 35. Combine these revised amounts with the remaining amounts on line 34 for any quarter for which no amount appears on line 35 and enter the total on line 36.