

CIVILIAN COMPLAINT REVIEW BOARD

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CCRB Launches Public Education Campaign to Correct Misinformation on Charter Proposals

'What's True on Question 2?' Aims to Clarify Items in Advance of Upcoming Election

New York, NY – The New York City Civilian Complaint Review Board (CCRB) <u>has launched a public education effort</u> aimed at ensuring New Yorkers have a clear understanding of Charter proposals up for a vote in November.

The campaign targets misinformation published by the Police Benevolent Association of the City of New York.

BALLOT QUESTION #2: MYTH VS. FACT

Myth: Ballot Question #2 would give the CCRB "sweeping new powers." [Source]

Fact: Ballot Question #2 really would provide the CCRB with just **one** new power: the authority to investigate and prosecute when a member of the NYPD has made a false claim before CCRB staff about the incident under investigation during a CCRB investigation. Another ballot proposal would authorize the Board to delegate standing subpoena power to the Executive Director, making the process more efficient. The Board *already* has the authority to subpoena evidence.

Myth: Ballot Question #2 would "drastically" increase the CCRB's budget. [Source]

Fact: Ballot Question #2 would guarantee a staff headcount ratio equal to 0.65% of the number of uniformed officers in the NYPD. The current ratio for this year is 0.59%.

Myth: Ballot Question #2 would "reduce the authority of the Police Commissioner." [Source]

Fact: The Police Commissioner would maintain the same level of authority over discipline, but the NYPD's Internal Affairs Bureau would no longer be **solely** responsible for investigating

false official statements made by officers during a CCRB investigation. Other New York State and City laws make the Police Commissioner the final arbiter of all disciplinary decisions for the NYPD.

Myth: The CCRB harbors "rampant anti-police bias." [Source]

Fact: The CCRB is an independent, all-civilian oversight agency that conducts fact-based investigations of police misconduct. Per the CCRB rules, a Board Member designated by the Police Commissioner must be present on each three-person panel that decides various cases.

Myth: The CCRB is an "outrageously dysfunctional agency that is viewed as a 'kangaroo court' by both cops & complainants." [Source]

Fact: According to the 2019 Mayor's Management Report, the CCRB received 5,236 complaints this fiscal year, an increase of roughly 20% since 2018, and has seen a 5-year trend of more allegations closed with findings on the merits. The CCRB has also seen a 5-year increase in the number of cases successfully mediated. Additionally, the rate at which the Board recommended some type of discipline, but no discipline was imposed by the Police Commissioner has decreased since 2017, and the rate at which the Board and Police Commissioner agreed on discipline has increased.

As the CCRB continues to strengthen its outreach efforts, and more New Yorkers learn how to report alleged police misconduct, more civilians may come to the agency with complaints and trust the CCRB to fully investigate. Additionally, the advent of body-worn cameras has dramatically improved the CCRB's ability to fully investigate allegations of police misconduct.

Myth: "Political extremists and cop-haters have been attacking NYC police officers in the streets for years. Now, they're doing it at the ballot box." [Source]

Fact: The Charter Commission, which ultimately decided what would and wouldn't be on the ballot this year, was comprised of 15 members of varying backgrounds and degrees of support for police oversight. The Charter Commission Members were appointed by elected officials including the Mayor, Borough Presidents, and City Council Speaker.

Myth: "By encouraging their clients to file false & frivolous CCRB complaints, ["criminal advocates"] can sidetrack court cases and get guilty gang members, drug dealers & thieves out of jail. You are seeing the results on your streets." [Source]

Fact: The CCRB only substantiates misconduct when it has evidence that the allegations reported by a civilian are against either the law or the protocols set forth in the NYPD Patrol Guide. When the Board determines that an incident reported by a complainant did not occur, it closes the case as "unfounded." Of the allegations closed in 2018, 463, or 8% of total allegations, were unfounded. In the past decade, only 52 complainants have ever been found by the Agency to have made repeated unfounded complaints against officers.

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The New York City Civilian Complaint Review Board (CCRB) is the largest police oversight entity in the nation and is empowered to investigate, mediate, prosecute, and recommend disciplinary action for complaints alleging

misconduct by NYPD officers. See NYC Charter \S 440(c)(1). The agency's jurisdiction includes excessive and unnecessary force, abuse of authority, discourtesy, and use of offensive language. To further this mission, CCRB issues monthly, biannual, and special statistical and qualitative reports analyzing trends and recurring issues arising from the many thousands of civilian complaints it receives each year.